PRIZE FIGHT BULLETINS
will be displayed by the Post-Dispatch on
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LAST EDITION

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A WOMAN'S VISIT TO THE "NEXT PRESIDENT."

Nellie Bly Asks Senator David B. Hill Some Questions No Man Would Dare Propound.

The Home Life of One of the Most Remarkable Men in American Politics.

He Blushed When His Fair Visitor Asked the Famous Bachelor if He Had Ever Been in Love—Never Drinks nor Smokes, but Is a Confirmed Base Ball Fiend and Takes a Cold Plunge Every Morning—Nellie Bly's Terrible Discovery While the Guest of the Master of Wolfort's Roost.

Special Correspondence POST-DISPATCH.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 24.—I asked Senator David B. Hill if he was ever in love.

He glanced at me quickly, his eyes twinkled for a moment, and then he hid himself behind a newspaper and said something about the question being a delicate one.

And that is all he would say on the subject.

It is my opinion that he was in love once, very desperately, and that something went wrong.

I think Senator Hill's eyes are his best feature. In one light they are blue, in another gray. When I told him they were both blue and gray he said he thought the combination—the blue and gray—a very good one for a politician.

It was just 10:15 when I entered Senator Hill's law office. Two young men sit in the outer office and they do not ask one for a card or his business, but when his turn comes tell him to step into the Senator's office.

The most curious thing in Senator Hill's office in his waste-basket. It is a large basket almost as tall as the desk and is what housewives usually keep for soiled linen.

Where the desk stands are the only chairs, three in number, a desk chair, a willow chair and a large rocking chair.

IN THE OLD ARM CHAIR.

Senator Hill is fond of easy chairs, especially rocking chairs. He was sitting in the rocking chair when I entered, reading a morning newspaper, and other papers and telegrams, hastily opened and read, lay upon the floor by his side.

As we talked on indifferent subjects I studied the Senator's personal appearance. I noticed he smiled frequently, and when he did it was so frankly and warmly.

Then he talked to me and I forgot his appearance and thought only of what he said.

People came into his office, and they called him "Governor," and he rapidly completed his business with them, and between times said charmingly clever things to me. I only gave my word not to quote him, for those who have not seen Gov. Hill as I saw him this morning do not know him.

Of course I don't know anything about politics and would not vote if I had the right, but when I see Cleveland and Hill I always fall to wondering. I wonder how on earth Cleveland ever became President, and I wonder why on earth Hill hasn't. But enough of that. This story is of Senator Hill, the man so many people predict will be the next President of the United States.

TAKES A COLD BATH DAILY.

His habits and manner of living are the simplest in the world. He rises early when he is at home, and, after taking a cold bath, dresses hurriedly, and, if the day is fine, walks about his grounds until breakfast is served, at 8:30. His breakfast is always the same the year round.

He always begins with fruit—whatever fruit is in season. Then he has oatmeal and cream, followed by two boiled eggs, a cup of coffee and dry toast.

Nothing more, nothing less, every day in the year and for as many years as he has been a man.

After breakfast his man drives him down the hill, where he takes the cable car and rides to his office. There is not the faintest false pride about this brilliant man. If his faithful man, Rudolph, is driving down to market in the wagon, the Senator does not use his brougham, but gets in with Rudolph and has him drive to the street cars.

He is always at his office by 10 o'clock and [illegible], when he goes out to lunch. He always goes to one place, a little French restaurant, or rather a restaurant that is called French, where his lunch consists of a cup of tea and some dry toast.

That is his lunch every day. He never tires of it and never wants a change.

All the afternoon is devoted to work. Sometimes he is kept in the office until 6, but he tries to go away at 5.

If he goes at 5 he has an hour's drive before dinner, if not, an hour's drive after.

He once rode a little and still owns a fine saddle horse, but no longer indulges in horseback riding.

And being a man, he thought he would like to be a lawyer.

If you ask him he will tell you he has no ambition; absolutely none.

Does he want to be President of the United States?

Most people say he does; I don't see why he shouldn't. But he doesn't say anything. He smiles when I ask him the question, and that smile I do not understand. It is not one of anticipation, it is more as one would smile as if in doubt. Sort of—"Now, do I?"

A BIT OF A TEMPER.

Senator Hill has a bit of a temper. It is a very human and non-hypocritical temper. If he gets angry at anyone that one knows it. According to the offense—so is the anger. For really great wrongs he never forgets or forgives, and is not the slightest believer in "turning the other cheek."

Ask him his faults and he will cleverly suggest that you ask his enemies. Still, he believes he has faults and classes "an ugly disposition" as one.

He is not superstitious, and has no faith in luck. The Senator thinks he is not superstitious, but I should say he is. He thinks Friday is a lucky day to him, or has always brought him luck, consequently he endeavored to fight the idea that Friday was an unlucky day. He thought the custom of always choosing it for "hanging day" was the root of its evil name, so he did all he could to abolish hanging on one particular day.

When Danny Lyon was to be hanged, this is what Gov. Hill wrote:

"The day fixed for the execution is Friday, Aug. 17. I have heretofore had occasion to say that I disapprove of the custom which has so long been in vogue of having all executions upon Friday. For many good reasons, unnecessary to be here reiterated, I think it is better that executions should not invariably occur upon this particular day of the week, but instead thereof other days should occasionally be designated. I have accordingly concluded to grant a respite in this case until Tuesday, Aug. 21, 1888."

Senator Hill has a splendid memory and quotes readily things he read years ago.

The Senator is clever and non-committal. A very enthusiastic woman's rights woman buttonholed him not long ago and demanded to know what he thought of woman's suffrage.

"I think, madam," the Senator said, gravely, "it deserves the most serious consideration."

"Yes! Yes!" she answered, and went away with a wondering expression upon her face.

I think to-day the thing Senator Hill loves best is to run away from all business and shut himself up in his home for a short rest where all is peace, quiet and seclusion.

In the basement of Senator Hill's handsome country house is a fire-proof Turkish bath, with an exquisite plunge finished in blue and white tile.

View of Sitting-Room Looking Towards the Lake.

He likes to be driven, but does not like to drive. That is because he is a lover of nature and wants to devote all his time to looking at the country instead of watching his horses.

His dinner is served in courses, but still is very modest. He never eats oysters, and fish but seldom. He has soup every night and a roast with vegetables. He never drinks wine or liquor of any kind. Simply because he does not like the taste. Neither does he smoke. But, strange to say, he likes to see his friends enjoy both. He keeps good cigars at his house and a small but good selection of wine, and when he has friends to dinner he is always delighted to see them enjoy the things he never touches.

Neither does the Senator indulge in a demi-tasse, although many nights he sits up very late working.

If there is no work to do he retires early.

When in Washington or New York, the Senator likes to go to the theaters. He likes plays of any sort, but does not like operas. Flowers he loves, but music he doesn't like, except a brass band and martial music, which he could listen to all day and enjoy.

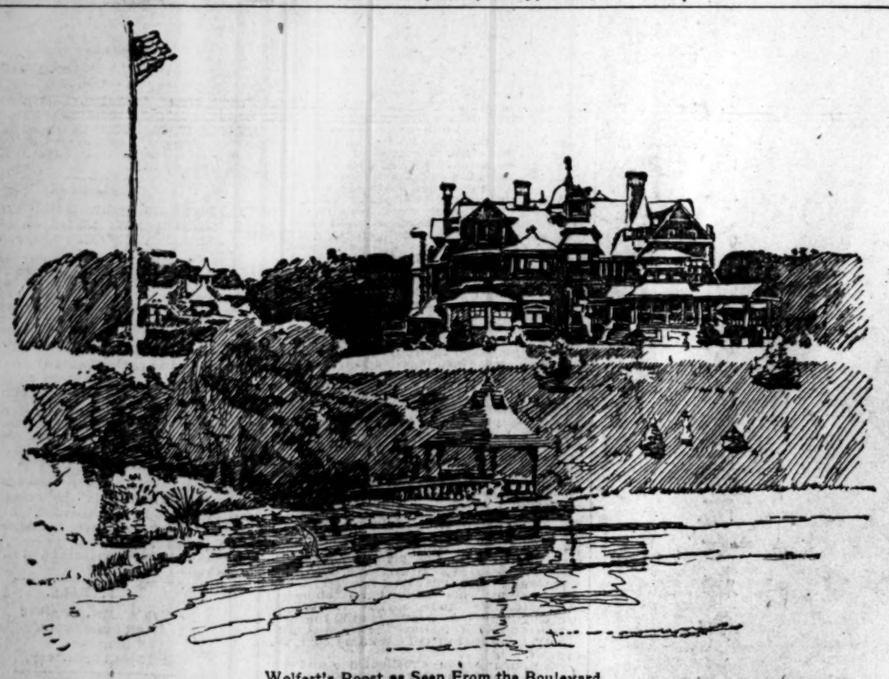
A BASE BALL FIEND.

Does the Senator have a hobby like ordinary individuals? He does. He is a base ball fiend. He will shout over a closely contested game harder than a 10-year-old boy. He never misses a chance to witness a game and is the proud possessor of a pass which admits him to any game in the United States.

Once, a good many years ago, he attended a base ball convention in New York over which Mr. Gorman, now Senator, presided. They did not know each other then, but Senator Hill recalled the event to his brother Senator a few days ago.

Senator Hill possesses a good library, but he does not read much now, except law books, the newspapers and the magazines. He once read novels, but does so no longer. He says life is too short to read seventeen pages of Dickens describing an English breakfast. It might do for a man of leisure, but not for a lawyer and politician.

His greatest ambition when he was a boy, and he tells it with a smile, was to be a man!



Wolfert's Roost as Seen From the Boulevard.

BROKE HIS LEG.—Joseph Manuel of 1827 Ohio avenue, while visiting at 1236 sidney street, yesterday, walked in the yard and stepping on a piece of board fell and broke his leg. He was taken to the City Hospital.

FIRST FIGHT.

The Clever Bantams, Plimmer and Murphy, Meet To-Night.

Betting on the Several Events Well Under Way.

DAN CREEDON AND HIS PARTY ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Fitzsimmons and Plimmer Pronounced Favorites—Combination Odds on the Three Events—Points of Advantage Possessed by Fitzsimmons and Creedon—Charlie Daly Poses to the Crowd as Fitzsimmons' Opponent.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 24.—The St. Louis contingent arrived safe and sound this morning. Everything is in readiness for the Olympic Club pugilistic carnival, the first fight of which is between the bantams, Plimmer and Murphy, to be pulled off to-night. Both have completed their training and are ready to step into the ring. Each is full of confidence as to his own abilities and feels sanguine of defeating his man. Plimmer's eyes are bright and clear and his face has a healthy glow. He weighs 118½ pounds and will go into the ring at that weight.

Stanton Abbott, who is to meet Jack Everhardt, is in first-class condition. He has been keeping regular hours and has worked with great assiduity. He thinks he is a better man scientifically than Everhardt, but realizes that the latter has something of advantage in strength and endurance, and in consequence Abbott has been working harder than usual.

Everhardt has been working at the Carrollton Gardens on the river at the head of St. Charles avenue. He, too, is in the pink of physical condition, thanks to the hard work and careful supervision of his trainer, Jimmy Bates.

INSPECTED THE RING.

The Olympic Club threw open its doors to the public last night and an immense crowd of visitors inspected the building and the arena. During the afternoon referee John C. Eckhardt of New York visited the club. The party coming to the city with Mr. Eckhardt is composed of Martin Doling, Billy Plimmer's backer; John Collier, Mike Doyle, Charley Burke, Herb Carpenter, Bill Smith, Herb Rothery, Jack Oliver and Will Morse. The visitors all seemed to be greatly pleased with the ring, and it was freely stated that the stakeless feature was better arranged than the ring of the same character at Coney Island.

"FITZ" AND DAN.

But the great battle of the tournament is that of Wednesday night between the middleweights, Fitzsimmons and Creedon. The record of Bob Fitzsimmons is well known. He has never met defeat and such men as Hall, Maher, Dempsey and others as well known have gone down before him. Creedon has conquered Hall, Costello and Alex. Gregains. An excellent authority gives this as the difference between the two men:

The lanky man has several pronounced advantages over his more stocky, sturdy countryman. For instance, his height is full 5 feet 11¼ inches—in fact nearer 5 feet 11½ inches than 5 feet 11¼ inches; while Creedon measures 5 feet 8½ inches, a difference of three inches in favor of Fitzsimmons. As to reach, the Creedon men concede slightly the best of it to Fitzsimmons, but he will not have much advantage. In weight there will be no advantage. If any it will be in Creedon's favor. Creedon is a wonder on his feet, and with his hands he is every bit as strong as Fitzsimmons, if not stronger.

BETTING WAS BRISK.

The pool-rooms have been crowded during the day and have been doing a lively business. Thousands of wagers have been made. The pools quote Fitzsimmons at 1 to 2; Creedon, 2 to 1; Plimmer, 2 to 5; Murphy, 8 to 5; Everhardt and Abbott, 4 to 5 each. The combination offer: Plimmer, Everhardt, Fitzsimmons, 3 to 1; Plimmer, Abbott, Fitzsimmons, 5 to 2; Plimmer, Abbott, Creedon, 10 to 1; Plimmer, Everhardt, Creedon, 10 to 1; Murphy, Abbott, Fitzsimmons, 7 to 1; Murphy, Everhardt, Fitzsimmons, 5 to 1; Murphy, Abbott, Creedon, 15 to 1, and Murphy, Everhardt, Creedon, 15 to 1.

DAN AND HIS PARTY.

Creedon Arrives in Fine Condition—Personated by Charlie Daly.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 27.—Dan Creedon and his party, including Col. Hopkins, Tom Tracy, "Parson Davis," Constable Ben Brady, W. H. Cheppu, Charlie Daly and Louis Lemp, the brewer, arrived here this morning and are stopping at the Gruenwald Hotel. President Scholl and a delegation of Olympic Club members met the party at the depot. Creedon was taken to the quarters reserved for him by the Olympic Club, after he had breakfast.

"Parson" Davies suggested Charley Daly as one of Creedon's seconds, but Col. Hopkins has decided to have either Mick Dunn, Martin Murphy or Young Griffo in Dan's corner, along with Tom Tracey. On the way South through Illinois Sunday, big crowds greeted the Creedon party at every stopping place. They wanted to see Dan, but the Australian refused to appear, while Charley Daly was introduced to the admiring throngs as the pugilist who would meet Fitzsimmons Wednesday.

Creedon weighed 155 pounds when he left St. Louis and he picked up three pounds during the journey south. He looks well and is feeling confident.

While all the fights are announced as finish affairs, it is pretty well understood that twenty-five rounds will be the limit. This rule has been observed in nearly all the recent fights here, and no change is expected. Jack Dempsey does not like an arrangement of this kind. In his fight with Billy McCarthy, whom he out-pointed two to one, he claims that it was not under five minutes before the fight began that he was informed that it would be declared a draw if both men were on their feet at the conclusion of twenty rounds.

Dempsey is very much himself again. Before the carnival is over he expects to be matched against Tommy Ryan of Chicago, Billy Smith or Mick Dunn.

W. H. Cheppu of the New Madison Athletic Club will try to-day to arrange a go for Jack. COLLINS.

Minister White's Recall.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 24.—Mr. Andrew D. White, the United States Minister to Russia, has gone to Munich, Bavaria. He will return here in October to present his letters of recall.

TO KHARTOUM.

The Anglo-Italian Expedition Inaugurated by Col. Colville.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—It is reported that Col. Colville, the administrator of Uganda, instructed by the Minister of War, is gathering the remains of Emin Pasha's Soudanese troops for a march on Bar el-Ghasal on the Nile, in order to prevent the passage of the Montell Mission. The departure of Col. Colville will be the signal for a joint Anglo-Italian expedition from Suakim and Kassala to Khartoum.

LIZZIE CHRISTY

Has Gone to the Penitentiary and Her Sweetheart Is Free.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Sept. 24.—Lizzie Christy has gone to the Penitentiary and her sweetheart is free. The girl was arrested at Sedalia with a horse and buggy, stolen at Webb City, in her possession. The circumstances were of such a nature that she must either acknowledge the crime and go to the Penitentiary or swear it upon her sweetheart, Bill Setser, and she heroically chose the former.

The POST-DISPATCH correspondent saw

Lizzie Christy.

Lizzie at the Carthage Jail and talked with her for an hour just prior to her departure for Jefferson City. She is an exceedingly neat-appearing girl of unmistakable culture and refinement.

"I was born in Howard County, Mo.," she said, "twenty-one years ago. I don't know where. I went to Webb City to live with my aunt and it was there I became acquainted with Bill Setser."

Lizzie had a good common school education and then attended the Howard Female College at Fayette, Mo., for three years. She had quite a sum of money left her from her father's estate—probably $3,000—but says she has spent most of this by loaning to parties, who have not paid her back. When pressed for particulars she hung her head and said Bill Setser was the principal borrower.

"Did you steal the horse and buggy with your own hands?" asked the correspondent.

"I pleaded guilty."

"Yes, but did you commit the theft or are you shielding another?"

"I cannot answer that," was her reply, and no amount of questioning could induce her to unbosom herself upon this important point.

She said, however, that Bill Setser was with her up to a few minutes before her arrest at Sedalia, and that they were on their way to Moberly to get married. "He was arrested at Huntsville," said the girl with trembling lips, "and I signed a paper saying that I stole the horse and buggy and he was innocent. That cleared Bill, and then they arrested him for breaking in a house, and he wrote me for $100 to help him out of the scrape. I was in jail and had no money, but he sold one of my horses and he got out of that. He promised to be here and help me come clear, but when I went up to the courtroom for trial he wasn't there.

"I don't allow myself to get blue or discouraged over going to the penitentiary," she said. "When I serve out my two years I am going away off somewhere where nobody knows me and I will never get in trouble again."

Parties at Webb City, who knew the family in Howard County, say they were the best of the neighborhood, and that Lizzie was an honest, generous-hearted country girl. Her infatuation for Setser knew no bounds. This is her first trouble in the criminal line, and the officers say she nearly died of a broken heart and fright when first placed behind the bars at Sedalia. The horse and buggy were stolen from Willis Rice, a Webb City woman, who stood first in the affections of Bill Setser prior to the advent of Lizzie Christy.

SIX FOR THE PEN.

An Interesting Group in the Custody of a Missouri Sheriff.

HOLDEN, Mo., Sept. 24.—Saturday night Deputy Sheriff Percell, with two assistants, passed through on No. 8 with six prisoners for Jefferson City. About one mile east of here two of them, handcuffed together, passed to the water-closet and jumped off. They were not missed for some little time. They picked the lock with a piece of wire and went to a farmer's, Sam Rabers, two miles southeast of town, and yesterday told why they were bruised up. Raber came to town and informed Night Watchman George Craig, who, with an assistant, arrested them at 6 o'clock this morning and lodged them in the calaboose. They had been sent up for three years for robbing the general store of Yank Stultz, at Oronogo, Jasper Co.

THE WEATHER.

Generally Fair To-Day and More Warmth To-Morrow.

[INDICATIONS OF FLAGS: Triangular—Temperature; at the top, warmer; at bottom, cooler. Blue—Precipitation. White—Fair weather. Thus: Blue, white and triangular—Snow, rain or sleet, followed by fair and cooler weather.]

For Missouri—Generally fair Monday night and Tuesday. Warmer Tuesday.

For St. Louis and vicinity—Generally fair Monday night and Tuesday. Warmer Tuesday.

A cool wave covers the country this morning except in the Southeast. Light frosts are reported from Iowa, Northern Illinois and Southern Minnesota, and freezing weather in Wyoming and the extreme Northwest.

There have been showers in the Western Gulf states and on Lake Superior. Elsewhere it has been fair.

To Test the Pumps.

J. M. Foster, the agent for the Henry Worthington Co. of New York, is in the city to-day to make the preliminary test for two of the new pumps at the Chain of Rocks. The test will require about two days, and it is probable that the final test will be made in October.

JAPAN'S DEFEAT, OR CHINA'S SU[illegible]

The Only Possible Result of the War in Orient.

Enthusiastic Over Successes the Japanese Talk of the Conquest of India.

The Whole Nation Fired With the War Spirit—Railway Lines Crowded With Troops Going to the Front—She Has No Foreigners in Her Armies and Wants None—Capable Leaders at the Head of Land and Naval Forces—Li Hung Chang's Probable Successor.

[The following is from Mr. James Creelman, the veteran correspondent sent to Tokio to represent THE NEW YORK WORLD and the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH.

Mr. Creelman carries with him an autograph letter from President Cleveland, besides letters from Secretaries Gresham, Herbert and others.

THE WORLD, the *Herald*, the San Francisco *Examiner* and the POST-DISPATCH are the only American newspapers represented in the Orient by staff correspondents.]

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

TOKIO, Japan, Sept. 8, VIA VICTORIA, British Columbia, Sept. 24.—Gen. Count Amagata, who suppressed the great Satsuma rebellion, has just sailed for the seat of war as Commander-in-Chief. He declared to members of his escort that he would drive every Chinese soldier out of Corea within two months.

will land at the mouth of the Ta Tong River and march across Phyong Yang (the Japanese name of Ping Yang), or will follow in the rear of the troops already in the field no one can find out.

One thing is reasonably certain, there will be no engagement until Gen. Amagata reaches the scene of war, as the Chinese are avoiding the enemy, and the Japanese troops will make no important move before their commander and the reinforcements arrive.

CHINA'S ARMY A RABBLE.

It is said here that China has only a poorly armed force of 35,000 Green Flag or modern troops at Phyong Yang, and is pouring in behind it a horde of warriors with spears, bows and arrows and short swords. The Japanese Generals say that instead of fearing great numbers, they regard every additional mouth to feed in the ill-equipped Chinese army as an advantage to Japan, especially as the rice supply in North China is scarce

Capt. Matsuzaki Leading the Japanese Vanguard Across the Ango River After the Chinese Destroyed the Bridge.

[From a drawing by Mr. Yubuzaki, a Japanese artist on the ground.]

The railways are crowded with enthusiastic troops on their way to the front, and cheering multitudes are gathered at all the stations.

Nothing can end this war but the defeat of

Japanese Campaign Diagram.

[Drawn for the POST-DISPATCH.]

Japan or the surrender of China; unless the Czar interferes there is a well-defined rumor here that Russian troops have already crossed the Umen River. An Englishman, who has arrived in Yokohama from Siberia, says he was in Vladivostock a few days ago, and that 20,000 troops were concentrated on the border. Three thousand Cossacks had just marched to the coast, and their commanding officer said he could not understand the meaning of his orders.

It is beyond Japan's power to declare peace now. The whole nation is on fire with military enthusiasm, and already the native press talks about the conquest of China and India. The reckless confidence of the French at the beginning of the war with Germans was moderate compared with the headlong madness of the Japanese leaders.

I am satisfied an important battle is pending. China will be defeated. Japan has something like 40,000 troops at the front. She has also strong garrisons at Fusan and Gensan in Corea. The second reserves have been called out and about 40,000 additional soldiers are on their way to Corea or waiting transportation. Whether the reinforcements and the canal route from the southern rice fields is blocked above Chin Kiang.

All military experts here, both foreign and native, agree that in the next battle the Chinese army will be routed.

The Coreans generally favor the Japanese, and the Tai Won Kun, who is reigning in place of his son, the King of Corea, is stirring up the native population to fight China. The report that the Corean court is compelled by force to follow the counsel of the Mikado is false. Both the King and the Tai Won Kun are heartily in favor of Japan and the proposed reform of the system of the Corean Government.

Should the Chinese army retire before the superior force now facing it at Phyong Yang, the next move in the war will be to arm the Corean people from the arsenals of Japan, use them to garrison the northern frontier, and then attack the Chinese coast with a view of making a dash towards Pekin.

Japanese Driving the Chinese Out of Sachan—Death of Capt. Matsuzaki.

[From a drawing by Mr. Yubuzaki, a Japanese artist on the ground.]

The Japanese Government is suppressing all news of the war and will allow no communication with the army, although three days ago the foreign ministers were informed that military attaches might go to the front. War correspondents are doing duty at the hotels in dress suits and cursing the authorities for their heartless disregard of the necessities of journalism.

In Tokio and Yokohama are comparatively quiet, but in the country all is delirium since the declaration of war. There have been no desertions from the army, except three young fellows in Tokio, whose families were invited to stand by and see them shot.

The Government has over forty steam transports in use. No vessels are hired, they are bought outright; about $8,000,000 has already been spent on ships.

The great need of the army is cavalry. There are few horses in Japan. Even the old nags have been taken from the street cars in Tokio to supply the officers. In the [illegible] the lack of horses will be serious [illegible]ever, is in magnificent condition [illegible] meat is perfect.

A Call

WE wish to especially invite you this week to call and inspect our new patterns in

Wiltons and Axminsters.

We have many Exclusive Designs which are Tasty and Artistic, and will give to your rooms an air of Luxury which cannot fail to add to your comfort. The expense of covering a room of ordinary size with the best grade is from $40 to $65, and we can assure you excellent service for years.

Our New Draperies for Doors and Windows

Include all the Novelties in Stylish Effects. Have you seen our line of Derby Curtains? Every Lady who likes a nice Portiere will be pleased to see this beautiful line. Not expensive, either, for doors. Run all the way from $4.50 to $7 or $8. We have some new ideas in draping your hall and vestibule doors. Would be pleased to show them to you next time you are down town. Don't hurry about buying—don't feel any hesitancy in calling on us to show you all we have any time or all the time. . . . .

Frorlicht, Duncker & Renard CARPET CO.

FOURTH and WASHINGTON AV.

...o defile the beds of ...was a scuffle and a ...appeared, but refused ... On Mr. McIvor's com... was dismissed. ... demand for beef and other ...my. The United States has ...y in not forbidding the ship... contraband of war, but letting the ...e the risk. The highway to Japan ...nd there is scarcely any risk. It is ... opportunity for trade.

THE CZAR WILL NOT INTERFERE.

The Russian Minister here insists that the Czar will not interfere in the war, and the British also declare themselves neutral. Therefore the conflict must go on, and the price of provisions is rising. This is to be a winter campaign in a cold climate, and meat is the thing. An army cannot fight in such surroundings on rice alone, and the Japanese intend to feed their soldiers well. I hear that the Mikado was irritated at the rudeness and ignorance of the United States in referring to the present hostilities as an "unjust war" upon Corea, when the good offices of America were officially tendered to Japan. In the first place, the Japanese hold that the American Government is not competent to inform the sovereign of Japan that he is unjust and, in the second place, neither China nor Japan is making war upon Corea. It is just as well to get your facts straight in a diplomatic document. However, the Minister of Foreign Affairs has decided to overlook the tactless and insulting phrase, believing that Mr. Gresham's intentions were sound enough.

Piracy has broken out on a small scale on the Corean coast, and many unoffending Japanese fishing parties have been seized, robbed and maltreated. It is likely that Japan will ask the international fleet in Corean waters to suppress piracy before it begins on a more serious scale.

CREELMAN.

JAPAN SURPRISES ENGLAND.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The pace Japan is making in her war with China is opening the eyes of Englishmen, who have been hoping for the latter power's success. They now admit that a new State has taken her rank in the hierarchy of nations, and that her voice can no longer be ignored in their councils. Even the *Times* agrees with this view of the new situation in the East. It says the Japanese will certainly reach Wi-Ju from Ping-Yang at the end of this week, and that they will meet the Chinese troops that were landed on the Corean bank of the Yalu River by Admiral Ting.

It is now stated that in the battle of Yalu the Chinese battle-ships Ting Yuen and Chen Yuen received no injuries either to hulls or batteries from the fire of the Japanese vessels during the engagement at the mouth of the Yalu River. Col. Von Hanneken directed the operations of the Chinese fleet. Eight foreign volunteers did splendid service during the battle and their conduct did much to instill spirit into the Chinese. Commander McGiffin, an American, of Admiral Ting's staff on board the Chen Yuen, and Mr. Hekmann, were wounded. Engineers Albrecht and Hoffman were the only two of the eight foreigners who were not wounded.

It is reported that a Russian fleet has assembled at Vladivostock, prepared for immediate action.

The transports of the volunteer fleet as they arrive are detained at Vladivostock.

It is stated that the Japanese army, which is to march to Pekin, will be accompanied by a Japanese squadron to the mouth of the Pei Ho River. The army and fleet will remain in constant touch.

BATTLE SHIPS VS. CRUISERS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 22.—A naval expert who has had much to do with designing the guns and armor for our modern ships, speaking upon the subject of the Yalu fight, is inclined to be skeptical as to the defeat of the Chinese battleships: "We are still in the dark as to the details of the battle, but I will venture the assertion now that not one of the Chinese battleships was seriously injured and that their loss was confined to cruisers or only partially protected vessels. And even the best of the Chinese battleships is not a first-class vessel. The Chen Yuen is a second rate ship about like our Maine or Texas. But as it is there was only one reason, though that is a very good one, why the battleships did not speedily destroy all of the Japanese fleet, and that reason is the immense superiority of the Japanese personnel.

"A good deal of nonsense has been said and written about the value of high-speed unarmored cruisers, mainly by the private builders who are after the big premiums paid for speed. When the explosive shell was brought out in the Crimean war naval warfare was revolutionized. We have percussion shells now that we can explode with certainty almost inside of a cruiser and tear her to pieces, but these shells will not penetrate the armored side of a battleship. The only projectile that can do that is the armor piercer and that, while partly hollow, is never charged with explosive. An expert commander on one of the battleships can meet at once and destroy half a dozen cruisers and come out of the fight without serious injury, else all naval opinion is at fault, and the naval power that seeks to get along without battleships will certainly rue its lack of foresight in time of war."

HAS NOT APOLOGIZED.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The officials of the Japanese Legation deny the story cabled here via Vancouver, B. C., that the Kowshing affair has been settled by the Japanese Government apologizing and paying $75,000 indemnity. They add that Japan holds that the sinking of the transport was fully justified.

LI HUNG CHANG.

Chinese Viceroy May Set Up a Kingdom of His Own.

The process of degrading that eminent statesman Li Hung Chang proceeds with painful rapidity. But, according to persons here who have become familiar with Chinese affairs from years of residence in the empire, it is not likely that the Viceroy will allow the degradation to be carried on till he is ruined and his life endangered. No one in China approaches him in ability and popularity. The only properly drilled part of the army is devoted to his person. There are even now signs that a revolt on his part is feared.

The news that several detachments of Chinese troops are coming into Chih-li has undoubtedly a double meaning. The chief reason for their coming is that Peking, the great city of the province, is also the capital of the empire, and that the military authorities are beginning to fear an invasion by the Japanese similar to that of the English and French forces in the autumn of 1859, and ...ies his degradation to its last limit, namely decapitation and confiscation of his estate, he will undoubtedly raise the standard of revolt against the Son of Heaven. In this struggle he would be sustained by his army and the equally large army of office holders, veterans and citizens by whom he is greatly beloved. In the intricate movements of Chinese politics this massing of soldiers around Peking and Tientsin may have both objects in view; first, defense against the Japanese, and second, the arrest and death of Li Hung Chang.

Peking is much better guarded now than it was in the time of the war between China and England and France. At that time the campaign was opened by an attack upon the Taku forts at the mouth of the Peiho River, which flows from the district in which Peking is located past Tientsin into the Yellow Sea.

In the winter season the cold is very severe through this district; the streams freeze over about Dec. 15, and remain so until the middle of March. The ice forms a wide belt out on the sea, and in very bad seasons has been known to extend in a solid field ten miles from the land.

When our American gunboats are stationed there for the winter they are all moored in the strongest possible way, take down their upper masts and build a shed or house over the entire ship, very much as the Arctic explorers do with their craft in the far North. After a few days the ice becomes very solid and people walk from ship to shore with great ease. The snowfall varies; it is very heavy in some parts and in others it is very light. It is almost always a dry snow and a dry cold. It does not offer as many difficulties to military operations as do the winters in our own country.

RETURNED TO JEFFERSON CITY.—Oscar Story, aged 9, poorly clad and barefooted, arrived from Jefferson City yesterday, and was read home by the police last night.

LI HUNG CHANG.

(From His Latest Photograph.)

The Chinese Text Surrounding the Picture Recites a Few of the Most Important of the Numerous Titles Borne by the Viceroy.

DEATHS.

EVES—LENA EVES, beloved daughter of William and Mary Eves, aged 4 years, at 5:30 Sunday morning.

Funeral will take place Tuesday, Sept. 25, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 2735 LaSalle street. Friends and relatives invited.

HAGERTY—On Sunday, Sept. 23, 1894, at 4 p. m., ELIZABETH HAGERTY (nee Ward), aged 35 years, beloved wife of Charles Hagerty.

Funeral will take place from family residence, 3009 Madison street, Tuesday, Sept. 25, at 2 p. m., to St. Theresa's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

MORLEY—On the 23d inst., at 5 p. m., BRIDGET MORLEY, aged 35 years.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her aunt, Mrs. Kilkenny, 3577 Chouteau avenue, on Tuesday, Sept. 25, at 2 p. m., to St. Malachi's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

M'MURTRY—Monday, ... at Benton Station, ... 'CMURTRY.

Burial Permits.

The following burial permits were issued by the Health Department to-day:

Andrew Buscher, 26 yrs., 2338 S. 9th st.; burns, accident.

Perry Jean Robinson, 1 yr., Florissant; inflammation of the stomach.

William Martin, 13 yrs., Wabash tracks, between Kingshighway and Duncan; internal hemorrhage, accident.

George Swanson, 19 years, 3144 Pope; typhoid fever.

Anna Marie Messmer, 8 mos., 2610 Ohio; pneumonia.

Edward M. Williamson, 27 yrs., 2837 Morgan; paralysis.

Gust Krause, 8 mos., 919 Allen st.; inflammation of the bowels.

Nicolaus Bona, 1 day; cyanosis.

Daniel Shea, 2 mos., 1216 N. 16th st.; pneumonia.

Carl Dushler, 63 yrs., 2309 North Market st.; water on the brain.

John L. Sharkey, 3 mos., 1524 N. Leffingwell st.; marasmus.

Annie Wasalski, 1 yr., 1038 Carroll st.; convulsions.

Freddie Eizel, 11 mos., 731 S. 3d st.; chronic diarrhoea.

Bro. Rafael, 73 yrs., Rock Church; senile debility.

Walter Besold, 1 mo., 1219 Howard st.; inanition.

Amelia Steffen, 4 yrs., 3563 S. Grand av.; nephritis.

John J. Gerold, 3 yrs., 4041 California av.; convulsions.

Mary Cahill, 18 days, 1236 N. 10th st.; premature birth.

John Pardieu, 1 mo., 1236 N. 10th st.; debility.

Mary Ann Smith, 27 yrs., Mullanphy Hospital; shock from surgical operation.

John Roth, 83 yrs., Good Samaritan Hospital; old age.

Andrew R. Badler, 3 mos., 1806 Hickory st.; debility.

Louise Wilmer, 49 yrs., 1120 Lynch st.; consumption.

Clarence Behmit, 14 days, 1434 N. 14th st.; marasmus.

S. A. Howard, 75 yrs., 804 N. Garrison av.; old age.

Henry McCracken, 78 yrs., 1421 N. 9th st.; dysentery.

F. W. Tramper, 75 yrs., City Hospital; dysentery.

Catherine Allen, 65 yrs., 1416 N. 17th st.; lockjaw.

Bessie Hackett, 5 mos., 2803 De Kalb st.; marasmus.

Charles McCarthy, 41 yrs., 4646 Lucky st.; nephritis.

Eddie Dissett, 2 yrs., 3d and Pennsylvania av., East St. Louis; croup.

Barbra Finegan, 67 yrs., Chisago; cancer.

Florence Collins, 11 mos., St. Louis County; colitis.

FRANK JAMES' JOB.

The Once-Noted Bandit Now Doorkeeper at the Standard Theater.

HOYT'S "MILK WHITE FLAG" MAKES A HIT AT THE GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

"The Amazons'" Second Week at the Olympic—"Coon Hollow" at the Hagan—"A Kentucky Girl"—Other Attractions.

It is a long way from robbing trains to taking tickets at a theater door, but that is the jump Frank James has made since the good old days when he and his brother ran riot through all this Western country. The transition might not have been so marked had he been made ticket seller, but this is said only generally and does not apply to the Standard Theater, where the ex-bandit is going to work. Manager Butler appointed him to the position of doorkeeper last week. He wanted him to begin his work last night but no persuasion could induce James to do it.

"It may be superstition, Mr. Butler," he said, "but I don't like to go into a new job on a Sunday. I'll wait until to-morrow night."

So last night the old order of things went on, but this evening the patrons of the house will find a thin faced man with a piercing eye and small scraggy mustache standing at the main door. He won't look like a bad man and he really is not now. He has settled down and for years has earned an honest living trying to live down his past. He is very reserved in his manner, but those who meet him like him for his quiet dignity. There is only that eye of his that makes one think he ever have done the half of what has been written and told of him.

"A Milk White Flag."

Mr. Hoyt's new play, "A Milk White Flag," was presented at the Grand last night to the largest audience that has assembled at Mr. Norton's theater this season and it is not saying too much when its enthusiasm over the clever absurdities and sparkling satire of the piece is described as boundless. It was one of those welcome that cause the hearts of the author and players to swell with pride and wreathe the face of the business manager in glorious smiles. Mr. Hoyt's plays have never failed to score successes here and his latest effort is no exception to the rule.

"A Milk White Flag" is a spectacular satire on the militia of this country. It teems with fine lines, peculiarly Hoytesque in their sharpness, and the follies and foibles of the dress parade soldier are leveled at with most humorous severity. A love of gorgeous uniforms, weakness for balls, admiration for the ladies and indisposition to face real danger are saddled upon our National Guard and mercilessly ridiculed. And yet the staunchest militiaman that ever wore a uniform or ever danced the lanciers could hardly take offense at all this merriment at his expense. He certainly would not be angry long, for somejunforeseen absurdity would surely make him laugh despite himself.

The plot of the play deals with the intense rivalry between the Ransome Guards and the Daily Blues, two military organizations in a provincial town. The Ransome Guards are the only ones who appear on the scene. They are forever planning to outdo in gorgeous display their hated rivals. This desire leads to a most alarming condition of affairs. The Blues have a funeral—so must the Ransome Guards. Fortunately just at this time Piggott Luce, a railroad contractor, goes into a scheme with Phil Graves, the undertaker, and pretends to die in order to obtain his life insurance. The guards immediately elect him a member, although dead, buy him of his widow for $2.50 and hold a glorious funeral, only to be disturbed and overwhelmed by the corpse, who quits shamming upon hearing the suggestion that they incinerate him.

It can be readily seen that such a plot gives Mr. Hoyt excellent opportunities for his peculiar wit, and he uses them to the utmost. He is especially happy in the manner in which he has worked in his spectacular and scenic effects. The vivandieres, the drum corps and the dancing master who whistles for his supper all come in so naturally and make things so decidedly gay that every man in the audience has a sort of feeling that he wouldn't mind joining that sort of a military company himself.

The company is an excellent one and contains many old time favorites. Isabelle Coe as Aurora Luce made a charming widow in appearance and made merry over the supposed corpse of her husband with ludicrous abandon. Miss Coe also sang a couple of numbers which were well received. R. A. Roberts as Piggott Luce and John S. Marble as Phil Graves were particularly clever. Among the others Charles Stanley, Lloyd Wilson, Arthur Facie, Frank Lawton, Newton Chisnell, Toma Hanlon, Lillian Markham and Rillie Deanes were worthy of mention. The costumes and stage effects were very fine, the grand hall at the armory building in the last act especially so.

"Coon Hollow."

"Coon Hollow" is the title of the piece which was presented at the Hagan yesterday. On the programme the author styles it a story of Tennessee mountain life. And so it is. It tells of a wild love of a wicked hearted mountain girl for a rich young cotton planter and her schemes of revenge when this love is spurned for that of another mountain maiden. The plot is filled with the machinations of the jealous woman to take the former lover's life. She tries to drown him by bursting a dam with dynamite, which makes a thrilling scene, and again tries to kill him in a cotton press, but the heroine saves him of course.

There is more real worth in "Coon Hollow" than nine out of ten dramas of this sort on the road. It does not overdo things with hair-breadth escapes, some pleasing comedy is introduced by Miss Louise Ramstom, who is a most excellent little actress. Miss Mary Crowell would be far better as the wicked woman of the piece, if she would pay more attention to her enunciation. In the effort to get the Tennessee dialect she becomes unintelligible at times. George F. Hall, who is a perfect image of Nat Goodwin in appearance and manner, was also very good in the part of a scheme projector. The rest of the cast was sufficiently strong to make the piece a go.

The introduction of a pickinanny dance, with real darkies, made the hit of the performance.

At the Standard.

Sam T. Jack, the Napoleon of variety managers, has outdone himself this year with his Creole company, which appeared yesterday afternoon and evening at the Standard. He has discarded most of the moth-eaten gags that once pervaded the show and filled it up with some very clever specialty work. His aggregation of "Creoles" are a finely built bevy of young women and show to great advantage in the living pictures which accompany the attraction.

Manager Butler has made arrangements whereby the returns from the big fight at New Orleans Wednesday night will be received at this house. McCune Halliday will announce the news from the scene of battle between the turns so that the performance will not be interfered with and yet full details of the fight be given.

"Sights of London."

"The Sights of London" was the melodrama at Pope's yesterday, and was well performed by the stock company. Malcolm Williams, Gus Weinberg, Miss Jessaline Rodgers, Miss Ripley and Miss De Courcey are worthy of mention in their respective parts.

Among the vaudeville artists, hits were made by Coleman and Mexis, "the human targets," wonderful rifle shots; James and Thomas Dalton in character impersonations; Allyn and Lingard, vocalists and dancers; Baker and Randall, refined sketch actors; Frank Millard, descriptive and topical singer; George and Della Dunbar in aerial flights; Gertie Reynolds in songs and dances, and Frank Sanford, musical artist.

Next week "The Streets of New York" and an entirely new vaudeville company consisting of ten acts will be offered.

"A Kentucky Girl."

Sadie Hasson in "A Kentucky Girl" packed Havlin's twice yesterday, and sent both audiences away delighted. The part of the brave hoyden of a mountain girl suits the star to perfection, and she is seen at her best in this piece. "A Kentucky Girl" has been here before, and it has made friends who have stood by it.

On the Roof.

The Roof Garden changes its bill this evening. The attractions offered are excellent, the principal novelty being Mlle. Juliska, the Hungarian dancer and singer. Last night's performance was a good one, and despite the rather chilly weather was well attended. The tarpaulin covering served to keep the wind from the guests and made the place quite comfortable.

"The Amazons" Again.

There was no perfoamance at the Olympic last night. The Lyceum Stock company will begin their second week's engagement with "The Amazons" this evening. The advance sale for the week has again been large. The outlook for a big attendance is excellent.

Bulgarian Elections.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Sept. 24.—The special elections have resulted in the success of the Russophiles. M. Radislowoff, Minister of Justice, and M. Tontcheff, Minister of Commerce, have resigned. M. Zankoff, leader of the Russophiles, was elected and M. Karaveloff was defeated.

SOUVENIRS THIS WEEK

To Every Purchaser.

G. H. BOEHMER, SHOES,

613-615 Olive St., next to Barr's.

V. P. BALL.

Men's Pat. Leather Full Dress Shoes.

BROLASKI,

205 North Broadway.

A Postmaster's Shortage.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., Sept. 24.—Post-office Inspector Paul E. Williams has discovered a small shortage in the accounts of Postmaster H. C. Campbell at Wheeling in this (Livingston) county, and has taken temporary charge of the office. The bondsmen will pay the deficit.

PROPHETS may be without honor in their own country, but it is different with "Buck's Royal" Air-tight Parlor Stove for soft or hard coal. St. Louis people prefer them to all others.

Appointed Bank Receiver.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The Comptroller of the Currency has appointed T. W. Robinson receiver of the State National Bank of Vernon, Tex. Mr. Robinson is also receiver of the First National Bank of Vernon.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

RESCUE WORKERS.

Their First Mass-Meeting at Union M. E. Church To-Day.

WANT MORE HAVENS FOR FALLEN WOMEN WHO REFORM.

Mrs. Otto Says That Many of Them Could Be Saved if There Was any Place Where They Could Go and Earn a Livelihood—Addresses Made at To-Day's Meeting.

At 10 o'clock this morning the first mass meeting of rescue workers in the aid of social purity ever held in St. Louis was begun at the Union M. E. Church, at the corner of Garrison and Lucas avenues. It is in charge of Mrs. Otto, Superintendent of the Hepzibah Rescue Home, and Mrs. Charleton Edholm of Chicago, author of "Traffic in Girls," and "Crittenden's Missions."

The object of the meeting, as stated by Mrs. Otto, is to increase interest in the work with the object of providing more places where fallen women may be cared for when taken from the immoral resorts. This lack of room has been and is the chief draw back to the work. Mrs. Otto says that when she goes into these houses and urges the girls to leave she finds nearly all of them, not only willing, but anxious to leave. But their first question is, "Where can I go?" They say all doors are closed against them, and there is absolutely nothing for them to do, nor any hope of employment if once they attempt to leave a life of shame.

The meeting this morning was a consecration meeting, and was devoted to prayer, and a few brief remarks by Mrs. Otto, Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. Ely, the last named of whom in connection with Rev. M. B. Gott led the morning meeting. Mrs. Cobb said when she first entered this work eight years ago there was absolutely no place where she could take the girls. Now these doors of hope have been opened in connection with the Rescue Home and as they increase in number, more and more girls can be cared for. Mrs. Otto said the need for more of these places was most pressing. If she had room she could take hundreds of girls out of the places in which they are veritable slaves. They are anxious to leave. She said she hoped the meeting would arouse interest so that more funds would be forthcoming for opening homes Mrs. Otto also spoke of the success of the work. At first, she said, she could hardly convince the girls that they could be saved, but now there are so many examples that it is much easier to convince the girls that there is hope.

THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 12 o'clock an intermission of an hour was taken. Upon coming to order at 1 o'clock the meeting was addressed by Rev. Dr. Williams of Union M. E. Church on "Ministers, Sound the Warning." He thought there was too great apathy in connection with the work, and that the warning should be strong and continual from the pulpit. From 1:15 to 1:30 p. m. Rev. Dr. Matthews of Centenary M. E. Church addressed the meeting on "The Importance of the Work." He thought that the work was second to none in importance, and that the community at large should be aroused to the fact. From 1:30 to 1:45 o'clock Rev. Dr. Lee of the M. E. South occupied the time, taking for his subject, "Whose Girls Are Betrayed? Our Girls." Dr. Foster of the Christian Church occupied the next fifteen minutes with the subject, "Who Suffers the Consequences?" and from 2 to 2:15 Rev. Dr. McCulloch of the Presbyterian spoke upon the subject: "The Liquor Traffic Causes the Traffic in Girls."

Other speakers on the programme for the afternoon are: Rev. Dr. Thomas of the Lafayette Baptist Church on "What Shall We Do for Our Little Sisters?" Rev. Dr. Johnson of the People's Tabernacle on "The Betrayed Becomes the Betrayer;" Rev. Dr. Stewart of the United Presbyterin on "Train Up Our Boys to the Same Standard of Purity as Our Girls," and Rev. Dr. Rhodes of St. Mark's Lutheran Church on, "The Fruits of the Work." Police Matron Harris will give her experience with girls at the Four Courts. Sister Estelle will tell how she was saved and Mrs. Edholm will close the afternoon session with a talk on "The Traffic in Girls." The programme for the evening is as follows:

6 to 8:30—"The Link Between the Rescue Work and Liquor Traffic."—Mrs. Edholm.

8:30 to 9—"How I Was Saved in the Work."—Sister Estelle.

9 to 10—"y Position Between the Girls and the People."—Mrs. Otto.

IN OPEN COURT.

The Pittsburg Grand-Jury Investigating Charges of Corruption.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 24.—The Grand-jury has begun the investigation of charges of corruption made against its members in open court. John Murphy, Chief of Public Safety of Allegheny County, was charged with receiving bribes from keepers of gambling and disorderly houses. When the matter went before the Grand-jury it was ignored by a vote of 11 to 1. Attorney A. H. Rowan then went before Judge McGee and alleged that members of the jury whose names he did not give, had been corrupted by the defense with gifts of office and cash. When called upon for affidavits he claimed to have, he refused to surrender them. This morning Foreman George Burbick, in an address to the Grand-jury, stated that Mr. Rowand would have to appear and make good his charges or admit their falsity. In the meantime District Attorney Burleigh placed a petition to court asking that Rowand be compelled to produce all evidence in his possession bearing upon the matter.

A WILD DANCE.

An Illinois Man Arrested Supposed to Be Insane.

Chief Dispensary Physician Warren G. Priest sent to the City Hospital an insane man who is supposed to be Joseph Riehl of Waterloo, Ill. The lunatic is five feet ten inches high, and has a dark complexion. He is about 45 years of age. His trousers are light colored, and his vest and coat are dark. He was found at Second and Dock streets by Officer Willow last night. When the policeman discovered him he was dancing a wild sort of a dance on the Wabash Railroad tracks. After he was arrested the man became silent and thus far he has refused to tell who he is or from where he came. He had $10.67 when found. He will be detained at the hospital until it is ascertained whether or not his malady is incurable.

Fires.

The Pacific Coast Elevator at Portland, Ore., 200 loaded freight cars and the steamer Williamette were burned. Three men, Anderson, Brown and Murray, are supposed to have perished in the elevator. Loss, $1,500,000.

The iron ship Glen Eselin, lying at Brooklyn, was burned. Fifty thousand cases of kerosene were also lost. She was loading for Liverpool.

Raibel & Stengel's brewery building at Rock Island, Ill., used as a warehouse, burned. Loss, $9,000.

Park Opera-house, Erie, Pa., was destroyed by fire, and 200 people were imperilled by a falling wall. Only a few of them were injured; none seriously. Loss, $75,000; one-third covered.

Eberhardt's lumber yard and an adjoining residence at Salina, Kan., were destroyed by incendiary fire. Loss, $5,000.

Criminal Brevities.

Gib. C. Taylor, County Poor Farm Superintendent, was assassinated near Corsicana, Tex. James and Tom Murphy, brothers, are accused of the crime.

William West, alias Hathaway, an Evansville (Ind.,) man, is under arrest at Owensboro, Ky., for attempted assault on Mollie Curtis, 15 years old.

Louis Williams shot and killed William Lewis at Selma, Ala. Williams was arrested. He said the shooting was purely accidental. Witnesses deny this.

Charles F. Wilson, a brother of Dink Wilson, who was convicted by electricity at Auburn, N. Y., on May 15, was convicted of murder in the first degree at Syracuse for killing James Harvey on July 31, 1893.

Nugents

Crowded Again All Day! THE GREAT HALF-PRICE SALE of Jos. Emanuel's Entire Stock IS GOING WITH A RUSH.

You can't stay away with credit to either your Buying Wisdom or Economical Sagacity. Jos. Emanuel was noted for the superior quality of his goods. Everything FIRST-CLASS and RELIABLE.

NOW GOING AT HALF PRICE!

SILKS! SILKS!

Emanuel's 50c Colored China Silks.....37 cents
Emanuel's 60c White China Silk.....38 cents
Emanuel's 75c White China Silk, 27-inch..47 cents
Emanuel's $1.25 Plaid Silks.....67 cents
Emanuel's $1.00 Black Gros Grain.....69 cents
Emanuel's $1.25 Colored Faille Francais..72 cents
Emanuel's $1.25 White China Silk, 36-inch..76 cents
Emanuel's $1.35 Fancy Taffeta Silks.....84 cents
Emanuel's $1.50 Black Satin Duchess.....94 cents
Emanuel's $1.75 Black Bengaline Silks..96 cents
Emanuel's Black Brocaded Silks.....$1.08
Emanuel's $2.00 Black Moire.....$1.36

DRESS GOODS!

Emanuel's 39c Striped Diagonals, 27-inch, 18 cents
Emanuel's 35c Two-toned Storm Serge, 36-inch, 19 cents
Emanuel's 50c All-Wool Habit Cloth, 36-inch, 29 cents
Emanuel's 50c German Plaids, 36-inch..33 cents
Emanuel's 65c All-Wool Seeking, 40-inch..39 cents
Emanuel's 90c All-Wool Beige Plaids, 42-inch, 48 cents
Emanuel's $1.25 Silk and Wool Plaids, 42-inch, 59 cents
Emanuel's $1.25 Iridescent Diagonal, 45-inch, 74 cents
Emanuel's $2.00 Broadcloths, in a great variety of colors, 52-inch.....$1.29

Sheetings and Flannels.

Emanuel's 6c Cotton Flannel at.....3½ cents
Emanuel's 7c yard-wide Bleached Muslin at 4½ cents
Emanuel's 7c yard-wide Unbleached Muslin at 4½ cents
Emanuel's 18c 9-4 Unbleached Sheeting at 10 cents
Emanuel's 17c Red and Drab Ticking at 11 cents
Emanuel's 20c 10-4 Unbleached Sheeting at 13½ cents
Emanuel's 7c Domet Flannel at.....3½ cents
Emanuel's 8½c Fancy Flannelettes at 4½ cents
Emanuel's 30c Navy Blue Twilled Flannel at 19 cents
Emanuel's 30c Scarlet Twilled Flannel at 19 cents
Emanuel's 35c White Flannels at..... 19 cents
Emanuel's 50c Seeking, 50 inches wide, in all colors, at.....28 cents
Emanuel's $1.25 All-wool Skirt Patterns at 74 cents

BLANKETS.

Emanuel's $1.00 Gray Blankets.....at 59c pair
Emanuel's $1.85 10-4 White Blankets at..98c pair
Emanuel's $2.50 Silver Gray Blankets at $1.25 pair
Emanuel's $3.75 White Wool Blankets at $1.98 pair
Emanuel's $5.00 all-wool Brown Blankets at $2.79 pair
Emanuel's $6.50 all-wool Steel Gray Blankets at $3.75 pair
Emanuel's $6.00 11-4 all wool Blankets at $3.88 pair

CLOAKS AND WRAPS.

Emanuel's $1.15 Ladies' Fall-weight Capes At 59 cents
Emanuel's $8.50 to $20 Ladies' and Misses' Winter Newmarkets.....$1.00
Emanuel's $3.50 Ladies' Fall-weight Capes At $1.35
Emanuel's $4 and $5 Ladies' Fall-weight Capes At $1.90
Emanuel's $17.50 Moire Silk and Velvet Capes At $4.98
Emanuel's $5 Ladies Fall-weight Jackets..$1.50
Emanuel's $11.50 Ladies' Winter-weight Jackets $3.95
Emanuel's $19.50 Ladies' Winter-weight Jackets $8.81
Emanuel's $20 to $40 Ladies' Plush Sacques $10.00
Emanuel's $1.25 Children's Reefer Jackets At 49 cents
Emanuel's $2 Children's Reefer Jackets At 99 cents
Emanuel's $8.50 Children's Gretchens....$3.95
At 98c each—Ladies' Gossamer Waterproofs, in black, fancy stripes and checks, various shapes. Emanuel's price, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4. All at one price.....98 cents.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Price surprises are very apt to excite attention, and we have some very astonishing ones in this department. We have put prices on these goods that will move them and move them quickly.
Emanuel's 50c Colored Silk Passementerie Pendants at.....1 cent
Emanuel's 10c Mohair Ruffled Dress Trimmings at.....2 cents
Emanuel's 75c Colored Bead Pendant Ornaments at.....2 cents
Emanuel's 65c Silk Girdles at.....7 cents
Emanuel's $1.00 Colored Beaded Band Trimmings at.....11 cents a yard
Emanuel's 50c Black Jet Fringe at 11 cents a yard
Emanuel's $3.50 to $5.00 elegant Jet and Silk Bolero Jackets and Bodices at....91 cents each
Emanuel's $1.25 Colored Waist Trimming Sets at.....9 cents a set
Emanuel's 45c Black Silk Fringe at.....1 cent
Emanuel's $1.00 to $2.50 Oriental Embroideries and Persian Bands, fine goods, at.....11 cents
Emanuel's 50c Colored Silk Knotted Fringes at 6 cents
Emanuel's 50c Fine Silk Gimps at.....6 cents
Emanuel's $2.00 Fine Black Silk Leaf Gimps at 31 cents
Emanuel's $1.75 Black Silk Ribbon Fringe at 21 cents

NEW PROVINCIAL.

Fr. T. S. Fitzgerald Appointed for the Province of Missouri.

Rev. Fr. T. S. Fitzgerald, S. J., was last Saturday appointed Provincial of the Jesuits in the province of Missouri by the Superior General of the order in Rome. Fr. Fitzgerald succeeds Fr. Frieden. Fr. Fitzgerald has been director of the Jesuits' College in Chicago. The Missouri province embraces a great portion of the West and a part of Central America.

DINK WILSON'S BROTHER.

Like Dink, He Will Die in the Electrical Chair.

Chief Harrigan to-day received a telegram from Charles R. Wright, Chief of Police of Syracuse, N. Y., stating that Charles F. Wilson, convicted of murder in the first degree, had been sentenced to be electrocuted during the week commencing Nov. 6.

The condemned man is a brother of the notorious Dink Wilson, one of the Hedgepeth-Slye-Francis gang of bandits who was electrocuted May 14 last, at Syracuse, for the murder of Detective Harvey of Syracuse. The brother is to die for the same offense.

SPAULDING AND THE A. P. A.

A Talk With the Peoria Bishop About His Printed Denunciation.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 24.—An attempt was made Sunday night to secure an interview with Bishop Spaulding with reference to the severe criticism passed upon his recent A. P. A. article in the *North American Review* by Bishop Keane and supposed to have been inspired by the Vatican. Bishop Spaulding refused to talk until he had assured himself of the authenticity of the Keane interview, but having done so he to-day furnished the following written statement: "I have read Bishop Keane's criticism on my article in the *North American Review*, and as it has not been disowned, I must suppose it to be authentic. The important question is whether what I have published in the *Review* is true. A thing may be unfortunately true and this is doubtless the bishop's meaning when he calls my article unfortunate. He says also that it is untimely, but I fail to see how this epithet can be applied in any right sense to the honest and dispassionate discussion of a subject which now attracts general attention and is not without importance. If my moderate expression of views on a question which is actually before the public and which is of concern to both the church and the country is to be condemned as unfortunate and ill-timed, then rational discussion among Catholics is no longer to be thought of, and a Catholic university is but a pretense. If what is said of Cardinal Gibbons is true the least I can do, I suppose, is to regret that he should have to regret to express his regret to the Pope. Regrets are, however, idle, and the manly American thing to do is to confront me with arguments, and not attempt to frighten me with groanings."

The Hesse Wedding.

DARMSTADT, Hesse, Sept. 24.—As the Grand Duchess of Hesse is in delicate health, it is said that the marriage of Princess Alix of Hesse, sister of the Grand Duke, to the Czarewich may be postponed again, this time until February. In this connection it is again announced that the conversion of Princess Alix to the Greek faith is completed.

For Opening a Letter.

Post-office Inspector Joe P. Johnston received a report yesterday of the arrest of Mary P. Hopper at Fort Scott, Kan., on the charge of securing a letter addressed to Mrs. Mary E. Hopper, and stealing from it $10. The accused was committed to jail in default of $500 to await the action of the Grand-jury.

Threw Stones at an Officer.

Detective Schoppe arrested John McNeil, a negro, on Tenth and O'Fallon streets today for throwing stones at Officer Mahoney.

Suit for Divorce.

Bertha Weadon filed a suit in the Circuit Court to-day against her husband, George Weadon. They have one child.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney DRY

LACE HANDKERCHIEF AND ... Should Not Be M... For Never Have We Shown ... Attractions Now Offe...

In Ladies' Neckwea.

We have added to this department in the last fe... a lot of FRENCH NOVELTIES in Vandyke Collars, Yokes, Jabots, Ruffs, Capes, Liberty Squ... all decidedly new.

In Handkerchief Dep't.

We are in receipt of a large stock of LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS, in all pure French linen goods. New designs and new colorings. All dainty and pretty. From 15 Cents to 50 Cents each.

In New Embroideries.

In Nainsook, Swiss and Cambric Sets, Cambric Edges with deep ruffles, 45-inch Hemstitched Embroideries for housemaids' aprons. Also a new line of Dotted Swiss Embroideries.

In Laces.

Never before in the history of our business has our Lace Department been so attractive as at the present season. The department is teeming full of Novelties of every grade of LACES and LACE GOODS, including VANDYKE POINTS in white, cream, ecru, black, and the new shade, Nouette.

A Lot of New Evening Wear

In all shades of Chiffons, Mousseline de Soie and the new material, Accordion Plaited Jeunesse, all adapted for Evening, Ball and Dinner Dresses.

A visit to this department will repay any one fond of High Art in LACES and LACE GOODS.

WHAT'S BEHIND IT?

The Grand Jury Will Investigate the Jail Escape.

HUGH BRADY WANTED ONE OF THE MEN RELEASED.

And. Annis, the Deputy Sheriff Who Was on Duty, Is a Brother-in-Law of Brady—Bryant, One of the Prisoners, Had a Strong Pull.

The Grand-jury to-day began an investigation of the escape of the seven prisoners last Saturday from the cage attached to the Criminal Court. Chief Deputy Sheriff Larry Kickham was before the body and questioned as to his knowledge regarding the matter. Sheriff Stael has taken no action in the matter as yet and it is understood that he will take none until the Grand-jury has sifted the matter. Judge Edmunds stated today that he intended calling the Grand-jury before him and instructing them on two points regarding the investigation. First with a view to having the prisoners who escaped or who attempted to escape or aided in the matter indicted, and also to inquire as to whether any officers in charge of the prisoners are responsible.

Deputy Sheriff William Annis was in charge of the cage when the prisoners escaped. He is said to be a relative of Hugh Brady, who is alleged to have interested himself in trying to secure the release on bail of James Bryant, alias Barton, the alleged diamond thief, who is supposed to have led the escape and who was recaptured after a hard chase.

Chief of Detectives Desmond defeated the release of Bryant on bail by announcing that he would have him re-arrested as soon as he was released.

"Of course," said Judge Edmunds to-day, "I cannot say what the facts are, but it looks strange that seven men could get out of the cage with a Deputy Sheriff standing in front of it and he not to know anything about it. Why a man could see them from the court-room. They kept up a noise stamping their feet and Annis says that he could not stop them. The fact that the light was turned out ought to have aroused his suspicions."

The cage is lighted by an electric light and This was turned out by one of the prisoners while the escape was being worked. The three prisoners who got away have not yet been recaptured.

Chief Desmond's statement is that Hugh Brady came to him and said he understood that if Bryant, alias Barton, was released on bond that he, Desmond, would have him arrested again on another charge. Brady wanted to know if Desmond meant this. Chief Desmond informed him that he understood that the man who went on Bryant's bond would receive $200 and be fully indemnified, and for that reason he meant to have Bryant rearrested the moment he was released on bond.

Brady, it is said, denies that he was promised any $200 for going on Bryant's bond, but was taking an interest in the case merely to accommodate a Chicago friend who had written to him and asked him to go on Bryant's bond.

At 12:30 p. m. to-day Judge Edmunds summoned the Grand-jury before him and delivered the following charge:

"I had you, gentlemen, summoned before the Court in regard to the jail escape of last Saturday. Last Saturday between 9 and 10 o'clock, while prisoners were being arraigned, seven escaped from the court cage. It seems to the court impossible that this could have occurred without culpable negligence on the part of deputy sheriffs in charge of it. If not culpable negligence, something worse. Under the circumstances the court orders you to thoroughly investigate the matter. The Court also calls your attention to the fact that the prisoners who escaped, and also those who were recaptured, are liable to indictment for felony."

The Grand-jury then inspected the cage from which the prisoners escaped, after which they adjourned for the day.

THE WEST INDIA HURRICANE

A Special Bulletin Issued by the Weather Department.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24. — The Weather Bureau furnishes the following special bulletin to the press in regard to the West India hurricane:

The first information of the hurricane was on the evening of Sept. 20, when a severe storm was reported from the Windward Island. On the morning of the 21st a warning telegram was sent to the Bahama Islands. On the morning of the 22d Bahama reported that the storm was south of Porto Rico, of small area and moving slowly. Based on this report, warning telegrams were sent to the observers at New York, Baltimore, Delaware Breakwater, Norfolk, Wilmington, Savannah, Charleston and Jacksonville, directing them to give notice to shipping interests, especially to southward bound vessels. Saturday evening the storm appears to have been to the east of the east point of Cuba, Santiago de Cuba reporting moderate north winds. Sunday morning the hurricane was reported to the east of Cuba and on this the storm signals were ordered for Key West, and information signals hoisted along the Gulf Coast of Galveston.

Saturday evening the hurricane was central, approximately, 200 miles southeast of Key West, having moved about fourteen miles an hour, during the three days. Storm signals were ordered for Jupiter, Punta Gorda, Tampa and Cedar Keys, and information signals were hoisted at Charleston, Savannah and Savannah section.

SHE WAS DRUNK.

A Wealthy Woman Found Intoxicated in a Saloon.

This morning at 11:30 o'clock Officer Pat Harmon of the Central District found a neatly and fashionably dressed woman, wearing a number of diamonds, in the saloon of Louis Celia, Twenty-second street and Washington avenue, and struck by her seeming respectability and her apparent semi-hysterical condition, thought it advisable to take her into custody. She was brought to the Four Courts, where she gave the name of Mrs. Kate Beattie. She could not give her address, but she said she was 33 years old. She told the police that she had started out two days ago with $650, yet she only had $10 in her purse when taken to the Four Courts. She was considerably under the influence of liquor and the strain on her nervous system was already beginning to assert itself.

An effort was made to ascertain through the means of her effects, where she lived. From receipts foo work of different kinds done, it was found she had been addressed at 1418 John avenue. Among other papers found in her possession was a Hermann Insurance policy paid up, in favor of Mrs. Kate Beattie on the premises 1410 Morgan street. She was placed in the custody of Matron Harris and an effort was at once made to locate her relatives, if she has any.

Secretary Herzog of the St. Louis Mutual Fire Insurance Co., the company in which the policy that Mrs. Beattie had in her pocket was written, says she owns the house on Monroe street, and so far as he knows, is a woman of truth and veracity. He thinks she is likely to have had the sum mentioned by her.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 24.

NAME OF STOCK.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Amer. Tob., com	105¾	.....	.....	101¼
Amer. Tob., pfd	7	.....	.....	7
Atchison	.....	.....	.....	.....
Baltimore & Ohio	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canadian Southern	51¾	.....	.....	51¾
Ches. & Ohio com	20½	.....	.....	20½
Canadian Pacific	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central New Jersey	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chesapeake	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago Gas Trust	71¾	71¾	69¾	70½
C. C. C. & St. L	39¾	.....	.....	39¾
Chi., R. I. & Pac	61¼	61¾	60¾	60¾
C., B. & Q	75¾	.....	.....	75¾
C., M. & St. P., com	65¾	65¾	65¼	65¾
C., M. & St. P., pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Col. Fuel & Iron com	103½	104	102¾	104
Col. Fuel & Iron	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cotton Oil com	34¼	34¼	34	34
Cotton Oil pfd	88¼	.....	.....	.....
Del., Lack. & W	171¾	172	171¾	172
Del. & Hudson	134¾	135¼	134¾	135
Edison Gen'l	40	40¼	39¾	39¾
Erie Com	.....	.....	.....	.....
Erie pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Erie 2ds	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hocking Valley	19¾	.....	.....	19¾
Laclede Gas com	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laclede Gas pref	74	74	73	73
Laclede Gas bonds	88¼	.....	.....	88¼
Lake Erie & W. Com	18	.....	.....	18
do pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lake Shore	135¾	.....	.....	135¾
Louisville & Nashville	57¾	57¾	56¾	56¾
Lead Com	40¾	40¾	40	40
do pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michigan Central	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri Pacific	29	29	28¾	28¾
Mo., K. & T., pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mobile & Ohio	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Elevated	118	118	117	117¾
Manhobia	.....	.....	.....	.....
National Linseed Oil	.....	.....	.....	.....
National Cordage Com	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
National Cordage pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York & New England	33¾	33¾	32¾	32¾
New York Central	100¼	100½	99	100
N. Y. C. & St. L., com	14¾	.....	..	14¾
N. Y. C. & St. L., 1st pref	.....	.....	.....	.....
N. Y. C. & St. L., 2d pref	.....	.....	.....	.....
North America	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Northern Pacific com	19¾	19¾	18¾	19
Northern Pacific pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio Southern	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio & Miss. com	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ont. & Western	17¾	17¾	17	17
Omaha, com	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾
Omaha, pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pacific Mail	15	.....	.....	15
Philadelphia & Reading	21	21	20¾	20¾
Pullman Palace Car	159	.....	.....	159
Richmond Ter	19	19	18¾	18¾
Silver	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sugar, com	96¾	96¾	94¾	95
Sugar, pfd	94½	94½	93¾	93¾
Tennessee Coal and Iron	18½	18¾	18¾	18¾
Texas Pacific	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union Pacific	13¾	.....	.....	13¾
U. S. Rubber com	39¼	39¾	39¼	39¾
U. S. Rubber pfd	94	.....	.....	94
Wabash, St. L. & P	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wabash, St. L. & P., pfd	15¼	15¼	15	15
Western Union T. Co	89¼	89¾	88¾	88¾
Whisky Trust	11¾	11¾	10¾	11

Assessments all paid.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Quiet. Sales, 27 bales. Receipts to-day, 383 bales; since Sept 1, 3,047 bales; shipments to-day, 471 bales; since Sept 1, 12,886 bales; stock, 8,558 bales. Quotations—Ordinary, 5½c; good ordinary, 5¾c; low middling, 6¼c; middling, 6¾c; good middling, 6¾c; middling fair, 7⅛c. Above prices for new; old worth more.

LIVERPOOL—Demand fair; prices steady. Receipts 10,700, of which 3,200 were American. American uplands, 3 21-32d. Sales 12,000 bales. Futures easy. Sept-Oct, 3.30d; Oct-Nov, 3 29d; Nov-Dec, 3.29-30d; Dec-Jan, 3.30-31d; Jan-Feb, 3.32d; Feb-March, 3.33-34d; March-April, 3.35-36d; April-May, 3.37d; May-June, 3.38-39d.

NEW YORK—Spot, quiet; middling, 6¾c. Futures closed firm. Sales, 191,500 bales.

Reported by the Lesser Cotton Co.:

	Closed Saturday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed To-day
Sept	6.23	6.18	6.18	6.20
Oct	6.22	6.19	6.18	6.20
Nov	6.24	6.25	6.19	6.25
Dec	6.33	6.32	6.25	6.32
Jan	6.39	6.38	6.29	6.37
Feb	6.45	6.45	6.36	6.44
March	6.52	6.50	6.42	6.50
April	6.58	6.57	6.49	6.56
May	6.64	6.63	6.55	6.63
June	6.70	6.67	6.67	6.68

On the Curb.

Wheat—Dec, 51½c; puts, 50 calls, 51½c.

EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

First Meeting of Ministers After the Summer Vacation.

The Evangelical Alliance held its first meeting after the summer vacation this morning. In the absence of Rev. G. E. Martin, the President, and Rev. B. P. Fullerton the Vice-President, Rev. John Weston was chosen President pro tem. Chaplain Hagerty made a detailed report of his visits to the various public institutions. Rev. Dr. O. M. Stewart was appointed a member of the Board of Counsel, and Revs. O. M. Stewart and J. W. Lee were appointed a committee to draw up resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Rev. Robert I. Fleming, pastor of Lindell Avenue M. E. Church. It was decided that in future the paper prepared for the meeting should be read immediately after the reading of the minutes that not twenty minutes be consumed in the reading and that the discussion stop at 10:45 a. m. Rev. J. F. Williams, state Superintendent of the Children's Humane Society of Missouri, made a plea for the support of his organization. Mrs. Edholm, who is interested in the work of rescuing fallen women, made a brief address. Revs. E. C. Stahlman, Field Agent of the Missouri Sunday-school Association, W. A. Foster, pastor of First Christian Church, Michael Burnham, pastor of Pilgrim Congregational Church, E. H. Sawyer, pastor of the Kirkwood Baptist Church; Franz Pehler, pastor of Salem M. E. Church, and W. G. Williams of Union M. E. Church were admitted to membership. Rev. J. W. Lee, pastor of St. John's M. E. Church, South, read a paper on his recent travels in Palestine. Revs. J. S. Weaver and G. W. Chalford of Pittsburg were welcomed as visitors. Rev. G. D. McCulloch was appointed to present a paper at the next meeting.

TARIFF AND A. P. A.

How Missouri Politics Will Be Affected by the Recent Legislation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24.—"The only way in which the tariff legislation of the last session is likely to affect the elections in Missouri is the indifference of Democrats in some of the districts," said Representative Tarsney to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent this morning. "There is no disposition to hold the members to account for what happened, because Missouri delegation practically presented a solid front in line with the wishes of their constituents. The main thing to be done is to get out the Democratic vote. If that can be done there is no question of the result. I have prospects of being returned by a larger majority than ever, for in Jackson County, in which Kansas City is situated, a full county ticket is to be elected. All the offices are good paying ones and all the candidates will be out hustling to get a full vote. The Republican party is so dominated by A. P. A. ism in my district that it is not improbable that the nominee will be an A. P. A. man. In that case there will be either a Republican bolt to the Democratic party or an independent anti-A. P. A. candidate. The primaries are to-day. The A. P. A. lodges are dictating who shall be named on the ticket for the different offices, and two candidates are out openly with a bid for the congressional nomination, which the lodges will determine. No other man has a chance. Col. Van Horn, editor of the Kansas City *Journal*, who is considered a strong candidate, has no prospects because, I understand, he declined to print A. P. A. stuff at advertising rates, and has refused to lend his paper to A. P. A. issues. The third party candidate is advocating the single tax theory, which is finding little support among the farmers, but is securing some attention from the labor population of the city. I don't regard Populism as a serious menace to my prospects as the nominee of the Democratic convention and expect to see a lively campaign and a substantial manifestation for our ticket."

The Plankinton Inquiry.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 24.—The examination of witnesses regarding the Burkhardt complaint against the officers of the Plankinton Bank will be concluded to-morrow morning, and at that time District Attorney Hammel will make application to Judge Walliber for warrants for the arrest of President R. T. Day and Vice-President Wm. Plankinton. There is no doubt the request will be granted. The warrants will charge the defendants with having received a deposit from August Buckhardt, grocer, when they knew, or had good reason to know, that the bank was insolvent.

SECRET INQUEST;

Held Upon the Remains of Ira Hurd, Shot by His Wife.

ALLEGAN, Mich., Sept. 24.—The Coroner's jury is holding a secret inquest to-day upon the remains of Ira Hurd, who was shot at his home by his wife, as the latter claims, through accident Saturday night. Mrs. Hurd would talk but little today. The revolver with which she claims to have fired the fatal shot, it transpires, was not discharged at all, but one bullet had been extracted. It is the general belief is that the shot was fired by another person, who was with Mrs. Hurd at the time.

The Frazier Case.

MARSHALL, Mo., Sept. 24.—The case of Henry Frazier, charged with murder in the first degree, is being tried in the Criminal Court this week. Frazier, it is claimed, killed Preston Smith near Maltabend last fall for alleged intimacy with his wife. The city is full of people attending the trial.

Appointed Commissioner.

George F. Hald, Deputy Cl... of the United States Circuit Court of Ap..., was to-day appointed a United States C... missioner.

MISSOURI METHODISTS.

Appointments Made by Bishop Hendrick at the Jefferson City Conference.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 24.—The conference o the M. E. Church, South, adjourned to-day. After disposing of someroutine matters, Bishop Hendrick made the following assignments for the year.

Boonville District—C. P. Briggs, Presiding Elder, Boonville, A. J. Dinwiddie; Blackwater, Lester F. Clark; Pilot Grove and Bellair, W. B. Cobb; Nelson and Saline City, J. A. Jarred; Arrow Rock and Smith Chapel, L. D. Payne; Marshall, A. R. Farris; Orearville and Shiloh, J. D. Russell; Slater, J. D. Sullens; Gillam and Cambridge, J. J. Hill; Bunceton, Samuel Lapp; California, Perry Long; Russellville, J. A. Swift; Jefferson City, J. N. Huggins, Chamers, Laban, Anderson, Malmi and Mount Carmel, J. D. Wood; Agent Central College, C. H. Briggs.

Lexington District—J. M. Boon, Presiding Elder, Lexington, C. M Bishop; Wellington, M. Cratzsinger, Odessa, and Warsaw Chapel, S. J. Brown; Mount Serrial, J. R. Hodges; Columbus, N. W. Dawdy; Higginsville, S. S. Bellis; Lamont, R. F. Campbell; Herndon add Houstana, C. F. Wallace; Sweet Springs and Blackwater, E. Y. Ginn; Elmwood and Bethel, E. J. Wolf; Langwood and High Point, C. A. Emons; Malta Bend and Grand Pass, M. Adkison; Waverly, L. H. Sandidge; Dover, W. T. Eastwood; Corder and Blackburn, J. McCrossy; Warrensburg, C. Prigsley; Knob Knoster and Dresden, T. M. Burton.

Clinton District—Clinton Clenny, Presiding Elder; Clinton, J. C. Given; Montrose, A. Houston; Lucas, Alex Brag; Lowery City, W. F. Briggs; Lincoln, J. H. Denny; Drake, J. W. Patterson; Calhoun and Bronangh, A. B. Appleby; Windsor, J. King; Green City, B. H. Steel; Sedalia, B. V. Alton; Otterville, J. C. Cass; Greenstreet, G. H. Green; Versailles, W. P. Barrett; Appleton City and Spruce, MacAppleby; Garden City, W. G. Pike; Chilhowie, J. P. Caldwell; Gunn City, W. M. McAllister.

Nevada District—R. S. Hunter, Presiding Elder, Nevada, N. J. Carpenter; Nevada, Austin Chapel, S. P. Cayton; Moundville, H. L. Anderson; Deerfield, J. K. Speers; Rich Hill, J. G. Bushy; Sprange, J. F. Sprange; Hume, T. C. Pickett; Butler, J. F. Robb; Everett, R. E. Downing; Prenlia, J. M. Clark; Pappinville, C. C. Howard; Walker, S. W. Holt; Montevallo, S. G. Wilburnr; Sheldon, L. M. Phillips; Lamar, A. D. Davidson; Kenoma, W. H. Sonn; Eldora Springs, J. F. Pike.

Neosho District—W. C. Bewely, Presiding Elder. Neosho, W. D. Matthews; Senaca, W. C. McPherson; South West City, A. N. Henderson; Pineville, S. M. Ried; Newtonia, J. A. Matthews; Exeter, J. W. Conley; Grangeville, W. P. Haesler; Pierce City and Sarcoxia, G. L. Taylor

...section, but some one ...d the Montanians that ...he landslide.

...blication of the list of the Maids ...r of the Veiled Prophet, which ...ared in one of the morning papers, ...presented the violation of a pledge, as did the publication of the first description of the new Planters' House, which appeared in another morning paper. The appearance of enterprise which this sort of first publication makes is gained at a heavy sacrifice of honor and reputation among those who know how it is accomplished.

A MORNING paper says that 20,000 people stood on the banks of the POST-DISPATCH Lake in Forest Park yesterday watching Miss Mosenthein's rowing. How many more would be attracted thither by a genuine contest between celebrated rowers, or by a regatta between boat clubs? Just think of the skating crowds which that lake will draw in winter. The various street railways running to Forest Park could well afford to invest twice as much as that lake has cost in extending and beautifying it. The remainder of the fund subscribed last winter to give work on this lake to the unemployed poor will be devoted to some other work as beneficial to the public and as helpful to the unemployed."

THE GORIN TRAIN ROBBERY.

The full report of the attempted robbery of the Santa Fe train, near Gorin, this State, with the testimony of the two captured accomplices of an alleged detective, Walter E. McDaniels, which appeared in yesterday's SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH, is a remarkable story.

Lincoln Overfield and Charles Abrams, the men under arrest, separately and without apparent possibility of collusion, assert that they were induced to enter into the plot to rob the train by McDaniels, who first suggested the idea, arranged the plan and persuaded them to undertake the crime by promises of great wealth. Both of these men are simple-minded countrymen, not likely to form and execute the daring plot in which they engaged, and their statements carry the conviction of truth. Abrams made his statement in expectation of death from his wounds.

This testimony is strengthened by the characters of the men engaged in the conspiracy. The two train robbers are hard working farmers and have borne fair characters among their neighbors. McDaniels, on the other hand, is viewed with suspicion. His conduct after the robbery and especially after he had learned of the confessions of his companions strengthens the case against him.

The case calls for a thorough and impartial investigation. If McDaniels led Overfield and Abrams into the train robbing conspiracy with the hope of gaining reward or fame as a detective his guilt cannot be measured by a mere conviction for conspiracy to commit crime. The disregard of law and of human life involved in such a scheme would stamp its originator as an inhuman monster. McDaniels should be placed under arrest.

Detective Kinney and the other officials of the Santa Fe Railroad who were cognizant of the plot are not blameless. It is amazing that, knowing of the plot, they let it be brought to execution, and instructed their agent to assist in executing it, to the great danger of the passengers and crew of the train, without first knowing more than they appear to have known about the antecedents and character of McDaniels. It was a mere stroke of good luck that the wounding of the engineer and the killing of one of McDaniels' dupes were the worst results of the attack.

THE ST. LOUIS OUTLOOK.

Congressman Tarsney of Kansas City has been assuring his Democratic co-workers in Washington that after a careful survey of the field in Missouri he finds no reason to fear the loss of more than one Congressman from the Missouri Democratic delegation.

The Eleventh District is the only one in which Mr. Tarsney fears Democratic defeat. It is evident that the Kansas City Congressman had a severe squint in his eye when he viewed the outlook in this city. There is an excellent chance for the loss of two Democratic Congressmen in this city. The Republicans confidently expect to repeat their stroke of 1888, when they sent a solid St. Louis delegation to Congress. This confidence is based not so much on their own strength as on the hope of Democratic dissension and bad judgment.

The expectation of Democratic defeat in the Eleventh District does not arise from a lack of an excellent fighting chance. The Democratic party under the leadership of John J. O'Neill has carried that district in five out of six contests within the past twelve years. It was carried several times against tremendous odds and despite internal treachery. Although Mr. O'Neill has publicly declared that he is not a candidate and does not want to run, the leaders of the Democratic machine and their organ are doing all they can to humiliate him and alienate the forces back of him which have won the Democratic victories in the district. They may succeed in arousing animosities and in securing a nomination which will insure defeat.

The Democratic outlook in the Twelfth District is even more discouraging than in the Eleventh. The candidacy of N. O. Nelson on a platform which varies from that of the radical wing of the Democracy only in the single tax plank, indorsed, as he is, by petition of over 7,000 voters in the district, brings in a factor which only the highest skill can keep from being turned to Republican account. There is not the slightest evidence that the Democratic plans are being laid with skill and with an eye single to retaining a Democratic vote in the delegation from this city. On the contrary the Democratic leaders seem determined to so shape matters that the Democratic vote will be split and a Republican triumph assured.

If the Democrats of St. Louis are not to have their city represented by three Republicans in the next Congress, something better than the peanut policy of selfishness and stupidity which has characterized Democratic bossism in this city must come to their rescue.

UNRIVALED ATTRACTIONS.

A two-hundred word report of the interesting story of about 3,000 words which the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH published yesterday about the sensational Pedro-Gebacoa duel in Havana, is the nearest that any local competitor came to equaling it in the matter of special news which the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH spread before its readers.

With this exception the great mass of special news concerning important events which appeared in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH was overlooked by all the other papers. The inside history of the Gorin train robbery, with the statements of the arrested robbers that they were led into the commission of the crime by McDaniels, made a deeply interesting story which was developed and exclusively published by the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. Among a host of special news articles were the charges of cruelty made by an inmate under oath against the guards and attendants of the Leavenworth military prison, an exposition of the situation in Rome and the efforts to reconcile church and State, the progress of the movement towards the cremation of paupers in this city, additional facts about the menace of Chicago's drainage canal and fresh contributions from leading clergymen on the suicide question.

In special features the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH presented an unrivalled array of bright articles on timely topics and of artistic illustrations. The humorous colored supplement was not approached in novelty and attractiveness by any competitor.

It does not detract from the cleverness of the Rev. J. W. Caldwell's defense of Judas Iscariot upon the charge of betraying his Master at the Non-Sectarian Church yesterday that the arguments he advanced in behalf of Judas were admirably marshalled in blank verse by W. W. Story and published under the title of "A Roman Lawyer in Jerusalem." It would be hard to find a half hour's reading more interesting than that contained in Story's little book in which he pleads the case of Judas in the guise of a Roman lawyer, who views it from the standpoint of the impartial looker-on with a love of justice. But Mr. Caldwell is probably entitled to the credit of first introducing this clever piece of literature into a sermon from the pulpit. He might have heightened the effect of his argument by a few quotations from the original.

THE women of Setauket should be encouraged in their efforts to have a street named "Bay View avenue" instead of "Hand avenue." Hand is a rich man and his name is good enough, but it is not suitable for a street. Many streets in all cities are made unattractive by inappropriate names that have been stuck to them in honor of somebody or other. Every good street is entitled to a good name.

FINDING that "repentance" doesn't win in politics, a Kentucky Republican candidate announces that he has been a professional gambler and that if he had his life to live over again he would again live a gambler. As there is a large poker vote in Kentucky, this card may prove a trump.

IF the Hon. Ephraim Houston can "applicate de Republican pahty" and at the same time be "interdependent," he will have solved a great political problem. Ephraim should have a care, however, lest he shall again arouse the Mayor's suspicions.

OVER in Illinois a lady candidate is running as a Populist-Republican. This is a remarkable combination in one person, but the Illinois ladies are as yet new to politics and cannot be expected to know all at once just where they are "at."

IF there are not husbands enough to supply the women of the United States it is no fault of our immigration policy. Of the 4,664,000 Europeans who have come to this country in the past ten years only 1,720,334 are females.

WHEN pumpkins grow 8½ inches in 24 hours in Missouri fields, and popcorn pops on the stalk, it is useless for other States to attempt to agriculturally compete with us. They are "not in it."

IN Topeka 100 women are to appear on the streets in Turkish trousers as a permanent apparel. Feminine Kansas is evidently not going to wait for suffrage before asserting all its rights.

IT may be that in the multitude of his business cares Mr. Gould may have forgotten his first love and his own child, but it is hardly likely. Some other Gould must have married Sarah Ann.

WHEN the Columborium is built and the ashes of the once solid St. Louisan rest peacefully and uncrowded in his urn, more of us may take kindly to cremation.

IT appears that in the oriental naval conflicts American officers are fighting American officers. The education of American seamen, however, is proceeding.

CHANCELLOR CHAPLIN may not have been aware that St. Louis was the hub of the continent when he spoke to those Eastern fellows.

FOR a man carrying so much hayseed in his hair, Adam Hoeffy has developed remarkable financial ability.

MRS. SCHUYLER VAN RENSSELAER's fan cost $1,000. Mrs. Van R. has exceptional facilities for "raising the wind."

THE convention of to-morrow at Saratoga may or may not nominate a Democrat.

THOUGH Mr. Morton is 70 years old his signature to a check is as clear and even as that of a man of 35.

THE Chinese commanders are able generals when it comes to reporting a battle, and the Japs may yet be vanquished.

THERE is nothing the matter with Mr. Reed's majority except that it is smaller than that of the other Maine Congressmen-elect.

MR. MCKINLEY'S first speech in Kansas will be at Argentine, but he is not likely on that account to go into an explanation of the silver plank in his home platform.

THOMAS REED should by all means address the "new Republicans" of Louisiana. His remarks on the force bill would be particularly edifying to all residents of the Pelican State.

DEMOCRATS may well hesitate to accept a gubernatorial nomination in New York. David Bennett Hill has sharpened his snickersee and is likely to use it this year on any one but himself or one of his tools.

THE new Constitution of New York gerrymanders the State in favor of the Republicans. When new Constitutions are framed on a partisan basis it is about as bad as when they are made to the order of corporations.

THE Kaiser's salary is only $3,852,000. He doubtless feels that so capable a young man ought to have $4,000,000, but he perhaps believes that in time he may educate "his people" out of their parsimony and obtain the desired increase.

THERE is a rumor that Col. Whitelaw Reid is desirous of election to the United States Senate. Col. Reid might have been the presiding officer of that body had he not been handicapped by Benjamin Harrison in the election of 1892.

THE 25,000 persons who viewed the race on the Forest Park Lake yesterday evidently do not agree with the local papers which have been searching for adjectives with which to belittle the great work of the POST-DISPATCH and the people in constructing the lake. One of these newspapers forgot to instruct its reporter who referred to it as "the big lake."

POLITICAL refugees from the revolutionary sister republics are not to be delivered to the executioner by the United States. Ezeta, Balan and Bustamente are again free men, and will proceed to create a disturbance in San Salvador at the earliest practicable moment. It is likely that the republics to the south of us will be a market for our military goods for a century longer at least.

IT is rather alarming to the Democrats to read that Rockefeller approves of the nomination of Morton. Should Rockefeller's bar'l be drawn on in the campaign, the horizon will be dark sure enough. Nobody knows just how much Rockefeller's bar'l holds, but Morton's is a mere keg by the side of it. In fact, it was a great overaight of the New York Republicans when they did not nominate Rockefeller himself.

IN spite of his long and faithful labors as Chairman of the Republican National Committee of 1892, Thomas Carter has just been turned down in his own State of Montana in a most humiliating manner. He wanted to be a delegate to the State Convention, but his fellow-partisans have elected somebody else. It wasn't Mr. Carter's fault that things went as they did.

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MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1894.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Lyceum Theater Co.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"A Milk White Flag."
EXPOSITION—Sousa Concerts and Exhibition.
HAGAN—"Coon Hollow."
POPE'S—"Sights of London."
STANDARD—Kilisell's Living Pictures.
HAVLIN'S—"A Kentucky Girl."
[MATINEE TO-MORROW.
STANDARD—Kilisell's Living Pictures.

HE IS DYING.

Ex-Premier Mercier Cannot Outlive the Week.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Sept. 24.—Count Honor A. Mercier, Quebec's ex-Premier, is sinking rapidly, and it is believed cannot outlive this week. He made his will on Saturday and Cardinal Rampolla was cabled to for the papal benediction for the dying man.

A Sensational Defense.

PITTSFIELD, Ill., Sept. 24.—Dr. Johnson, a prominent physician of Barry, was brought in yesterday, charged with criminal assault. The crime was committed some two years ago upon one Mrs. Schnaider. The doctor alleges blackmail and will make a sensational defense.

George Duran was lodged in jail charged with criminal assault upon Clara Bland, a 15-year-old girl. The crime was committed last night. Both parties reside near Barry.

Explosion and Burglary.

MACON, Mo., Sept. 24.—Burglars entered the Burlington Railroad freight depot here at 2:30 this morning and by the use of some explosive matter blew open the large Hall burglar proof iron vault of the Adams Express Co., but secured nothing valuable. Policeman Jackson heard the report and made haste to the depot. Just as he was approaching the thief, a stranger, jumped out at the window and ran; Jackson fired two shots at him without effect. The burglar escaped.

Killed the Steward.

VICTORIA, British Columbia, Sept. 24.—The British man-of-war, Royal Arthur, was the scene of a distressing accident. Two midshipmen had been hunting, and sent their guns aboard by a messenger boy, having failed to extract the charges. The messenger took the guns to the ship. In the gunroom one of them was discharged, instantly killing Steward Reece. The case is being kept quiet by the naval officers pending investigation.

For Carrying Concealed Weapons.

William Anderson and Ralph Kayser, two colored men, were arrested in Carondelet last night for carrying concealed weapons. Anderson was fined $50 this morning and will go to the Work-house to work it out. Kayser being from the country, and being willing to stay away from Carondelet in future, was given a fine of $10, which was stayed on condition he left town.

Burglarized.

BRUNSWICK, Mo., Sept. 24.—Burglars broke into the dry goods and clothing store of J. J. Heisel, gaining an entrance through the second-story window. The estimated value of the goods stolen is $100. This is the second time this year that Mr. Heisel's store has been burglarized. No clew to the robbers is as yet obtainable.

Edson Dodge Dead.

JERSEYVILLE, Ill., Sept. 24.—Mr. Edson Dodge, Secretary of the Jersey County Fair Association and the Jerseyville Racing Association and a prominent Republican politician, died at his residence in this city this morning after a protracted illness. He leaves a widow and two grown sons. He was a member in good standing of the Modern Woodmen. His remains will be buried in Jerseyville at 10 o'clock Sept. 25.

Dainty Thieves.

John Wagner, Edward Williams, Samuel Green and Walter Doyle were arrested last Saturday by the police of the Fourth District on the charge of stealing a half dozen silk handkerchiefs, three purses and a bottle of cologne from Gustave Wiechmeyer's notion store, 1918 East Grand avenue. The property has been recovered and identified.

Cut in a Fight.

In a fight with a crowd of unknown men on Tenth and Carroll streets this morning at 1 o'clock Wm. Larum, aged 17, of 1957 South Eleventh street received a blow on the forehead and a gash over the left eye three inches long. No arrests were made.

Fourth and Last Assessment.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The fourth and last assessment of the New York & New England Railroad stock under the reorganization plan is payable to-day at the rate of $5 per share on the common and $6.25 per share on the preferred stock.

Laborer and Lawyer.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 24.—T. V. Powderly the noted ex-labor leader, was formally admitted to the bar of Lackawanna County today. He has about determined to open up a law office in New York City and locate there.

Her Own Editor.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Arthur Breckett is to resign the editorship of the *Sunday Times*, and Mrs. Frederick Beer, the new proprietor of that paper, will be her own editor.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[No matter written on both sides of the sheet can appear under this head.—ED.

[Bear in mind that it is against our rule to print any letter sent to this office unaccompanied by name and residence of writer.]

A Suggestion.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

There are two unused rooms at the O'Fallon School. Why not open them? My older children used to go to the O'Fallon and my younger ones are forced to go elsewhere. It's a measure of practical economy to use what you already have in times of stringency. Move the district line a street or two westward, as Mr. Grawe and a Forum correspondent suggests. Then why keep up the lease of the Mullanphy School when there is plenty of room in surrounding buildings owned by the board? A PRACTICAL MAN.

A Lady Bicyclist's Protest.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I am writing to beg you to stop drawing attention to the "lady bicyclist," either quisically or otherwise, till they become more common, as they undoubtedly will shortly.

Since your articles on the subject I cannot ride two blocks without being "gazed." Now, I consider myself, and believe I am considered, respectable, intelligent and refined. I am the mother of two boys for whom my greatest wish is that they will be the gentlemen their father is. I adopted the bicycle from motives of health and economy, and that I might be a companion to my husband on his jaunts. I find I derive health and pleasure from it, and can assume my home duties with more vigor and nerve than formerly, and it seems an outrage that a quiet, modest woman cannot take such rational exercise without comment.

I try to appear as modest and quiet on the wheel as I am accustomed to appearing in parlors, and it is rather shocking to find that I cannot have the same consideration, and that men cannot understand that a gentleman will mind his own business if a lady does. MRS. SLOCUMB.

A Shelter Wanted.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Permit me to second the remarks of a "sufferer" in a late issue of your journal, and to express a hope that Mr. Turner of the Suburban Railway may add his influence and induce the Wabash Railway not only to stop at the Union avenue crossing of the Wabash track, but also to build a shed at least to protect the heavy line of travel which now has to wait without shelter at the crossing of the Lindell Railway, and subject to the endurance of the terrible smell from that pest-laden open sewer. If the traveling public can be relieved of that danger and afforded a comfortable station-house at Union avenue it would confer a boon upon a long-suffering public, which for nearly three years have had to endure the inconveniences herein enumerated. SUBURBAN.

CLAYTON ...UNNAL SARCOPHERST. —— At Clayton Hall ...day the twenty-fourth annual Autumnal Sarcophe... opened a large crowd. Several German singin... visitors from St. Louis furnished melody for the ...tion.

GOLD.

Auspicious Ore Found in the La Plata District.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 24.—J. H. Pender, who has just finished an examination of the La Plata gold district near Durango, for an Eastern syndicate, says the Baker contact, which is about to be worked on a large scale, is a body of gold-bearing ore 700 feet thick and 2,000 feet long, with every indication of extending downward to a great depth. Mr. Pender says at a low estimate there are in sight 7,000,000 or 8,000,000 tons of ore that will average at least $5 a ton. It is a free milling ore, and the estimated cost of mining and milling is $1.40 a ton. This contact was discovered last fall by S. H. Baker, a lawyer, and is controlled by a company of which G. H. Moffat is President. Mr. Baker regards the La Plata region as the greatest mining district of the State. The mineralized territory is ten miles wide and twenty miles long. Much of the ore, however, is refractory. Mr. Pender leaves at once for New York to submit his report on the district.

BRISK WEAPONS.

Burk Mooney's Advice to His Friends Who Intend Visiting Large Cities.

Burk Mooney arrived in St. Louis from Neilsboro, Wis., last evening, but before he went two blocks from the Union Station he had been held up and robbed. He resisted the robbers, and they cut him in the back and side. Mooney says that he had $95 and a watch. He is at the City Hospital, and is writing a letter to his friends warning them not to come to big cities unless well armed.

J. West Goodwin's Celebrated Hat Gone.

President Taussig of the Terminal Railway Association is in receipt of a letter from Editor J. West Goodwin of the Sedalia *Bazoo* regarding a serious loss he sustained at the opening of the new Union Station. Editor Goodwin says he was present upon special invitation and while there that evening hung his hat upon the wall. When he was ready to depart the hat was gone. The hat, he declares, was not valuable, but as he has worn it for the past twenty-four years, he hates to lose it. He says it was a white hat and where not worn off was covered with a nap "soft to feel of and pleasant to look upon." He asks that search for the hat may be instituted.

Up to the present time no trace of the hat has been found.

Hit With a Pitcher.

John Schneider, a teamster in the employ of Henry Mueller, Victor and Bismarck streets, got into a dispute in the saloon, 2319 South Second street, last evening with another teamster named Davis, who is employed by the same boss, and Schneider was struck on the head with a water pitcher. A neighboring physician dressed nine scalp wounds on Schneider's head.

A Brute Robbed a Newsboy.

Joseph Dolan, aged 19, was arrested by the police of the Fourth District last night on the charge of highway robbery. He is accused of holding up Cornelius Coulter, aged 14, yesterday morning while the latter was selling papers on Fifteenth street and St. Louis avenue and robbing him of 5 cents. The Coulter boy lives at 1918 St. Louis avenue and Dolan at 1448 Warren street.

Broke His Arm.

John Byrne, 6 years old, fell down a flight of stairs at his parents' residence 3236 Hickory street yesterday morning and his right arm was broken below the elbow.

FROM THE NOTE BOOKS.

Interesting Incidental Sketches of the Daily Work of Newsgathering.

REFUSE TO BE PACKED.—Patrons of at least one St. Louis street railway are working up sentiment against crowded cars, and that, too, without an apparent understanding. All along Finney avenue the regular riders stand at the curb and let one, two or three big cars go by until one comes that they can see standing accomodations in, and then they board it. This rule is followed on the down trips. Going home there is not as good an opportunity to gratify this desire for comfort but it is noticed that as carrying accomodations are enlarged the popular desire for comfort expands likewise, and it begins to look as though the Utopian dream of "No seat no fare" might yet be realized.

EQUAL TO THE EMERGENCY.—On the Tower Grove line of cars the boys have a trick of catching on behind the trailer, while the conductor is up on the motor. On a recent trip, a passenger who objected to the ride-stealing, took the hat of one of the boys and tossed it into the street.

"Tanks!" said the boy, as he grabbed the passenger's new straw and dropped off the car. The last seen of the passenger he was still chasing the boy.

ROUGH ON THE BAGPIPES.—The old Scoteh piper was merrily playing Caledonian music on a street corner in the West End and rapidly gathering about him the crowds of children from whose parents he expected to get the pennies that gave him his living. The pipes were droning and wheezing at a great rate, and "The Campbells Are Comin'" and "Lochaber No More" filled the evening air with their stirring or plaintive notes. Out on the edges of the crowd stood a wee little fellow of 6, who watched the bagpipe performance with bulging eyes. Finally his astonishment was too much for him, and he ran toward his home crying out lustily:

"Oh, mamma, mamma, come an' see the man squeezin' music out of a bladder!"

"A HORSE ON HIM."—He was a professional beggar, with a shuffling gait and a low, mournful whimper about his last three days of starvation.

Half a dozen young men were standing near Tenth and Olive streets. He slid up behind them and told his tale in a tearful voice. He talked about three minutes; none of the young men moved. Suddenly their attention was attracted to something down toward the Post-office, and they began to shake their fingers at each other in a very lively manner. They were all deaf mutes from the club up-stairs. The beggar rung off. "Central" had given him the wrong number.

SNAP SHOTS.

When it comes to fighting a School Board our High-school girls are all Joan of Arcs.

One of the Franklin County German papers referred to the junior counsel in the Duestrow case as "Mr. Sedan."

"There's luck in odd numbers," said a prisoner in the Criminal Court Saturday as he joined the six who had just bolted.

Sheriff Staed says he will disregard the "pull" of applicants for positions at the Four Courts. Its not tug-of-war men, but sprinters he is looking for since Saturday's break.

The last big jail break, prior to Saturday's, was one November election day during the term of Jailer Jerry Ryan, a conscientious officer, who was sorely troubled. A friendly wag, who heard of the occurrence down town, at once dispatched a messenger boy to Mr. Ryan's office bearing a bouquet with a card inscribed, "To Jailer Jeremiah Ryan, the Great Irish Liberator."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SPORT.—Consult a physician.

C. H.—A dime of 1834 is worth 14 cents.

H. J.—The child would be considered as one native born.

SUBSCRIBER.—Jake Gaudaur is the champion oarsman of America.

J. B. & S.—The President of the United States receives $50,000 per annum.

J. L. K.—A cent of 1837 is worth 4 cents and one of 1853 1½ cents. A 3-cent piece of 1863 is worth 5 cents.

SUBSCRIBER.—The night schools will open Oct. 8 at 7 p. m. The assignments are to be made to-night.

SUBSCRIBER.—Jim Hall and Dan Creedon boxed eight rounds in Australia. Both claimed to have secured the decision.

N. Y. J.—Write to the authority you mention. Mitchell's weight at the time of his defeat by Corbett is variously given. It is considered certain that it did not exceed 188 pounds.

WHAT-NOT CORNER.

WINDOW DRAPERY AND CARVED CHAIR.

DRAPERY FOR A BILLIARD-ROOM.

MEN OF MARK.

Prof. Garner, who is now in Pittsburg, says he will return to Africa next year to pursue his studies in monkey talk.

Prince Francois de Paul von Lichtenstein, near relative of the Emperor of Austria, contemplates passing next winter in New York.

The University of Halle, Germany, has conferred the degree of doctor of philosophy upon Prof. Francis Amasa Walker of Boston, President of the American Economic Association.

Lord Hawke, captain of the team of English cricketers now in this country, is a direct descendant of old Admiral Hawke of the British navy, who died in 1781, after a life spent in thrashing the French in desperate sea fights. The Admiral won his place in the peerage in 1776 and the title has been in the family ever since.

Meissonier left a mass of papers in a secret cupboard in the large studio at his residence (now being demolished) with written injunctions to his children that they should not read them, but seal them up unread in a box and place them in the library of the French Institute. The box is not to be opened till thirty years have elapsed after his death.

Fame.

How sweet to mortal ears the fame?
Like music, it doth touch the strings of pride.
Doth promise an imperishable name,
An aureole which ever shall abide.

And yet, of all the phantoms of the mind
There's none more unsubstantial, more absurd
Than fame. Who seeks her leaves repose behind,
Content to struggle for an empty word.
MILTON GOLDSMITH.

SCIENCE AND INVENTION.

American corset factories represent an investment of $7,000,000.

A substitute for glass is made of collodion wool and is flexible, not brittle.

A new planing machine is worked by electricity and will do the work of fifty men in one day.

Railways in Holland are so carefully managed that the accidental deaths on them average only one a year for the entire country.

An elevated railway with novel features is planned for Vienna. The cars are to be suspended instead of running upon ordinary rails.

There is talk of lighting by electricity about twenty-five miles of the dredged channel of Mobile Bay. At present the path is too dark and tortuous for night navigation.

By the Nissel system of telephony, which is a German invention, it is said that any subscriber can connect himself with the station independently of the others.

The iron furnaces of Scotland rely for their profit not on the pig iron they turn out, but on the products obtained from the waste gases which in this country are not put to use.

Pleasures of Hope.

From the Detroit Free Press.

The weather's been a slugging us
All round the blistered town;
But wait:
When Jack Frost hits the mercury,
You bet he'll knock it down.

A Large Cargo.

The steamer Perthshire recently delivered in London the largest single cargo of refrigerated meat ever handled. It consisted of 70,000 carcasses of sheep, 9,000 haunches and the same number of lots of mutton, 550 tons of beef, 150 bags of bullocks' hearts, 150 bags of oxtails and kidneys, 7 cases of oysters and 750 cases of butter.

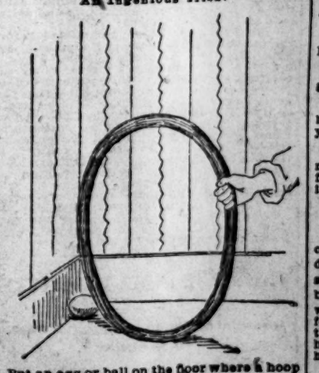
A Medical Invention.

A recent invention is the pulsimeter, a watch made especially for doctors to time pulses with. It is made very much on the principle of a stop watch, and indicates the rate on a pulse dial in so many beats a minute.

Two Lines.

Sweet day, so cool, so calm, so bright,
The bridal of the earth and sky.
GEORGE HERBERT.

An Ingenious Trick.



Put an egg or ball on the floor where a hoop cannot touch it.

Where the Gold Is.

The distribution of gold among the countries is shown by this table gathered from the latest trustworthy sources.

	Gold Stored.
France	$337,000,000
United States	297,400,000
England	268,200,000
Russia	264,800,000
Germany	211,000,000
Austro-Hungary	147,800,000
Italy	108,200,000
Austria	101,400,000
Spain	39,000,000
Holland	22,800,000
Belgium	15,200,000
Switzerland	15,200,000
Denmark	14,000,000
Sweden and Norway	13,000,000
Roumania	10,600,000
Portugal	3,400,000
Bulgaria	1,400,000
Servia	1,200,000
Greece	400,000

Why Bees Never Sit Down.

From the Industrial School Gem.

"I know why bees never sit down," said Walter.

"Why, by dear?" asked his mother.

"'Cause they have sting in their seats, and they's afraid to."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

The favorite daughter of the late Prof. Helmholtz of Berlin is the wife of the eminent Dr. von Siemens.

It was at the old Court-house in Washington, Ky., that Mrs. Stowe first saw a negro auction and formed the idea of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

Mrs. Maucheree Merwaupo Bhownnuggree, a Parsee, is going to run for Parliament in England. One plank of her platform is for Anglo-Saxon supremacy.

Countess Wachtmeister, for years the companion of the late Mme. Blavatsky, and who has been lecturing on Theosophy in a few cities of this country for some months, claims that Theosophy has practically gained a strong foothold in the churches of this country.

Mrs. Adeline Knapp, who has been for several years race track reporter for the San Francisco Call, rides man-fashion in Turkish trousers, a cutaway coat and a silk hat. She owns a number of fine horses.

Phone From London to Berlin.

It has been decided by the Belgian Government to open negotiations with the British Government for the construction of direct telephone communication from London to Brussels, via Ostend, it being understood that should the negotiations be successful the authorities at Berlin have signified their willingness to consent to a connecting telephone line from Brussels to Berlin.

A NEW LIFE PRESERVER.

A Water Proof Suit in Which Is Stored Food and Drink.

Here is a life preserver which provides meat, drink and shelter. A wrecked passenger can live a month on it. The lower por-

tion resembles a life-preserving dress. The upper part is a bony or floating chamber. In this upper part are placed provisions and water. The whole is made of strong sail cloth waterproofed and distended on a jointed cylindrical frame.

SIX LITTLE JOKES.

Philadelphia Times—That Chinaman and Japanese should have biased views of each other is as plain as the eyes in their head.

Das Buch fur Alle—"I'm astonished that you live in such a miserable, dirty garret as this."

"Why?"

"Well, since you don't pay rent in any why not get something better?"

Fliegende Blaetter—Extract from a new novel: "As the Count was announced to the newly-wedded he hastily changed his coat and she her color."

Das Buch fur Alle—Professor to scholar: "What are you laughing at? Not at me?"

"Oh, no, sir."

"Then, what else is there in the room to laugh at?"

Fliegende Blaetter—"It's dreadfully disagreeable, this red nose of mine."

"I can't see how."

"Possibly not. But how would you like to have every third man you meeet ask you if you hadn't a corkscrew about you?"

Unsere Gesellschaft—Rifleman (after repeated misses): "Donnewetter! If those rascally fellows haven't gone and stuck up the target in the wrong place again."

A Reminder of Bellini.

At the age of 92 a cousin of Bellini, the once popular Italian composer, has recently died at Cantania. The cousin was born the same year as his distinguished relative, and bore the same Christian name—Vincenzo. It was happily the composer's fate to die before his work was forgotten. Had he lived to the age of his cousin his later years might have been clouded by the reflection that he had outlived his fame.

An Ingenious Expedient.

In Anna Katharine Green's "Behind Closed Doors," which is now being dramatized for a Paris theater, it is unfortunately necessary to the plot for two twin sisters to appear on the stage at the same time with their faces in full view. The playwright hit on the ingenious expedient of using mirrors on a partly darkened stage so as to produce apparently two figures precisely alike.

The Corean Flag.

The Corean flag is white and bears in the center a sort of ball, one half blue and the other red, typifying the two elements of creation, the male and the female. In the corners are strange and complicated blue characters invented by a Chinese emperor a few thousand years ago.

Procession of the Seasons.

A gradual falling in the summer light;
Bright sunsets dyhe in the crimson west;
Brown leaves that fall in the quiet autumn shades;
A cattle sweep in the flowers we leave the heath;
A flash of life, slow deepening into rest;
A wintry wind beneath a threatening sky;
Snowflakes that fall, and sweep, and [illegible]
Forever, when the changing world and [illegible]
Still [illegible] when the [illegible]
Recognize [illegible]

ADDED POWER.

New Duties of Pope Leo's Representative in the United States.

How the Proposed Change Will Affect Catholics in This Country.

IN FUTURE ALL APPEALS MUST BE MADE TO MGR. SATOLLI.

The Rule Will Be Compulsory and Disagreements Will Be Settled by the Apostolic Delegate—Church and State in Italy—The Coming Encyclical.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24.—The correct boss of the news concerning Catholic affairs, which the POST-DISPATCH has lately been publishing, was strikingly shown by Bishop Keane's important statements with regard to the impending changes in the administration of Catholicism in this country. In the course of a long conversation with the Bishop at the Catholic University to-day your correspondent asked what precise difference would result to Catholics from the expected changes.

"As things now stand," suggested the correspondent, "there is no appeal from Mgr. Satolli's rulings except to the Pope."

"True," replied the Bishop; "but at present ecclesiastics are not compelled to submit their cases to the apostolic delegate. They may appeal to the propaganda courts in Rome.

"Once their case has been laid before Mgr. Satolli, his rulings are virtually final, even now. The only appeal from them is by way of what is called a recursus to the holy father.

"This recursus will still be open to ecclesiastics if the holy father judges fit to give effect to the intention he had lately of issuing an American encyclical and defining Mgr. Satolli's powers.

"The great difference resulting from the contemplated changes will consist in this: That, whereas, it is at present possible to appeal to Mgr. Satolli, it will in future be compulsory to do so.

"You understand, however," added the Bishop, "that if he so chooses the holy father may modify his plans or defer putting them into practice."

The Bishop added that he understood the Pope had for some time past been in steady communication with Cardinal Gibbons regarding all the various points which were likely to be touched on in the new encyclical. His holiness might therefore not think it needful to delay issuing that document until the arrival of the Cardinal in Rome.

In answer to another question the Bishop said that he personally had not been consulted by the Pope regarding New York local politics.

Reverting to the subject of the reported movement to effect a reconciliation between Church and State in Italy, of which he had already said something to the POST-DISPATCH, the Bishop remarked: "I do not pretend to express the holy father's thoughts upon the question, for I left Rome over two months ago and the movement which is so much talked about just now would not seem to have assumed shape till quite recently.

"I have, however, had various opportunities of discussing the subject with personages standing very near the Pope and I have gathered in a general way, from what they have said to me, that if King Humbert were to ask the holy father to exercise his spiritual and moral influence in any proper way for the advancement of Italian interests and the good of Italy his wish would be agreed to.

"It would be talking in the air to speculate as to what might be regarded by the Vatican as a fitting basis for a reconciliation. That the Pope would be content with so petty a concession as the restitution of the Leonine City on the right bank of the Tiber seems improbable.

"It is, I think, believed at the Vatican that the present state of things in Italy cannot endure much longer. A change of some sort seems inevitable, but whether it will come from some great European upheaval resulting from existing alliances, or from some other cause, when it will come, what will result and to what power or powers the Pope may look for justice and assistance when it does come, nobody, even at the Vatican, professes to know surely. There are, I understand, some personages who foresee the establishment of an Italian Federation, not unlike our own. There seems to be no expectation of a return to the old papal system of kingship, and there is certainly no likelihood at all that the holy father will ever use his influence against his beloved Italy.

"Even at the Vatican, so far as I could learn, and pray remember that I am merely giving you my personal views—it seems to be thought that Italy must remain united."

"Perhaps," added the Bishop, "if that Federation should be realized, the holy father would be satisfied with the guarantee of his independence and the concession to him of a right of veto in all legislative issues which affected faith and morals.

"You may be sure of this in any case: no matter what influences may be brought to bear on him the holy father will never consent to put political pressure on Italians to serve the cause of militarism and despotism and monarchism."

Bishop Keane relates several of his conversations with his holiness touching affairs in this country. It may be interesting to the politicians to know that the Pope was anxious to learn the particulars as to the points of difference on the tariff question between the President and the Senate. The Bishop said that the Pope was under the impression that the dispute was portentious of a political revolution and was anxious to know what it all meant. "When I told him," said Bishop Keane, "that the point of difference was over the question of tariff reform and was nowise serious, the Pope smiled and said: 'The settlement of economic questions may be left to the good sense of the American people.'

"I told him some details about the tariff bills and how the tariff question had been an issue in several presidential contests in all of which he evinced the greatest interest. Reports of the A. P. A. have reached the Pope and he inquired of Bishop Keane the purposes of the organization and what it had accomplished in a political way. I told his holiness," said the Bishop, "that the organization represented the last dying kick of bigotry in the United States. I explained to him the fight made by the organization in the House of Representatives when it attempted to defeat appropriations for Catholic schools on the reservations, and he expressed great pleasure at the result of the vote when that question was presented. When I had gone over this ground the Pope made the comment that 'There is too much good sense in the United States for an organization with such purpose to flourish.'"

ASKS PROTECTION.

Col. Bob Newell's Wife Claims She Fears Her Husband.

Mrs. Ellen W. Newell called on Chief of Police Harrigan and asked him to protect her from her husband, Col. Bob Newell, the once well-known Knights of Pythias organizer in the South, who has held almost every office in the order.

She said Newell was a whisky wreck and that he came to her and demanded support and that when she refused him he struck her in the face. About eighteen months ago Mrs. Newell left him and her two children in Little Rock and came here and became housekeeper for Wm. A. Ellis, general manager of the Metropolitan Life Association, who lives at 2607 Olive street. Newell located her there last week.

Fire Engine Driver Injured.

Fire engine No. 8 was responding to an alarm last night when the tongue was broke at King's highway and Sophia avenue, and John T. Ryan, the driver, was thrown to the ground on his head. Ryan is a married man and resides at 2955 North Eleventh street. The alarm was for a fire at 4279 Margaretta avenue, a two-story frame house, owned by George D. Jenkinson. The house and furniture were damaged to the amount of $50.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs.

Laura Trimble Harrison.

HOBLITZELLE—HARRISON.

An Important Wedding to Be Solemnized This Evening.

An important society event this evening will be the marriage of Miss Laura Trimble Harrison to Mr. George Knapp Hoblitzelle, both of whom are representatives of two of old St. Louis families. The ceremony will be performed at 6 o'clock p. m. at the bride's home, 3555 Olive street, by the Rev. Charles Trotman of the Church of the Holy Redeemer. The bride, a tall, slender girl, will enter the spacious drawing-room on the arm of the groom, and will be followed by the bridesmaid and groomsman, Miss Lelia Harrison of Glasgow, Mo., her cousin, and the groom's brother, Mr. Clarence Hoblitzelle, Jr.

The bride will wear a gown of rich white satin antique still, made with a sweeping court train, finished in front with a deep flounce of duchesse lace, in which will be reintroduced the traditional marriage flowers—orange blossoms. The neck will be high and a deep bertha of duchesse lace will fall to the waist. There will be immense mutton-leg sleeves and a wedding veil of soft, filmy illusion will flow gracefully to the hem of the train.

She will be given away by her father, Mr. John W. Harrison.

A handsome creation of white silk and lace will be worn by the bridesmaid.

The parlors will be elaborately decorated with flowers, bride's roses and natural orange blossoms predominating. After the marriage rites, which will be witnessed by only the relatives on both sides, a large reception will be held. At 8 o'clock the happy couple leave to spend their honeymoon in North Carolina and South Carolina, where they will visit relatives, returning home about Oct. 2.

MANIA FOR TITLE.

Ward McAllister's Sharp Criticism of American Toadyism.

MOTHERS WHO MARRY THEIR DAUGHTERS TO MORAL WRECKS.

The Foreign Craze at Newport—American Women Who Are Now Shining Abroad—Changes McAllister Has Noted in Newport.

NEWPORT, Sept. 21.—The Prince of Wales values and esteems as much as we do our distinguished statesman and patriot, Chauncey M. Depew. The Prince never lets an opportunity pass of making evident to Mr. Depew the high esteem in which he holds him. The time has come, however, when our best people can demand and claim admission to Europe's highest and best society, for at this moment our young women are really the brilliant ornaments of the British court.

BRILLIANT AMERICAN WOMEN.

We have just sent to Turkey a handsome and fascinating young American woman, the wife of the first Secretary of the Legation of the British Embassy at Constantinople. In Rome we now have as charming, distinguished and beautiful a woman as New York can boast of in the wife of a secretary of the British Embassy there. I have in London heard from men of the world, holding high places near her majesty, most flattering remarks about young American womanhood as seen in London society. One of these gentlemen assured me that the handsome women in the Prince of Wales' set, with but few exceptions, were Americans.

The craze of American mothers to marry their girls to foreigners is greatly to be deplored, for many of the men that they select are venerable roues, completely broken down by dissipation, and others of them, though in many cases young, are morally and physically impure. This craze for title appears to smother all motherly instincts. The ambition of too many American mothers impels them to give to these foreigners their lovely, innocent daughters. At Homburg there is a latent antagonism between Americans and the English. They rarely affiliate.

FOREIGNERS AT NEWPORT.

Viewing all this in Europe, I returned to Newport to find a new order of things initiated here, to find that the foreign element had completely, during the past summer, taken possession and carried on the social life of the place. The foreigners have entertained a small coterie of our young married people of the ultra young swell set, and many of them have but recently been received into fashion's charmed circle. And, wonderful to relate, Europeans have at Newport been leading our cotillions.

The women of society have overlooked and ignored, to a great extent, our own swell society men. Had the patriarchs ever attempted to ask a foreigner to lead one of their cotillions at their balls in New York City, there would have been heard a howl of indignation, for they were not even permitted to ask a Baltimorean, a Philadelphian or Bostonian to lead one of their cotillions. Hence this new departure has been severely criticised by the older members of society. The question is now asked, Are we to have at Newport simply a society of American women and foreign men?

Apropos of this state of things, a clever society woman has just made this bon mot—"That fortunately there were new people coming into society as the old ones were rapidly dying off." Certainly Newport is changed. Socially it is materially changed. Formerly all the entertaining was done by cottagers. Now the new Golf Club, with its restaurant, has introduced a change in the way of living here. Daily one now drives to the Golf Club to lunch, dine and sup in this impoverished restaurant under a covered shed, looking upon Newport Bay. There you always meet a gay party, ready for anything in the way of an open-air frolic.

Many society people shake their heads and say the place is sadly changed, that the beautiful lawn parties, so distinguishing a feature of Newport, are things of the past, as are the private balls and small dances given in Newport's beautiful villas. Club life for both men and women is taking their place. The elegant entertainments that made Newport the most charming of summer resorts, are now dying out. The old respectable element of the place, that is, the heads of families and the dowager element, are quite forgotten in the rush for new sensations, such as bicycling, riding, golf, country luncheons, country dinners and sailing parties.

WARD M'ALLISTER.

THE BENNINGTON.

Condition of the United States Gunboat in Dock at Mare Island.

VALLEJO, Cal., Sept. 24.—The United States gunboat Bennington has been docked at the Mare Island Navy Yard. Her hull has been scraped of all submarine growth and her condition passed upon by a board of survey. Her hull has been found to be sadly in need of repairs, especially her keel, the rivets therein having been found corroded and unsound.

There are many of these bad rivets, and their presence has been a source of uneasiness to the officers of the Bennington for many months past. As the rivets rusted and corroded, moisture appeared in the double bottoms which the officers could not account for. When the gunboat was docked it was found that moisture was present on the interior along the keel and around the rivets. When the rivets were tried they were found in a state of decay, and crumbled and fell out at a blow from a hammer.

As to the cause of these defects the shipfitter said:

"There is used by all contractors an inferior grade of rivet metal in all Government work. When a ship is in strong sea water the metal, with the steel in the hull of the ship, induces a galvanic action, which eats away the rivets, leaving the water to penetrate into the double bottoms."

The Bennington will remain in dry dock this week, and in the meantime the painters will go over her hull.

FRYE'S REVOLUTION.

A Sensational Story in Connection With the Coxeyite Movement.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 24.—A very sensational story is told by a prominent labor leader relative to the recent visit of "Gen." Frye, the California Coxeyite, to this city. It is that of a proposed revolution to overthrow the Government of this country. The story is vouched for by a member of the Populist party who is not in sympathy with the anarchistic scheme.

In substance the plan as mapped out by Frye, who says a secret order for this purpose is being formed in all the large cities and commercial centers, is to spring the revolution at the next national strike. Frye became confidential with a number of persons, one of whom is loyal to the government of this country. The "General" stated he was identified with a secret organization that is international and rapidly increasing in membership, and whose plans are to overthrow the government and place the revolutionists in control.

It is proposed when the next great strike is on, and when the militia is preserving order, to have the revolutionary leaders assemble in Chicago and issue a proclamation for the establishment of a revolutionary government and be prepared to enforce its decree. It is hoped by the boldness of the movement to draw the workingmen, hundreds of thousands of whom would be loyal to the Government, into this revolutionary scheme during the excitement and passions of the strike. Frye visited this city a week ago and left, and is said to be making a tour of the country on his revolutionary mission.

THE Coal Trust will have no terrors for you if you have your house with BUCK'S BRILLIANT BASE BURNER. The saving in coal will more than pay for it. Item worth considering. Demonstrations are made in St. Louis.

GRAND-LEADER
STIX, BAER & FULLER
815 to 821 N. BROADWAY.

For Tuesday

Continuation of the Great Sale of

15,000 4½-Yard Remnants of Embroideries

EMBROIDERIES, worth regularly 12½c a yard..... 5c

EMBROIDERIES, worth regularly 25c a yard..... 10c

Watch this space for Big Bargains Every Day at the "GRAND-LEADER."

Opened a Store.

Officers Varwig and Anderson arrested James Collins, colored, in the yard in the rear of 1025 Morgan street, at 12:30 o'clock this morning, on suspicion of having stolen two boxes containing nineteen pairs of men's gloves which were found in his possession. He stated, it is alleged, that he got them at the Hunicke Glove Co., 701 Washington avenue. Investigation disclosed that the Hunicke company's place had been entered by forcing a door, and the property found on Collins was identified by Mr. Hunicke as his property.

V. P. BALL.

Patent Leathers, Razor Toe, for Men, latest styles. Brolaski, 205 North Broadway.

A Boy's Desperate Trick.

Leo Girard, 9 years old, informed Charles Hagelweide, a private watchman, that the sugar refinery at Main and Lewis streets was on fire. Investigation showed that someone had attempted to burn the building and the Girard boy was arrested. He said the fire was started by two negro boys. He confessed afterward, however, that he had started the fire and that he thought he would be rewarded for turning in the alarm. He will probably be sent to the House of Refuge.

LYDIA E.

PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, fatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound. You can address in confidence LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

The J. L. Hudson Cloth...

Fall Overco...

Ready! That's the word. The biggest and b... you ever saw, and we start right out with

An Astonishing Offer!

500 { $12.00 GARMENTS / $15.00 GARMENTS / $18.00 GARMENTS } Go at $1

Black, Blue, Gray or Tan Cheviots, Meltons, Cassimeres and genteel—made and trimmed as $15 and $18 Overcoa... even silk-lined. Your selection of the 500 (correct count), for ...EN L...

Black or Blue Cheviot Suits at $10, $12.50 and $1...

Single or Double-Breasted Sacks—cut long. They are the best Suits in St. Louis for the money. THEY ARE SELLING! The style tells! The excellence wins! And THE PRICES CARRY THE DAY! See them.

Child's Reefers and Fall Overcoats.

The weather calls for them. Prices way down—but for lack of space would be glad to tell you what a little money will buy. Better come and see. You will be surprised.

THE BEST SELLING ARTICLE IN OUR STORE, to-wit: THOSE NOBBY STYLISH FALL STIFF HATS, WORTH $3.00 .....FOR $1.85

The J. L. Hudson Clothing Company

Ladies' Cloaks and Suits, Millinery, Gloves, Shoes, Crockery and House-Furnishings,

Cor. Broadway and Locust St.

HEFFERNAN, PICTURE FRAMER, 409 Locust St., Half Block from Broadway.

SOUVENIRS THIS WEEK

To Every Purchaser.

G. H. BOEHMER, SHOES,

613-615 Olive St., next to Barr's

HALF FARE EXCURSIONS SOUTH

On October 2 and November 6.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad will sell tickets to points in Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida, the Carolinas, and nearly all points in Kentucky, Virginia and Louisiana at one fare for the round trip—tickets good returning 20 days. For particulars apply to L. & N. office, 306 N. Broadway. Union Station, St. Louis, or address Geo. B. Horner, Division Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETINGS.

NOTICE of Stockholders' Meeting—St. Louis, Aug. 4, 1894. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Burlington High Land Co. will be held at the office of said company, No. 3054 North 8th st., St. Louis, Mo., at 9 o'clock a. m., on Friday, the 5th day of October, 1894, for the purpose of obtaining the consent of said stockholders to the issuance by said company of a third deed of trust on the property of the company in the sum of forty-seven hundred and forty and seventy-five one-hundredths dollars, payable one year after date, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOSEPH E. McGINNIS, President.
JOS. F. GUIGNON, Secretary. 1538

LEGAL.

SPECIAL Commissioner's Sale in Partition—In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, Mo., June Term, 1894.

Giesselmann et al. vs. Giesselmann et al.: By virtue and authority of and pursuant to a decree and order of sale made in the above entitled cause by the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis on the 20th day of August, 1894, I, the undersigned, William Goessling, special commissioner appointed in said cause, will on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894,

at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and during the session of said Circuit Court, at the east front door of the Court-house, proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following described real estate situated in said city of St. Louis, to-wit: Three lots of ground in Rogers' second sub-division of the St. Louis common fields, to-wit: 1st. A lot of ground 25 feet on the south line of North Market street by a depth of 151 feet 10¼ inches, more or less, to an alley, and bounded east and west by property of said Giesselmann. 2d. A lot of ground in the same sub-division, lying directly east of and adjoining the lot above described, being 6 feet front on the south line of North Market street by a depth of 151 feet 10¼ inches, more or less, to an alley and bounded on the east by the property of Henry Meise. 3rd. A lot of ground lying directly west of and adjoining the property above described, beginning at the west line of Rogers' subdivision and running from said point of beginning west 2 feet 5½ inches, thence south and parallel with the west line of Rogers' subdivision 151 feet 10¼ inches more or less to an alley, thence east 2 feet 5½ inches, thence north to the point of beginning, being bounded west by property of John and Annie Leider and east by property of Giesselmann. All of the above described lots being in city block No. 2247, and the ground being improved by a two-story brick dwelling-house situated thereon. The said sale being made upon the following terms to-wit: One-third cash, and the balance in two equal installments, payable respectively in one and two years, bearing interest from date at the rate of six per cent per annum, and secured by deed of trust upon said property; or at the option of the purchaser, more than one-third or all cash.

Said sale to be subject to the approval of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis.

WM. GOESSLING,
Special Commissioner, 2281 North Broadway.
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 8, 1894. 1506

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION—Pursuant to a decree entered August 29th, 1894, in cause numbered 96,949, in room 4 of the Circuit Court in and for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in which suit Agnes Fuehs and others are petitioners, public notice is hereby given that the undersigned Commissioner, appointed in said cause by said Court, will on

SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and during the session of said Circuit Court, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, sell the real estate taken in and by said decree described, namely: The following described real estate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), in block number eight (8) of the "Continuation of Fairview Addition," alias block No. 1403 of said city, said lots having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the north line of Sidney street, by a depth northwardly of one hundred and fifty-seven (157) feet five and one-half (5½) inches to an alley, and being bounded on the east by lot No. 16 and on the west by lot No. 19 of said block.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, the balance in one and two years, the deferred payments to be secured by a deed of trust upon the property, with interest at 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, the purchaser to have the privilege of more or all cash by placing so to before the approval of sale by the Circuit Court.

FERDINAND HAUCK,
Special Commissioner.

LUBKE & MUENCH, Attorneys.
St. Louis, Sept. 7, 1894. 1509

COMMISSIONER'S SALE in Partition—Pursuant to a renewed order of sale entered Sept. 8, 1894, in cause No. 96,995 in room 4 of the Circuit Court, in and for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in which Louise Stahl, Christina Twenger, Christian Stahl and Hattie Stahl, his wife, are plaintiffs, and Andreas Stahl and Wilhelmina Louisa Stahl are defendants, public notice is hereby given that the undersigned Commissioner, appointed in said cause by said court, will on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and during the session of said Circuit Court, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, sell the real estate in and by the decree in said cause described, namely: The following described lots, tracts or parcels of ground lying, being and situate within city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four of block 16 of Soulard's addition, in the city of St. Louis, said block being numbered 981 of said city, and the said lots having together a front of one hundred and thirty-three and three inches on the south line of Franklin avenue and running back southwardly one hundred and thirty-four feet and eight inches to an alley, the westerly and easterly boundary lines of said lots being parallel with the western boundary being Lafayette avenue, and the eastern boundary being lot No. 25 in said block and said addition. Terms of sale: One-third cash and the remainder in equal payments in one and two years, bearing interest from date at the rate of six per cent per annum, and secured by deed of trust upon said property; or at the option of the purchaser, more than one-third or all cash.

Said sale to be subject to the approval of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis.

JOHN GOESSLING,
Special Commissioner, 2281 North Broadway.
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 8, 1894. 1506

LUBKE & MUENCH, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Lucas N. Ellis, Attorney for Defendant. 1508

THIRD WEEK OF THE GREAT ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION

Irish Day.

GILMORE'S FAVORITES BY SOUSA'S BAND

At 2, 4, 7 and 9.

First Appearance in St. Louis of the Great

Japanese Jugglers

The "Assembly of the Artisans"

Sousa's Tone Picture, with Anvil and Vocal Chorus, Realistic Effects and New and Startling Tableau.

Art Galleries, Electrical and Mechanical Effects, Treasures of Beauty.

Admission, 25c; Children under 10, 15c.

In the Small Hall—GRAND ELECTRIC SCENIC THEATER, from Electricity Building, World's Fair. Admission, 10c; Children, 10c.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC—Evenings at 8:15. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2.

TO-NIGHT, { Second and Daniel Frohman's } LAST WEEK

LYCEUM THEATER COMP'Y.

Georgia Cayvan, Mrs. Charles Walcot, Katharine Florence, Bessie Tyree, Mrs. Thomas Whiffen, Maude Odell, Harriett Aubrey, Herbert Kelcey, Charles Walcot, Fritz Williams, F. Gottschalk, Robert Wood, Ernest Tarleton, David Elmer, Wilfred Buckland.

Sunday, September 30—HANLON'S SUPERBA.

LAST WEEK Of Pinero's Brilliant Comedy, THE AMAZONS.

A GENUINE TRIUMPH SCORED BY HOYT'S

A MILK WHITE FLAG

At the Grand Opera-House Last Night.

Evenings at 8.15. Wednesday and Saturday Matinees at 2:15. Perfect Cast! Catching Music! Glittering Costumes! Gorgeous Scenery! 50—In the Cast—50

Next week—Hoyt's a Texas Steer.

HAVLIN'S—To-Night. Matinees Thursday and Saturday. SADIE HASSON, In Her Sensational Comedy-Drama, A Kentucky Girl. Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c. Next Sunday—"A Cracker Jack."

UNION TRUST BUILDING ROOF GARDEN AND CASINO. General Manager ..... PERCY DENTON. GRANDEST VAUDEVILLE EVENT EVENING. SUPERB CAFE. CONCERT ALL DAY. Roofs now entirely inclosed, affording complete protection from RAIN and WIND. Twenty-mile view of city from observatory. Day admission, 25c. Tel. 2604.

BASE BALL At New Sportsman's Park CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES TO-MORROW. PHILADELPHIA VS. ST. LOUIS BROWNS. Play called at 3:30. Admission, 25 cents. Ladies admitted to all privileges, 25 cents. Tickets on sale at Union Trust cigar stand.

THE HAGAN COON HOLLOW THE BIG SCENIC PRODUCTION. Wednesday and Saturday Matinee, 25c and 50c. Next Week—Hoyt's A Bunch of Keys. Tel. 771.

POPE'S—EVERY DAY. J. D. HOPKINS ..... Manager. CONTINUOUS SHOW. NO STOPS—1 to 10:30 P. M.—NO WAITS. Dramatic Co. in "SIGHTS OF LONDON." 10—Vaudeville Acts—10. Come any time—stay as long as you like. 10c—20c—30c. New Bill Next Week.

STANDARD—To-Night. MATINEE TUESDAY, 2 P. M. Sam T. Jack's Creole Co. and KILLAUII'S LIVING PICTURES. The Novelty Sensation of the Season. Next week—Reilly and Wood's Big Show.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

HOSMER HALL. DAY and BOARDING SCHOOL for GIRLS. Opens Sept. 26. All departments. Certificate admits to Wellesley, Smith and Vassar. Mrs. C. G. SHEPARD, Miss M. E. MATHEWS, Principals. 2815-2816 Locust st., St. Louis.

GOSPEL MEETINGS Every Night at FIRST UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Cor. Morgan and Newstead Av., Conducted by REV. H. H. BELL THE PUBLIC IS INVITED.

STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE. WEEKLY SERVICE from New York per THURSDAY EXPRESS Steamers to SOUTHAMPTON (LONDON and PARIS) and HAMBURG.

Normannia ..... Sept. 27 | Columbia ..... Nov. 8
Furst Bismarck ..... Oct. 4 | Augusta Victoria, Nov. 15
Columbia ..... Oct. 11

REGULAR SERVICE TO HAMBURG DIRECT. Dania, Sept. 29, 3:30 p. m. | Rhaetia, Oct. 13, 9:30 a. m. Prussia ..... Oct. 6, 10 a. m. | Marsvia, Oct. 20, 11:30 a. m. First cabin, $60 to $80. Steerage at low rates.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 37 Broadway, New York. International Bank of St. Louis, Agent for St. Louis.

Sig. H. Baritta Mull.

looked at the woman like
he was dumbfounded. He
a helpless way, as if he was
awake.
unny," said he, brushing his
his eyes.
d at Mrs. Abbott and gave the
ack. The idea that there was any
a being he could not raise from the
and particularly a tiny thing like this
man was too much for him.
"I think I will take my coat off this time" said he, as Mrs. Abbott asked him if he would like to try again. "Let me lift you on the carpet again."

He threw her up as easy as an ordinary man can toss a lead pencil. It cost him not the slightest effort. Mrs. Abbott stepped on the board. Sandow adjusted his grasp carefully. He placed his feet in the most advantageous position.

"Are you lifting?" asked Mrs. Abbott.

Sandow was lifting. The swelling of the great muscles could be seen. His face grew red and the perspiration ran from him. The little womam stood as solidly as ever. He could not move her. He did not give up easily. He exerted himself to the utmost. He placed himself in such a position as would enable him to use his strength to the best advantage. It was useless.

"I can't understand it," said he, slowly and with emphasis.

"Nor I, nor anyone," said Dr. Bailey.

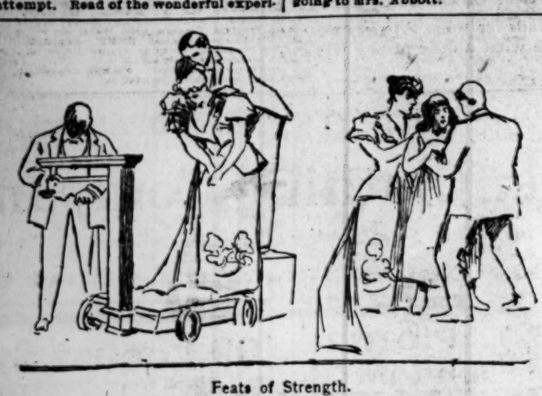
"She possesses some strange power which none of us know anything about. She takes away all the strength of those who try to lift her. Of course she cannot make herself heavy and light. It is some curious magnetic power."

Dr. Guy Bailey wanted to try to lift her. This made Sandow laugh. Of course he could do nothing. When he and Mrs. Abbott stepped off the board, Sandow exclaimed:

"I can lift you both now, see!"

He placed his arms around them and picked them up as if they were dolls. Sandow mopped his brow and thought about it.

"I used leg power in making that lift," he said, "and I had a good hold. This is the muscle I used," he said, jumping up and going to Mrs. Abbott.



Feats of Strength.

[From sketches taken at a private exhibition Sept. 20.]

ment in the words of those who took part in it.

To the Post-Dispatch:

The power possessed by Mrs. Abbott is weird and wonderful. I cannot explain it. I cannot theorize on it. I can only accept it and leave it. In the trial which I made to-day, I put forth my full strength, enough to lift eight men off the floor, yet I failed to shift her 1 inch from her position. So with the attempt to drive her back or force the stick to the floor. Whether this remarkable power is due to magnetism or arises from some faculty for which no name has been found, or which is yet unknown to science, it is impossible for me to tell, but from my own experience I should say that so far as she is concerned all human effort in the same direction would fail.

SANDOW.

To the Post-Dispatch:

When Sandow placed his hands about my waist today I lost confidence in myself for the first time in my life. I never felt such a grip in my life, and I have known the clutches of most strong men. When he took hold of me I felt something like an electrical shock pass through my body. It was not like the touch of a human being. I began to fear that his power was stronger than mine. That was when I stood on the carpet and told him to lift me into the air. I had no sooner spoken than he shot me into the air. I felt as if I were going through the ceiling. He caught me as I came down and I had a feeling of nausea. Then I stepped on the piece of wood with the feeling that the tremendous strength of this man would take away all my force. I thought that nothing could withstand him, but I concentrated my thoughts on this thought: "If it is possible for my force to keep me down he shall not lift me." I kept repeating that. When he put his hands on me after I stepped on the board I could feel nothing. I did not even know he was lifting. I placed my thumb between his body and mine and it was almost crushed. His grasp is something tremendous. Then my confidence returned. I felt as if I were in an iron cage which closely fitted my body and which was riveted to the floor so securely that no power could move it. I felt as though Sandow was lifting on this cage, and no matter how much effort he put forth he could not disturb me.

ANNIE ABBOTT.

When asked if she were willing to have Sandow try to lift her Mrs. Abbott she would be glad to take part in the experiment.

"He can't lift me," she declared, "no matter how strong he is. The stronger the man the easier it is for me."

The result justified her confidence, but, as she confessed, she received a shock sufficient to shake for the first time in her life her confidence in her power. Sandow had heard much of her. They met in London. He was willing to enter on the experiment. He hadn't the least doubt in his own mind that he could easily raise her from the floor. He was inclined to hold back out of feelings of gallantry. He drove to the hotel about 3 p. m. Mrs. Abbot was waiting for him. She had been out shopping, but felt so ill she returned quickly. Sandow came in with his brisk air of importance.

"Shall we have the test?" asked Mrs. Abbott.

"Certainly," said Sandow. "I am ready."

"You had better take off your coat," said Dr. Bailey.

"Oh, no; I do not think it will be necessary," said Sandow. "I will try first with it on."

Mrs. Abbott stood on the carpet and told Sandow to lift her. He grasped her about the waist, and in a second she shot up in the air as if she had been sent from a cannon. He flew out of his hands, but he caught her as she came down.

"You're like a feather," said Sandow.

"Wait till I step on the board," said she. Then she wanted to know if he didn't have a electric belt or something like that on, as he said she felt exactly as if she was standing on an electric current. Then she stepped on the board. It was an ordinary piece of board about two feet long and a foot wide. Mrs. Abbott did not touch it at all, and during the tests it was moved about frequently.

"Now," said she, as she stepped on the board, "get a strong hold and prepare to lift."

She was laughing, but her face was pale, and her eyes had a worried look. Sandow placed his hands about her waist. He bent his knees and held his arms close to his sides. He began to lift gradually. She did not budge. She was as immovable as an anchored column. Then the strong man exerted all his force. The slender little woman did not move an inch. From the sofa came a shriek of laughter. Dr. Bailey, who is a fine big man, was rolling around. He laughed until he cried. He was having his revenge, for all the people whom he had spoken to about the woman told him he was losing his mind. But Sandow did not mind his laughing. When his great effort failed he looked at the woman like
he was dumbfounded. He
a helpless way, as if he was
"Gracious," said she, "it's like a piece of iron."

"Huh!" said the doctor, who weighs 220 pounds, "you could lift me on to that table with one hand. Sandow said he would do it right then. The doctor placed his feet on one of Sandow's hands and the latter lifted him and placed him on the table three feet high without any effort.

After these tests were over Mrs. Abbott went to a neighboring grocery store, where she played tricks on the scales which are in every-day use. She made the scales register her weight all the way from 70 to 140 pounds, just as she did during the exhibition Thursday night. Then she made a man's weight vary by placing her hands on his.

Mrs. Annie Abbott is so small in appearance that it seemed that any able-bodied man could lift her from the floor. This strange and inexplicable power which she possesses has made her famous in other parts of the world, but it has never before been seen in New York. In Germany she has stirred up a fine row among wise professors, and she sails for Europe to help some of the professors out, for they have gone to law over a book written about her. She intended starting sooner, but her departure was delayed by a nervous attack, and Dr. Thomas H. Bailey of No. 1 East Thirteenth street was called to attend her. He was so completely flabbergasted by Mrs. Abbott that he decided, in the interest of science, to make it pleasant for his learned friends, who laughed at him when when he told them about the strange woman. So he arranged for the exhibition of Thursday evening.

Among the doctors who were there were Charles L. Dana, John A. Wyeth, A. L. Ranney, W. R. Townsend, Andrew H. Robinson, Thomas R. Pooley, Henry G. Piffard, Edward J. Birmingham, Henry D. Chapin, Guy Bailey and H. Frauenthal.

Mrs. Abbott has a thin, worn face with a suggestion of prettiness about it. Her blue eyes are very bright. She has brown hair. She wore a gorgeous evening dress of black embroidered satin and green silk trimmed with ostrich feathers. She wore many diamonds, for she has made a deal of money by exhibiting her powers. She made a little speech to begin with. She said she wouldn't call it anything; she would make some tests and those who saw it could call the power what they liked. And if they could explain to her just what it was she would be very much obliged. Some of her tests had been suggested by Dr. Charcot. He thought the power was hypnotism. German scientists called it something else. A good many people said she was a magnet. She doesn't think she is. Others said it was a trick, and if it was she was sure that every one would agree that it was a good one. She didn't know anything about magnetism nor hypnotism nor electricity nor occultism. She was an ignorant country girl, born in Georgia, who had married when she was 18, and all the education she had she had picked up herself. She explained the board platform which had been placed in the room by saying that she could not work on carpets or metals.

Then Mrs. Abbott started right in. She called her daughter, who is 13 years old, and who wore a yellow dress, and asked a doctor to lift the little girl. The doctor who came forward was a big man. He picked up the child without difficulty.

"It is easy to lift her," said the wise man.

"Now we will try the experiment," said Mrs. Abbott, smiling. "I will place one hand on her spine, between the shoulders. Place your hands underneath the little girl's arms so that your flesh will come in contact with hers. I will place my other hand on yours. Now then!"

The doctor drew a long breath and began to lift. The child was slightly raised and then sank back again. The man tugged and pulled harder than ever.

"Lemme get a better hold," he said breathlessly. Then he clasped the girl about the waist and pulled harder than ever. Suddenly the child shot into the air.

"The doctor's hands came in contact," explained Mrs. Abbott. "When that occurs I no longer have any control."

They tried this experiment and demonstrated its truth. Three soiled, grinning urchins from the street were brought upon the platform. They and the little girl clasped hands and four strong men gathered behind them. One was Dr. O'Sullivan. The men made individual attempts to lift the youngsters. It was a fine and inspiring sight to see Dr. O'Sullivan get down on his knees and shout. He could push that little street arab over, but he couldn't lift him with all his strength.

"Now, then, all together," said Mrs. Abbott, and the four men began to tug away at the children who had clasped hands. Not one little foot left the floor, although the men tugged until their faces looked like lobsters.

Mrs. Abbott said she wanted fifteen or eighteen men to come on the platform. So Dr. Bailey and his wife brothers, some of whom weighed more than 250 pounds, stood up. She arranged them in a line, one man grasping the man in front by the coat collar, while the other hand was placed in the small of the back. Mrs. Abbott placed herself at the head of the line, which looked as if it was about to break into the lockstep. She placed her hands on a physician's.

"Now, push me through the wall, if you can," she said.

They did their level best. They came down on her like a line of foot ball rushers, and it seemed she must be driven clear through into the street. But the line collapsed like a jackknife. Mrs. Abbott scarcely budged. The physician upon whom she placed her hands said he felt no pressure whatever. When this was over every one gathered about Mrs. Abbott and looked upon her with open mouths. It was a trifle charming, but it was as nothing compared with what followed. A pair of ordinary platform scales was brought in from the storeroom of the hotel. The storekeeper came along to do the weighing.

"We'll have my weight the first thing," said Mrs. Abbott, brightly. She stepped on the scales, the storekeeper began to fuss with the weight. He moved it back and forth in the most eccentric fashion. He became nervous and the perspiration dripped from his brow.

"What does she weigh?" asked an impatient man.

"I don't know," was the reply.

"Can't you weigh her?"

"She weighs anything from seventy pounds up. She can weigh anything she wants to," declared the storekeeper, and Mrs. Abbott laughed. Dr. Townsend came forth to assist in the test. He was found to weigh 195 pounds. A board was placed over the scales. The doctor was told to place his bare hands on Mrs. Abbott's neck and then bear upon her with all his weight while she stood on the scales. He did so and the combined weight of the two was less than 100 pounds. A man took Mrs. Abbott's place and then the weight was 280 pounds. Dr. Townsend climbed upon Mrs. Abbott's back while she was on the scales. The combined weight was 140 pounds. Now, how in the world can a woman who weighs ninety-eight pounds and a man who weighs 195 get on an ordinary pair of scales and weigh only 140 pounds? That's just what everyone who saw the test wants to know.

Then another man, who was also big and powerful, tried to lift Mrs. Abbott while she stood on the scales. He couldn't budge her, although he lifted hard enough to burst a blood vessel and did sacrifice several buttons. The more he lifted the more Mrs. Abbott weighed. With the man lifting at least 180 pounds the scales showed that Mrs. Abbott weighed 186 pounds. Later on Mrs. Abbott placed Dr. Townsend on the scales and told him to lay his palms on hers. She made his weight 210 pounds. Then without moving her position she made him weigh 180 pounds. At least four skeptical men did the weighing.

Mrs. Abbott told about the frightful nervous attacks from which she suffers. This, she thinks, comes from the noises in her head. She placed a champagne glass under her back hair. In the silence came a sound like that heard in the receiver of a telephone when the bell is being rung at the other end. It was distinct twenty feet away. Mrs. Abbott says she will give $10,000 to anyone who will cure these noises, and if people had any idea of the suffering it caused her they would understand that it would be cheap at the price.

Then came the last test. A little chap weighing about thirty pounds was placed at the other end of the room, a distance of about 30 feet. The boy's sleeves were rolled up and he was told to grasp a chair with his hands. "Can you see me?" she asked.

"Very well, I can't see you. Now, don't you let that man raise you from the floor. Keep your toes down." That man tugged until the blood seemed about to burst from his veins. He could raise the child on his toes, but the toes would not leave the floor. Dr. Frauenthal tried. He could do no better. No man there could lift the little chap free of the floor.

After it was all over the doctors gathered about Mrs. Abbott and talked it over. When they were asked their opinion they spoke as did Dr. Bailey:

"I can't explain it. There isn't any explanation. You can't doubt the evidence of your own senses, but you can't explain it in any way. It simply is, and that is all any one can say."

Trying to Lift Her.

[From sketches taken at a private exhibition Sept. 20.]

Unable to Push Her.

[From sketches taken at a private exhibition Sept. 20.]

UNIQUE WEDDING.

An Entire Village Gave the Bride Away.

ATCHISON, Kan., Sept. 24.—A unique marriage ceremony was performed Sunday at Oak Mills, a small village a few miles south of this city. Julia Downey, an orphan, and Thomas Rickett, aged 28 years, were the contracting parties. The bride was only 13 years of age, and having no relatives of whom to ask consent, the whole village turned out en masse to give the bride away. The marriage was performed on the market square.

OFFER OF GROUNDS.

Location Free of Rent for the New Association Club.

RAILWAY AND FERRY OFFICIALS INTERESTED IN THE DEAL.

A Tract of Land in East St. Louis Placed at the Disposal of the Promoters of the League's Rival—The Scandal of the Season—Whereabouts of Boundless—General Sport.

The establishment of a club in the proposed National Association in or around St. Louis will not be attended with difficulty. A gentleman prominently connected with the Illinois and St. Louis Transportation Co., said this morning that he had assurances that the officials of the Air Line, which owns a large tract of land near its freight depot in East St. Louis, will give suitable grounds rent free, and if is necessary furnish part of the capital to start the club. The grading of the grounds and building of the grand-stand will be the only expense in way of preparation, and, if the railway and ferry people find the right kind of parties behind the movement, liberal advances will be made.

The boats of the ferry company ply from Washington avenue and Spruce street to the proposed grounds and the travel would, it is expected, more than compensate them for their outlay. The trip can be made in ten minutes.

The sentiment of the cranks is in favor of the new departure and, if St. Louis is given a respectable team in the National Association, the bulk of the patronage will go to it.

BOSTON LEAGUE TEAM.

Rumor That All the Bean-Eaters Have Signed With the Nationals.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 24.—A report is current here to the effect that the entire Boston League team has signed with the New York National Association for next year. Manager Selee, who remained here, said so far as he was concerned he had verbally agreed to remain with the Bostons next year.

Mr. Selee intimated that the Boston players were dissatisfied with the management and the team would have won the pennant had it not been for the dissatisfaction of the players and that this same dissatisfaction would cause wholesale desertion.

DENIED BY THE PLAYERS.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 24.—Manager Selee and all the other members of the Boston Base Ball Club who have been asked about the story that their club had joined the New York National Association for next season, unite in denying its truth. They cannot even account for its origin.

Yesterday's Games.

There was no game at Sportsman's Park yesterday, and it didn't rain either. The Browns made a bluff at it, but the Orioles shook them off and the issue was not long in doubt. Double games were played by the Senators and Colts and the Reds and Bridegrooms, an even break resulting in each instance. The scores:

Clubs.	Pitcher.	R.	B.	H.	E.
Baltimore	Esper & Hemming	10	11		1
St. Louis	Breitenstein	4	7		3
Washington	Mulkay & Ostalie	6	8		6
Chicago	Terry	5	13		4
Brooklyn	Kennedy	10	16		1
Cincinnati	Wittrock	9	16		4
Cincinnati	Dwyer and Parrott	3	5		3
Brooklyn	Daub	2	5		2

The League Race.

The standing of the League clubs at noon to-day was as follows:

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimores	88	37	.699	Pittsburgs	60	64	.484
New Yorks	83	43	.659	Chicagos	55	74	.426
Bostons	80	46	.635	Cincinnatis	51	72	.415
Philadelph's	70	51	.579	St. Louis	51	75	.405
Brooklyns	68	57	.544	Washington's	45	82	.354
Clevelands	64	59	.520	Louisvilles	35	89	.282

To-Day's Games.

Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Baltimore at Cleveland.
Boston at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at Pittsburg.
Washington at Chicago.
New York at Louisville.

GOSSIP OF THE GAME.

Scandal in the League—Progress of the New Association.

In 1891 Boston's title to the League championship was clouded by New York's peculiar action in playing off a number of postponed games in Boston with a weakened team, and a scandal ensued which hurt the League and unquestionably affected the game. This year there is another scandal which also affects the championship and clouds and mars the contest.

There is no doubt that the Baltimore players, with the sanction of the Baltimore management, did pay Pitcher Ehret of the Pittsburg Club $100 to stimulate him to extra efforts to defeat the New Yorks, the Orioles' closest competitors. The Browns were given 200 cigars for their success with Boston. The charge is made that Ehret was given $100 by the Baltimore players to throw the game which he pitched for Pittsburg against them. Hanlon, Robinson and the Orioles pronounce the last charge a lie and point to the fine game which Ehret pitched as proof positive that he was not corrupted on that occasion. The score was 4 to 1 in Baltimore's favor and had Ehret been better supported it would have been closer. Ehret now comes out with a story that Kelly, Baltimore's out-fielder, offered him $500 to drop the game, but he refused it. After the game, so the red-headed twirler says, he went to Capt. Robinson of the Baltimores and demanded $100 as hush money, and he claims that he was paid that sum in order to close his mouth. Robinson and Kelly deny this most emphatically and say that Ehret, who is not considered very bright, is trying to figure in a sensation.

* * *

When Ehret failed to do better than make a draw, he wired Robinson to find out if the offer still stood. Robinson telegraphed him that it did. Ehret went in against the Giants on Saturday and by holding them down to four hits, defeated them. The New York players are naturally indignant and some cranks readily accept their explanation of Baltimore's splendid success. Ward and his Giants charge that Hanlon's players have bought their victories. The integrity of the game is brought into question and nothing but harm can result. The extent to which the Orioles have used money is a matter of speculation, but it is hardly probable that it went further than the promise and payment of money to a pitcher for winning against the New York or Boston clubs and thus throwing down a rival. The League should legislate against this practice and stop it. If the Baltimore players have corrupted Ehret or any other player, the guilty parties should be blacklisted.

* * *

Dick Buckley, the Browns' old catcher, said this morning that he had been approached by a gentleman in Chicago yesterday with a request that he would not sign with the Phillies for the next year, until he had considered an offer of the Nationals.

"I was assured that Pfeffer will be at the head of the opposition to the Colts and that the proposed club would be a go. Several of our players have also been asked not to sign until they see the people behind the new movement. I don't know what to think of it and have given no promise. It know that Wheeler and Ward of the New York club are at outs with the former is said to be in the new s[illegible]obnson is wealthy and likes the [illegible]omiskey is sore at [illegible]ll jump at the chance to [illegible]a rival to the Browns. [illegible]roposed league are said [illegible]rties and it is no sure [illegible]go. The League clubs [illegible]rs right will be given the preference by the old-timers, I suppose, but the boys who have been handed about and treated like serfs will gladly go to the new organization. That's the way I size it up."

* * *

The Browns have not won a majority of the games in any of the series finished and it is more than probable that they will not have a single intercity series to their credit at the close of the season. They have won six and lost six with Boston, Pittsburg, Chicago and Louisville, and lost the series to Baltimore, Cleveland, Cincinnati, New York and Brooklyn. Even Washington has one series to its credit. Louisville, which made a stand-off with the Browns, is its victim. The Senators have beaten the Browns in six of the nine games played so far, and one more victory will give them the series. The St. Louis club has defeated the Phillies in five of the nine games already played between them. Interest in the game has decreased, and their experience with the Orioles has had a bad effect upon the Browns. They realize that they have nothing to gain, and will not overexert themselves in the remaining games.

Base Ball Notes.

Now is the time to look out for secret meetings of the League in New York.

The new League, in the opinion of the players, is a go, yet but few of them will admit that they have been approached.

This is the last week of the season of 1894.

Rivalry is as beneficial to base ball as any other business.

Baltimore only needs one more victory to clinch the pennant. Gleason will try to do the trick at Cleveland to-day.

Purchasers of the official score book at Sportsmans Park receive a POST-DISPATCH free of charge in exchange for the coupon.

Among the Amateurs.

The Real Estate Base Ball team wound up their season last Saturday afternoon by defeating the Bank of Commerce team by a score of 15 to 10 on the Christian Brothers' College grounds.

The Schaeidler and Hartley teams of Trenton, Ill., defeated the Strauss-Photos of St. Louis by a score of 19 to 18.

The De Soto Blanks defeated the South Ends of St. Louis yesterday by a score of 12 to 6. Catcher Klek of the De Soto Club had his arm broken during the game by colliding with Steiger, who was running home from third.

AMONG THE TURFITES.

Whereabouts of Boundless, the American Derby Winner of 1893.

What has become of Boundless, the American Derby winner of 1893? is a question that is often asked and not without reason, for Boundless by his victory in that race netted his owner, J. E. Cushing of Minneapolis, the sum of $50,000 and made him, comparatively speaking, a rich man. After the son of Harry O'Fallon had carried off the great turf prize of the World's Fair year he was sent East to run in the Realization, but the change of climate proved too much for him, as it had in the case of many others, and he made but a sorry showing. Shortly after his return to the West the colt went lame, and though Mr. Cushing hoped to be able to race him this season he has now given up all hopes of getting him to the post, and will have him fired before he leaves Latonia. In appearance the horse has but few equals, and were it not for the one game leg he would doubtless be a bread winner, but as in the case of Morello it is a leg that troubles him. It is Mr. Cushing's intention to drive him all this winter to a buggy and sleigh at his Minnesota home, where it is too cold for a boy to exercise them by riding them.

* * *

There has been much talk about the engagement of Charlie Thorpe, the jockey. The Cincinnati *Times* has the following upon the subject: "Hiram Scogan, the originator of the Scogan Bros.' stable, came up from his farm near Louisville Thursday and was at the Latonia track in the afternoon. Mr. Scogan put a damper on all the talk about Charlie Thorpe going with the Fleischmann stable next year, and as he has the first call on him, he says he will keep him with his stable. He says he can afford to pay Thorpe as much as any other owner can and will do it. Thorpe received a final proposition from Mr. Fleischmann last week —$7,000 and pay for mounts—and Charlie had decided to accept the offer in case Mr. Scogan did not come to this figure, but he would rather ride for Scogan Bros. than Fleischmann, providing the price is the same. Thorpe is at present laid up with malarial fever, and yesterday was out of bed for the first time in two or three days. Seven thousand dollars and mounts is pretty good money for a jockey, and Charlie would make the grand total about $12,000 for the season, which would make him a 2-per-center on the income tax list."

* * *

Racing at Latonia continues to be very queer. The colored trust makes some peculiar plays. Recently two horses ran in a stake in the colors of one of the officials, but the programmer was requested to put them on the card as animals owned by different parties. To a man up a tree it looked as if the owner did not want them coupled in the betting. There was less danger of disqualification of both and better odds could be obtained.

* * *

Some bookmaker-owner could make capital upon sentiment if he would occasionally pursue the old method of turning his slate and keeping off the block during a race in which one of his animals participated. The opportunity for crooked work under these circumstances could not be excelled, and the most frequent defeat of a horse thus owned and fancied by the public gives color to the charges often made that many bookmaker-owners are not on the square.

Track Talk.

Flora Thornton, owned by a Chicago saloonkeeper, awoke at Gravesend Friday and at 15 to 1, well backed, defeated Declare, Figaro, John Cooper, Hyderabad, Peter the Great and Scamp. And this is sport.

The Little Rock derby next season will be worth $2,000. In all $11,700 will be given out in purses and stakes at the five days' meeting.

Friaco will have a steeplechase, two and a quarter miles, for $2,000, named after the famous track. The Lissark handicap for 3-year olds was named in honor of Jack Chinn's good colt.

Now the story is that Riley Grannon intends to quit book-making and marry. Grannon says that the work on the block is too exciting. "Riley may find matrimony more so," said one of his Kentucky friends.

Tons of water on the Maspeth track did not stop the racing in the mud, but when the inundation extended to the engine-room the dynamos stopped—the lights went out and racing was temporarily abandoned. Great institutions, these electric light races.

SHOT AT THEIR DISTANCE.

Americans Had No Cause to Complain of the Handicapping.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The referee and handicapper of the Hurlingham Gun Club has written a letter to the *Sporting Times* regarding the complaints of unfair treatment by some of the Americans who took part in the international shooting contest. He says that early in the summer Capt. Money asked the committee to allow certain American sportsmen to compete in the international contest. When they arrived the difficulty of handicapping was explained and Capt. Money suggested that the Americans should shoot at their distance, which would satisfy them. This was agreed to, the referee adds, and, therefore, the Americans, he claims, handicapped themselves. He also remarks:

"Any one who has seen Hurlingham knows that it was impossible for the Americans to be given outside traps and the English inside traps. One mistake was made in measurement and that was immediately corrected. The statement that the English knew of it is an abominable falsehood. Every courtesy was shown the visitors and passes were given them for all their lady friends."

BRITONS AT THE BAT.

Closing Innings of Lord Hawke's Eleven Against the Philadelphias.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 24.—The day is a splendid one for outdoor sport. It is generally conceded that the Americans must play remarkably fine cricket, if they expect to defeat the Englishmen, as the latter had a lead of 197 runs when play was started to-day.

A few minutes past 11 o'clock Mordaunt and Bardswell took up positions at the wickets and King and Patterson were selected to do the bowling for the Americans. Soon after play began Bardswell was caught by Ralston of Muir. Score 208—9—7. Whitewell was the last man in.

Mordaunt began immediately to [illegible] the score with three off Patterson, [illegible] followed by a boundary off King. [illegible] also did good batting, sending [illegible] boundaries. The Philadelphias are fielding excellently, several notably good stops being made by King and Patterson. The bowlers were changed frequently, but the Britons bat cautiously and are slowly running up the score. An unluckly ball from Muir went off Bardswell's bat into the hands of Ralston behind the wicket and the ninth wicket was down for 208. The last man up was Whitewell, who joined Mordaunt. The latter was caught by Ralston a moment later. Patterson bowling. Score, 235—10—62. The Englishmen are all out for 245 runs.

After ten minutes' intermission, the local team began its second inning, 253 runs behind the visitors. Muric and Patterson went to the bat with Bathurst and Hillyard bowling.

DID NOT SUCCEED.

Searles Failed to Accomplish His Task—Lifted From His Machine.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—"Scorcher" E. P. Searles, the bicycle rider who attempted to lower the road record between Chicago and New York, arrived yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Pomeroy, having been eight days and three hours on the road. He failed to accomplish his task, that of covering the 1,000 miles in five days and five hours, or of breaking the existing record of 7d. 22h.

Men were sent out on nearly all the roads entering New York to meet the wheelman, but all missed him, and at 5 o'clock he came in by the Kingsbridge road and boulevard. Searles was so weak that he had to be lifted from his machine and immediately fell asleep, having had but a dozen hours' rest since he left Chicago over a week ago. He was taken to a room in the hotel and put to bed. All attempts to rouse him and get a description of his trip were unavailing. So badly did the man need sleep that a sound rubbing down by trainers did not even disturb his slumbers.

In a little conversation had with him on the boulevard, Searles said he would easily have accomplished his task had it not been for the recent rain-storm, which overtook him at Fremont, O., and accompanied him all the way to Syracuse.

IN PHENOMENAL TIME.

Bohman Lowers the 100-Mile Record Over the Elgin-Aurora Course.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—O. F. Bohman, the crack long-distance rider of the Lake View Cycling Club, broke the 100-mile record over the Elgin-Aurora course in the phenomenal time of 6h. 8m. and 30s, thus reducing the former record held by Gunther by 37½ minutes. He was paced by relay riders between sections of the triangular course, finishing late last night.

Foot Ball Accidents.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Though the foot ball season has only been open a short time, numerous accidents have already occurred. A man named Hudson, playing at Shipley on Saturday, broke his neck, and at a game at Tottenham two players each had a leg broken.

Lacrosse at Forest Park.

A match game of lacrosse was played yesterday morning on the lacrosse grounds in Forest Park, at the terminus of the Lindell Railway, between two picked teams from the St. Louis Lacrosse Club. It was witnessed by a large crowd, who were very much interested in the game. Some very pretty team work was shown, but the neat passing of Sam De Roche, George Kelly, Jimmy Gorman and Jack Forsythe called forth vigorous applause at times. The club plays every Sunday morning and has made arrangements for a very interesting game for next Sunday morning.

Carver Won This Time.

Dr. Carver easily defeated Crosby, the Illinois crack, in the second shoot of the match at Compton Avenue Park yesterday The veteran killed 95 of his 100 birds, while Crosby missed 12. The match will be ended this afternoon.

OVER A HAT.

Pat Holmes Fined for Annoying a Third Street Merchant.

Pat Holmes, a good-natured citizen of the Fourth Ward, about 30 years of age, filled up on booze yesterday morning and about 11 o'clock went to the clothing and furnishing goods store of Solomon Itzkosky at 1208 North Third street and taking a hat from a dummy in front inquired the price of the tile. Mr. Itzkosky said $1. Mr. Holmes wanted to know if 50 cents wouldn't buy the sky-piece. Mr. Itzkosky said "No," whereupon Mr. Holmes hauled off and hit him a resounding smack in the face, at the same time dropping the hat and sailing off down the street with Mr. Itzkosky in hot and angry pursuit. Around on Broadway Holmes ran into the arms of Officers Knollhoff and Simcox, who arrested him. This morning in the Second District Police Court Mr. Itzkosky indignantly related how Mr. Holmes had grievously assaulted him. Holmes pleaded guilty. He smiled as he took the stand and said: "I admit striking him, your honor, I was a little full, your honor, just full enough to have some fun. I didn't want the hat. I wouldn't have worn it if he gave it to me and I just hit him because he didn't talk right to me." Judge Paxson fined him $5, but remitted the tax after court.

A peculiar feature of the case was that the hat disappeared during the melee and neither its owner nor its would-be purchaser could tell what had become of it.

CASE CONTINUED.

Mrs. Lily Jane Herndon's Breach of Promise Suit Against Maj. Williams.

The case of Mrs. Lily Jane Herndon of this city against Maj. Morgan Williams of Atlanta, Macon Co., for $5,000, for breach of promise, was called in the Circuit Court, at Macon, on Saturday. Mrs. Herndon did not appear, but Maj. Williams was ready for trial as soon as he discovered that Mrs. Herndon was not. The case was continued to the December term.

It is stated at Macon that Maj. Williams has so disposed of his property that Mrs. Herndon would not be able to find anything to satisfy a judgment should she win her case. A motion was mae by Maj. Williams' attorney to have Mrs. Herndon put up security for costs, but it was not sustained.

Mrs. Herndon, at the time the suit was instituted, the early part of August, was employed at the wholesale establishment of Lewis-Zuloski Co., but left there about Sept. 1 to accept a position as head milliner with some establishment in the interior of the State.

A BRIDAL VEIL.

Annie Morris Startles the Second District Police Court.

Annie Morris, a middle-aged woman, who occupies the defendant's chair in the Second District Police Court periodically, startled the habitues of that tribunal this morning by walking out from the cage when her case was called with her head enveloped in what looked to be a cross between a table cloth and a bridal veil. With her small, sharp features environed with this immaculate head-gear, she looked quite angelic and as she began to whisper to Judge Paxson to tell him how she happened to be arrested at seventh and Franklin avenue for disturbing the peace last evening, Prosecutor Mulvihill expected to hear her tell his honor that she had been to a wedding or a church service of some kind. Instead she began to abuse Officer Kelly and tell the Court that he had insulted her repeatedly and harrested her simply because she had refused to marry her son. Judge Paxson asked him about the veil and Annie said $5, and Mary and her bridal veil were returned to the cage.

Home Seekers' Excursions.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway will sell tickets at greatly reduced rates on Sept. 25 and Oct. 9 to all points in Texas, Kday, New Mexico and Lake Charles, La. For further information call at City Ticket Office, 306 North Broadway, or at Broadway Station, Mulanphy street.

HUBBARD'S ARREST.

Charged With Complicity in Counterfeiting Silver Certificates.

A LETTER FROM WASHINGTON DESCRIBING THE NEW COUNTERFEIT.

Hubbard's Relations With Adam Hafley, Jr., the Ashley (Ill.) Counterfeiter—Secret Service Gratuities—Hubbard May Claim He Was Acting for the Government—A Counterfeit National Bank Note.

Lucian Hubbard, who was arrested at St. Francis, Ark., yesterday for alleged complicity in the manufacture and circulation of counterfeit $20 silver certificates, is expected to arrive in St. Louis to-night in charge of United States Marshal Lynch and United States Secret Service Operator Murphy. Hubbard is represented as a young man of pleasing manners who was employed as a druggist at Malden, Mo. The Federal officers are not disposed to say what were the relationship between Hubbard and Adam Hafley, Jr., who was arrested at Ashley, Ill., a few days ago, for making the counterfeit $20 certificates. But a telegram was received From Marshal Lynch to-day asking for advice as to how to proceed. He said Hubbard was wanted in Illinois and Lynch wished to know whether Hubbard should first be brought before the United States Commissioner at Poplar Bluff, Mo. The statement that Hubbard is wanted in Illinois indicates that he is accused of being an associate of Hafley's. The Wilson brothers, who are members of the same gang, are yet under arrest in Arkansas. The Federal officers are reticent as to Hubbard's connection with the counterfeiters because it is expected that he will make the defense that he was acting in the interest of the Government under the authority of a circular letter which the secret service operatives issue to men who pretend to have valuable information. The letter begins:

To state general principles, governing the action of this division in presenting small gratuities of money an expression of its thanks to persons who perform meritorious service in bringing counterfeiters to justice will be a sufficient answer to your letter of inquiry on that subject dated ——."

The circular proceeds to state what expenses of such amateur detectives will be paid, and winds up with the statement in italics:

This circular is not intended to give the holder any authority to act for the Secret Service Division of the United States Treasury Department.

The Federal officers say that this letter does not warrant a man in becoming a member of a gang of counterfeiters in order to betray them to the Government. It is believed that Hubbard got one of these circulars in reply to a letter which he sent the authorities some time ago. Hubbard's letters opened the eyes of the Federal officers to the dangerous $20 counterfeits which were in circulation.

THE NEW COUNTERFEIT.

The following circular was received from Washington to-day touching the counterfeits made at Ashley, Ill.:

NEW COUNTERFEIT $5 U. S. SILVER CERTIFICATE.

Series 1891, check letter B, plate No. 7, W. S. Rosecrans, Register; E. H. Webster, Treasurer; portrait of Grant; small, round carmine seal. This is a companion note to, and made by the same process as the $20 counterfeit silver certificate recently described in Circular Letter No. 23, from this office. The Treasury numbers are to heavy and almost black in color, the panel containing said numbers, in lower left corner of note, is represented in the genuine as a scroll with a narrow white border and the right end of which is curled over, while in the counterfeit this panel is simply composed of irregular parallel ruled lines without white border or curled end, and the small rosettes showing the top of said scroll in the genuine are not to be found in the counterfeit. The portrait of Grant is poor, and appears as though much of the work had been rubbed off, leaving bare places, and the shirt in the genuine is shown to have an opening in the bosom, while in the counterfeit it is plain. As in the $20 note, the color of the ink used on back is a light faded green. The seal is good both in color and workmanship. The paper is two pieces pasted together with silk distributed between them. The maker of this note and the $20 silver certificate above referred to and three confederates were arrested Sept. [illegible] 1894, and the plates, presses, inks, silk, paper, [illegible] captured by agents of the service, but some of [illegible] money is known to be in circulation and the pu[illegible] is warned to look out for it. Respectfully yours,

W. P. HALL, Chief.

A NATIONAL BANK COUNTERFEIT.

A circular letter was also received giving warning of a counterfeit which has been in circulation since 1867. It is a spurious $20 national bank note, received by the Chief of the Secret Service from the Sub-Treasury at New Orleans. It is a note on the Fourth National Bank of New Orleans: The letter says:

It is of the old series, having for the center piece of the back the picture of the "Baptism of Pocohontas." This note is printed from a steel-engraved plate and can be classed as a dangerous counterfeit, the close security of the heads of the figures in the baptismal scene on the back and the picture of the battle of Lexington on the left end corner of the face of the note are almost wholly devoid of expression, the eyes of the figures having a bulged look and appear, like black spots; the face of the female figure stooping over the fallen volunteer in the battle scene on the counterfeit note has a wild, frightened look, while on the genuine the expression is soft and sympathetic. The seal is the small spiked carmine one, and is well printed. The paper is good, but is two pieces pasted together.

The plates from which this note was printed were captured in Philadelphia, Pa., on the 26th day of September, 1867, and it was never known that any notes were printed from it. The note before me is much worn and has the

NTUCKY TAX WAR

ector Blackwell Has Not Yet Invaded Union County.

AL MEANS WILL BE FIRST USED TO OPPOSE HIM.

hose Fail, Force May Be Used to Prevent the Collection of the Tax for an Unbuilt Railway — The Situation Rather Serious—Origin of the Trouble.

ORGANFIELD, Ky., Sept. 24.—This morning has failed to reveal any decisive developments in the threatened war between the payers and the Collector of the railroad in Caseyville and Liadle precincts. The atches being sent out from differ- points are greatly exaggerated. y are without foundation. Yet, the ation is serious. The people in those icts are well armed with Winchesters shot guns and are determined not to pay ector Blackwell one cent of the tax, ch they claim was conceived in d. It is reported that Collector kwell will arm 100 men and rch down into the district, but at this s he has not begun the organization of men, notwithstanding many have been cited and agreed to join the army, nor the Collector received any guns. The ector refuses to talk, but the most re- le information is that he will go down the districts about the first of next k, if he goes at all.

e result of the conference between Col- or Blackwell and his spiritual adviser, Jas. Vernon of Henderson, cannot be ned, but it did not change the Collector's rmination to proceed with the collec- of the tax.

LEGAL MEANS WILL BE USED FIRST.

henever Collector Blackwell invades the burdened districts the people will first eavor to prevent the collections by legal ceedings, and if they fail in this blood- l may follow. It is the opinion in legal les that as soon as the first levy is at- pted a warrant will be issued for Col- or Blackwell, causing him to show by at authority he enters the district and by at right he levies on their property. It is med that the Collector must reside in district, and as Blackwell lives in other part of the country it is denied t he has any legal right to collect the tax. e above proceedings will stop the collec- n until the question is decided by the arts, and it is thought at least two years be gained in that way, during which a compromise will most likely occur. If step should fail in its purpose, other l proceedings will be resorted to, and if hese should fail and the Collector should ist in forcing a collection, bloodshed undoubtedly follow, as the people are rmined not to give up their property.

STORY OF THE BOND ISSUE.

e trouble in Union County, Ky., has its in in a railway bond issue for a railway was never built, and has many points imilarity to the St. Clair and Cass County d cases of Missouri, where judges of the nty Court are now in prison for refusing rder a tax levy to pay the holders of ds voted by those counties to build a way that was never constructed. Here he story of the Union County bond case: en. Gordon Winslow of New York organ- l a company to build a railroad from dison ville to the Ohio River in Caseyville rict. That was some twenty years ago. ors one mile of the road had been graded ousted the two representatives of the peo- from the Board of Directors and substi- ed two of his friends. The board had the ds for $75,000, of which Caseyville had scribed $60,000 and Lindle $15,000, ned in secret during the night l slipped out of the county. They re sold or transferred to Col. W. Preston of Davenport, Io., well known for operations in New York financial circles, order that they might be valid, an inno- nt purchaser holding them. Work was spended on the road and the people left to old the bag. They paid the tax for three ars and then quit. The bonds have ex- ired, and Capt. Tom Blackwell has enlisted 0 men, armed with Winchester rifles, to ollect the tax.

The bonds and accrued interest amount to 05,000. This will make the people paupers they are forced to pay it. They claim that ey do not owe a cent of it, and will resist the death. The people offered Preston 5,000 for the bonds as a compromise ten ys ago, and the only reply was the state- ent that Blackwell and 100 men armed with inchesters would invade the two precincts Monday and force them to pay the tax.

Religious Notes.

e members of the B'nai El congregation at the church on Chouteau avenue yes- ay and settled up their affairs for the r. The president's report showed 153 mbers in good standing. The secretary treasurer made their reports on the nces and other matters. The new officers ted were Sigmund Stampfer, President; ries Cook, Vice-President; Henry Kohner, retary; Daniel Kinsbuer, Treasurer; David rirs, Temple Warden; Max Weil, School ector; I. Weinberger, sexton. Jacob enstein, S. E. Freund, E. M. Schwartz- f and Sol Stampfer were elected directors. e B'nai El is the oldest Jewish congrega- n in the city.

v. H. H. Bell, the evangelist of the ted Presbyterian Church, preached yes- day afternoon at the Central Branch of e Y. M. C. A. at Twenty-ninth and Pine eets. He took as his text "What Think u of Christ?"

ev. J. F. Mueller was duly installed as stor of the Second German Presbyterian urch yesterday afternoon. Rev. John ston, moderator, preached a sermon and v. A. W. Reinhard addressed the congre- ation in German. Rev. J. H. Gaus delivered e charge to the new pastor.

The regular services at the First Presby- rian Church were resumed yesterday with sermon by Rev. David C. Marquis of icago. The church has been thoroughly novated and repainted and is now in ex- llent condition. Rev. Dr. Martin, the stor, expects to return from Europe in me to preach next Sunday.

Dr. S. J. Niccolls preached at the Second esbyterian Church yesterday for the first me since his return from the Adirondacks, ere he has been spending the summer.

ev. A. J. Jarrell preached his last sermon r the conference year yesterday at the rst M. E. Church. The evening sermon as preached by Rev. A. T. Tidwell.

The various Lutheran congregations of orth St. Louis held a union festival at Fallon Park yesterday. From a pulpit neath an ancient oak the congregation as addressed by Rev. P. Schwankosky of benezer Church, Rev. Harmon of No- omis, Ill., and Missionary Mann. The af- ir was arranged by a committee compris- g Messrs. Hannosky, Frank, Henderstell, ischmeyer, Stark, Sidney, Fischer and ellhardt, who represented Ebenezer, Zion, t. Paul's, Bethany, Bethlehem and Grace hurches.

Rev. James S. Kirtley, pastor of the Del- ar Avenue Baptist Church, prefaced his ermon last evening with a few remarks in eply to Ingersoll's letter on the ethics of uicide. Mr. Kirtley took up the several ositions of the great infidel and refuted the rguments advanced in defense of self-de- truction.

V. P. BALL.
Full Dress
Pat. Leathers for Men.
Brolaski,
206 North Broadway.

St. Patrick's Fair.

A meeting of the parishioners of St. Patrick's parish was held last evening with the pastor, Fr. McCaffrey, presiding, for the purpose of making arrangement for a fair and festival to be given for the benefit of the church, at St. Lawrence O'Toole's School hall, Fourteenth street, between Biddle and O'Fallon, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, Oct. 23 and 24.

Cheap Home Seekers' Excursion.

On Tuesday, Sept. 25, the Burlington route will sell excursion tickets to all points in the est, Northwest and Southwest at one fare r the round trip, plus $2.

Ticket office No. 219 North Broadway.

BY HIS PUPILS.

Funeral Services Were Conducted Over the Remains of Bro. Barbas.

Funeral services were held this morning on Bro. Barbas of the Catholic order of Christian Brothers, who died last Saturday night in Chicago and whose remains arrived in St. Louis last evening. The ceremonies were held in the chapel of the college of the Christian Brothers at Easton avenue and King's highway. The hall was crowded with students who had sat at the feet of the dead teacher. The coffin rested in the main aisle directly in front of the altar, where candles blazed above the image of Christ, and the smoke of burning censers was sweet on the air. Solemn requiem high mass was held at 9 o'clock. The priests who officiated had been pupils of Bro. Barbas. There were thirty-five of them. Rev. J. J. McCabe of the Church of the Sacred Heart was the celebrant. Rev. Robert J. Hayes of St. Patrick's was deacon and Rev. Owen J. McDonald was sub-deacon. Rev. Martin Brennan, pastor of St. Bridget's, acted as master of ceremonies. Among the others who took prominent part in the services were: Revs. F. W. Tallon, D. J. Lavery, G. D. Power, Thomas Brown, C. S. S. R.; E. J. Wynne, Henry Bronsgeest, S. J.; J. T. Coffee, J. Harty, J. J. O'Brien, R. X. O'Reilly, Charles Zeigler, John Dillon, J. Burke and Clements Martin, B. J. Absolution was pronounced by Rev. Edward Fenton, who also delivered the address. He took no text. He dwelt upon the purity and self-sacrifice of the life of the dead and drew natural lesson from it. The pall-bearers were members of the college faculty. A long cortege, followed the hearse to Calvary Cemetery, where the remains were interred in a flower strewn grave.

Bro. Barbas was 66 years old. His real name was John Finnegan. He was born at Drancar, County Louth, Ireland. There he grew to manhood and received a collegiate education. He came to the United States upon the advice of Bishop Hughes, and entered the order of the Christian Brothers in July, 1852. He had been ill for several months before his death. The last forty-three years of his life had been devoted to the church and to church educational work. He was teacher of philosophy in the college of the Christian Brothers.

Funeral of Bro. Raphael.

Solemn requiem high mass was said at 8:15 o'clock this morning in St. Alphonsus Church, at Grand and Finney avenues, over the remains of Bro. Raphael, who died last Saturday. Fr. Lowenkamp was celebrant, Fr. Brown, deacon, and Fr. Brant, sub-deacon. The body was shipped to Windsor Springs for burial at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Brother Raphael's name, before he joined the Redemptorist order of the Catholic Church, was Martin Zimmerman. He was born in Buffalo, N. Y., where his brother still lives. He came to St. Louis in 1871 and was present at the dedication of the church where he died. His office was an humble one. He looked after the house by the church, where the priests live, and after the school, where the sisters teach the pupils of the parish. He had been ill for three years. He was troubled with poor circulation of the blood.

Slashed in the Face.

David Cartwright, a switchman, and a man named Smith, an ex-railroad employe, got into an argument this morning at 1 o'clock at Tenth and Gratiot streets, and the latter slashed Cartwright on the left side of the face with a knife. Smith escaped and Cartwright was taken to his home, 900 South Tenth street.

Circus Men Will Pay.

Jake Gorins, an employe of Erwin Bros.' circus, located at Sixth and Hickory streets, yesterday afternoon ran against Andrew White, the 5-year-old son of James White of 715 Rutger street, causing the child to fall and break his left arm. The circus managers have agreed to pay the doctor bills.

IMPORTANT CASES.

There Were Several on the Criminal Court Docket To-Day.

The following important cases were on to-day's docket in the Criminal Court: James Fitzgerald, charged with murder in the first degree in killing his sweetheart, Annie Naesters, in South St. Louis, on Nov. 24, last; James Condon, charged with murder in the first degree in beating to death John Schempp at Eleventh and Pine streets, March 17, last; John Stroeher, charged with murder in the first degree in shooting Eugene Pierlow in his (Stroeher's) saloon, 2301 South Broadway, Jan. 7 last; Joseph Lochner, charged with murder in the first degree in killing his wife Lizzie, at their home, near Twentieth and Division streets, on Jan. 2 last; Capt. Fred Sauerwein, saloon-keeper at High and Biddle streets, charged with murder in the second degree, in killing John A. Hill in his saloon in February last and Joseph O'Toole, charged with murder in the second degree in killing Edward Fennell in September, 1893. O'Toole's case was continued until Oct. 15, Sauerwein's until Oct. 18, and Lochner's until Oct. 8. A jury was impaneled in Fitzgerald's case, and Condon's and Stroeher's cases were laid over until this afternoon.

Rev. Dr. Hill's Transfer.

The transfer of Rev. Felix R. Hill from Baltimore, Md., to the pastorate of the Kansas City Centenary Southern Methodist Church, sets at rest the report that Dr. Hill was to be the next pastor of the Cook Avenue M. E. Church in this city. Dr. Hill succeeds Dr. Taggert, who has become book editor of the Nashville *Christian Advocate*. Dr. Hill was pastor of First M. E. Church this city for one year and of Cook Avenue M. E. Church for four years. Four years ago he was transferred to Baltimore. His son Felix R. Hill, Jr., is pastor of Wagoner Place Church, this city.

Counterfeiter Caught.

JONESBORO, Ark., Sept. 24.—Sheriff Broadaway arrested Lucius Hubbard yesterday at St. Francis, Ark., on the charge of passing counterfeit money. Hubbard was a member of the Wilson gang, who are in jail here, and had been passing the bogus money on merchants at Walden and other places. When the Sheriff arrived at the jail last night with his prisoner one of the Wilson boys told him where he put some of the money. Mr. Broadaway went out to Lost Creek, one mile from town, and found $4,000 hid away in an old leg. He sent the money to Washington, D. C.

Steamer Aground.

NAPLES, Sept. 24.—While leaving this port yesterday for New York the North German Lloyd freight steamer Prince Frederick William ran aground. Later she was floated and put back here leaking.

Frank Hoelzle.

GRAYVILLE, Ill., Sept. 24.—Frank Hoelzle, a prominent citizen and one of the oldest settlers in the city, died early this morning of cirrhosis of the liver at the age of 67 years. He was a member of the Masonic order.

Winter Camp-Meeting.

Rev. Ben Deering opened the Jones Tabernacle on Morgan street near Vandeventer avenue last night. Mr. Deering will preach there again to-night.

Looted.

AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 24.—Last night burglars entered the Manor Post-office, twelve miles from here, blew the safe and got away with $280. They destroyed books and papers.

QUARRELED WITH A NEGRO.—Alonzo Seymour, a bartender, employed at Sixth and Franklin avenue, quarreled with a negro early Sunday morning and was stabbed in the side and in the hip. He was taken to the City Hospital. The negro has not been arrested. Seymour's injuries are serious.

IN FLIGHT.

The Departure of Eseta and His Followers From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 24.—Gen. Eseta and his attorneys, Messrs Rubens and De Quesada, have left surreptitiously for Mexico. They had bought their tickets secretly the night before.

So earnest were they in their efforts to deceive the public that even after they bought railway tickets they gave out to the press that they would not leave here for several days.

The General, his servant and two New York attorneys quietly left the hotel in a carriage, an hour before the regular time of the departure of the train. They crossed to Oakland pier ahead of regular passengers and sought the privacy of their sleepers. Those who some days ago obtained an inkling of the subjects of the telegrams flying between here and Mexico, say they gathered that the consolidation of all Central America with Mexico was being considered. Furthermore that Eseta's intention was to raise an army there and proceed at once to oust his enemies. Whether it was to regain possession of Salvador only or to effect a union of some sort, of which he has long dreamed, is not known, but there is little doubt that it is one or the other.

Gen. Colocho left here on the 10th inst. and went straight to Mexico City. He at once apparently laid the whole matter before certain influential people there and they corresponded by telegraph with ex-President Eseta. The telegrams from Mexico have been coming thick and fast and there is probably some foundation for current rumors.

Cienfugos in Jail.

OAKLAND, Cal., Sept. 20.—Lieut. Juan Cienfugos, the young Central American refugee, whose extradition to San Salvador on a charge of attempted murder has been ordered by J. G. Morrow, spent a lonely Sunday in his cell at the Alameda County Jail. He said that he was confident of regaining freedom as soon as his case is brought before the President, and declared that he would commit suicide rather than be extradited.

"I expect to be free in four or five days," said he, "for Eseta and the others started for Washington this morning in my behalf. Not knowing a word of English makes it very hard for me to be locked up like this in a foreign country, but I have several friends here who call on me.

"Go back to San Salvador? Never. I would rather die a thousand deaths."

When asked what he would do if he had to go, he replied:

"I most certainly would take my life. Rather anything than have my enemies who are waiting to assassinate me, get a chance to triumph over me.

"Before Gen. Eseta started from San Francisco he wrote me this letter: 'Dear Junito: It hurts my soul to leave thee, but I do not abandon you. Remain well reconciled, and then you will be free. You will not need for money. Your passage is paid for. Mr. Page will defend you here and in Washington. Rubens and Quesado. I send you a coin of $20. You have in your favor persons of consequence, and already they have telegraphed to the President.'"

Casualties in Brief.

Percy Howington, 9 years old, bitten by a stray dog six weeks ago, died of hydrophobia at Nashville, Tenn.

Ira Hurd, at Allegan, Mich., entering his house expecting to surprise his wife in wrong-doing, was shot dead by her.

The schooner Col. Cook, stone-laden, was abandoned in Lake Erie, near Cleveland. Thirty-four years ago this craft sank the steamer Lady Elgin, causing the loss of 200 lives.

At Goshen, Ind., lightning struck a razor held by Frank Gifford, burning him and severely shocking D. M. Eveland, whom he was shaving.

Near Valencia, Spain, two passenger trains collided, and several passengers are reported killed.

Mrs. Ella Jenkins, 82 years old, fell from her horse, near Mowaqua, Ill., breaking her thigh-bone, and will probably die.

REPORTED DYING.

Eugene Siegraber, Whom Anton Dittmeyer is Accused of Assaulting.

The police of the Fourth and Second District have been looking for Anton Dittmeyer, a painter, 40 years old, living at 3509 Cass avenue. He is wanted on the charge of assaulting Eugene Siegraber, 52 years old, who lives with his wife and family at 1309 South Seventh street, at the Anheuser-Busch Brewery on Sept. 19 last. Siegraber is foreman for P. Henkler & Son, painters, at 512 Elm street. On the occasion of the assault and a short while previous thereto, he was obliged to reprimand one of the journeymen for being late. Afterward he was assaulted from behind and received a blow which broke his right jaw. His assailant at the time escaped and was unknown. The matter was not reported to the police at the time, but recently Siegraber was removed from his home, whence he was originally taken, to the Alexian Brothers Hospital, and he is now reported to be in a dying condition. The police, who have since been working on the case, claim to have sufficient information to show that Dittmeyer is Siegraber's assailant.

EVILS OF WRANGLING.

Dr. Emmett's Letter on Dissensions in the Irish Party.

DUBLIN, Sept. 24.—Dr. Thomas E. Emmett of New York, in a letter published here today regarding the dissensions in the Irish party, calls the attention of Mr. Justin McCarthy, Chairman of the Irish Parliamentary party, to the disastrous consequence to the national movement in America by the constant reference to scandal, and by the public discussion of the differences existing in the Irish party. Dr. Emmett says that the National Federation of America was preparing to hold meetings in order to raise money for the Nationalist cause; but, Mr. Healy's letter about Mr. Gladstone and his subscription to the parliamentary fund has imperilled the whole movement in America.

Continuing, Dr. Emmett recalls the fact that during the past three years the Irish Federation of America has sent Ireland $83,000, and that had it not been for recurrent wranglings Ireland could have relied upon an annual remittance of $10,000.

THE NEW YORK GOVERNORSHIP.

Telegrams Pouring In on Judge Gaynor of Brooklyn.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Sept. 24.—Judge Gaynor of Brooklyn this morning opened the fall term of the Suffolk County Circuit Court at this place. He has been in receipt of numerous telegrams yesterday and to-day regarding his views as to his accepting the nomination for Governor on the Democratic State ticket, provided it was offered to him. He told a reporter to-day that he was not anxious to be nominated for Governor, and hardly knew what he would do if the nomination came to him. He said he had been elected by his constituents to the Supreme Court bench for a term of fourteen years, and he did not know why he should not remain on the bench. The Judge was noncommittal when asked the direct question whether or not he would accept the nomination for Governor if offered to him.

Burned to the Ground.

MOLINE, Ill., Sept. 24.—The old Raible & Stengle Brewery at Rock Island, now owned by the Rock Island Brewing Co., burned to the ground at 10 o'clock last night. The fire, it is believed, was of incendiary origin. The loss is $10,000.

from hou... sells a gu... ders. Do... deceive you.

They don't sider their value i... regular way, with the value ... paints, etc., that you washing-powders. The... cheaper to wash with than Pearl... gives you easy washing that is a... safe. You would better use Pearline, buy your own prizes. You'd save money.

Send it Back

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back*. 420 JAMES PYLE, New York.

THE LEADING AND EXPERT SPECIALIST.

DR. OLIN D. WHITTIER.

ADVICE FREE, Call or Write. (Office Hours, 9 to 1 and 3 to 8. Sunday, 10 to 12.) 514 Washington Av., St. Louis, Mo. (Established in 1860.) Specialist in

NERVOUS DEBILITY Lost Manhood, Exhausting Drains, Organic Weakness, from indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Dark Circles, Self Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples, Loss of Ambition, Lack of Energy, Tire Easily, Gloominess, Despondency, Melancholy, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, etc., treated with success and fully restored. Blank 1 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Cures for Life, Blood Poison and Taints, affecting the Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Mucous patches in mouth, Scrofula, Eczema, Acne, Warty Growths, Herpes, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Piles, etc. Blank 2 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

URINARY AND BLADDER Ailments, as Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent, Milky or Bloody Urine, and private matters relating to Urinary Passages, promptly cured. Blank 3 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

MEN'S SPECIAL SURGERY, whether congenital or acquired, successfully attended to.

CLAIRETTE SOAP.

AND ECONOMIZE YOUR TIME, HUSBAND YOUR STRENGTH & INCREASE YOUR PLEASURE BY USING

CLAIRETTE SOAP.

BEST, PUREST & MOST ECONOMICAL
SOLD EVERYWHERE
MADE BY THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.

A DAY IN FOREST PARK.

Leaves From the Sketch-Book of a Post-Dispatch Artist.

On the Lake.

Boys Riding in the Park.

"Two's Company; Three's a Crowd."

The Rebellious Burros.

Miss Rose Mosentheim, the champion oarswoman of "Little Oklahoma," who is to meet Miss Tillie Ashley of New Haven, Conn., defeated Prof. H. G. Bramley in a single skull half-mile dash on POST-DISPATCH lake at Forest Park yesterday afternoon, coming in a half minute ahead.

Fully 10,000 people were on the grounds, the lake being the great attraction. The banks of the lake were lined with spectators, and carriages filled all the neighboring drives. Hundreds of people secured boats and viewed the race at close range.

This lake, secured to the public through the enterprise of the POST-DISPATCH, is growing constantly in popular favor. The race yesterday demonstrates that the lake is a good half mile course, provided it is clear daring races, and there is no reason why regattas should not take place there at any time.

"UNLOADED."

The Death and Havoc Created by an Old Army Musket.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 24.—At a christening party at Patapsco yesterday John Bond took up an old army musket, supposed to be unloaded, and proceeded to explain how it was used during the war. The gun exploded, killing a child named Seigelfeffer and dangerously wounding the mother.

REAL ESTATE.

Auction Sale at the Exchange—Sales and Transfers.

Thirty-seven pieces of improved and unimproved city real estate were offered at auction this afternoon, at the Real Estate Exchange. Owing to the excitement attending this sale there was but little business done to-day through the regular channels.

Emile A. Becker reports the sale of 50x118 feet of ground on the north side of Thomas street, 200 feet east of Garrison avenue, for $45 a foot, from Edward L. Pottle of Rochester, N. Y., who was represented by Charles H. Gleason, to John Magner, who will improve the site with flats.

The Nicholls-Ritter Real Estate and Financial Co. report the sale of No. 1345 Cockrill avenue, a frame dwelling at the northwest corner of Cockrill and Bertha avenues, for $1,750 from Henry Gauss & Sons Manufacturing Co. to Mrs. Jennie S. Southard, who will make the place her home.

Joseph A. Duffy has purchased from the First National Bank of Leavenworth, Kan., for $20 a foot 200x127 feet of ground at the northeast corner of Botanical and Thurman avenues. This price is remarkably low.

The Heimann-Farrington Real Estate Co. report the following sales: Nos. 2551 and 2553 Benton street, four flats with 45x120 feet of ground, renting for $1,100 per annum, for $11,000, from Wm. Broekemann to Fred W. Heimann.

Carr street, No. 1628, a two-story nine-room brick dwelling, with 25x140 feet of ground, for $6,000, from Mary McCarthy to T. F. Maloney, for speculation.

Truesdale & Co. report the following sales: No. 5086 Ridge avenue, a two-story nine-room brick dwelling, with 25x147 feet of ground, for $4,000, from O. G. Evans to Otto Grandenberger for investment.

Taylor avenue—No. 2816, a six room brick dwelling, with 25x140 feet of ground, for $3,200, from J. Crawford Flynn to Morton N. Obermeyer.

Garfield avenue—No. 4316, a two story, five room brick, lot 25x130 feet, for $3,000, from J. C. Flynn to Morton W. Obermeyer.

MRS. FAY'S RECORD.

It Was Against Her, and Judge Paxson Fined Her.

Tillie Fay was arrested by Officer Maguire of the Third District at Twelfth and Morgan streets last night and arraigned before Judge Paxson this morning charged with frequenting dissolute places. Tillie, who is probably 35 plus, was very indignant at the charge.

"I have been arrested before, your honor," she pleaded, "for being drunk, but never for such a charge as this. I'm a married woman and my husband supports me. If you don't believe me you can go down to the Court-house and look up my record."

"You mean the Four Courts, don't you?" rang in Prosecutor Mulvihill.

Tillie didn't answer, and the court had Clerk Huber look up her record in his court. Mr. Huber did so, and Judge Paxson said: "I'm sorry, Tillie, but the record is against you. Here you were fined on June 28 for fourth clause and on March 21 for sixth clause. So I'll have to fine you $15 and costs."

Burned at Her Pier.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Sept. 24.—The iron ship Glenessin is lying at the bottom of the East River at her pier on Furman street, where she was sunk shortly after midnight this morning as a final resort to extinguish a fire that broke out on board at 11 o'clock last night. The loss on the cargo is $25,000, while the vessel is thought to be damaged to the extent of $20,000. The work of raising the vessel will begin at once. The cause of the fire is unknown.

STRUCK A MILK WAGON.

An Electric Car Plays Havoc With Frank Summerholder's Outfit.

This morning at 2 o'clock a Union Depot motor car collided at California and Ann avenues with a milk wagon, driven by Frank Summerholder of 2940 Iowa avenue. Sommerholder was thrown to the street and badly cut about the head and face. About thirty-five gallons of milk were spilled on the thoroughfare. The wagon was badly demolished.

Texas Union Labor Convention.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Sept. 24.—A convention of Union labor delegates of the State is in session here behind closed doors. Two hundred delegates are in attendance. An effort will be made to adopt resolutions indorsing the Populist ticket and it will prevail, from present appearances.

ABOUT TOWN.

THRONGED THE STATION.—It is estimated that fully 10,000 people, principally St. Louisans, visited the Union Station yesterday. They not only filled the big waiting rooms and over ran the midway, but surged up over the stairs down by the baggage room and took possession of the train shed. It was only after considerable work by the special officers that the train shed was cleared. The crowd, in the main, was orderly.

A TRAMP CUT.—Charles Mooney, a tramp, while walking through the railroad yards last night, approached a fire between Twelfth and Fourteenth streets, about which were several tramps, to light his pipe. Mooney was attacked by the campfire tramps and cut in the head. He was removed to the City Hospital and Bernard Sonergan was identified as his assailant.

CAUGHT AFTER A CHASE.—William Peters, aged 17, was arrested early yesterday morning for burglarizing the Mound City Distilling Co.'s establishment at 513 Walnut street. Officer William Doyle chased two young men who fled from the place at his approach. He caught Peters. The pair dropped a bottle of wine and a quantity of cigars in their flight.

BOLD ROBBERS.—Four men entered August Schirr's saloon, 3833 South Broadway, at 12:30 o'clock Saturday night and ordered Schirr and John Kalb to hold up their hands. Kalb at first refused and was hit on the head with a revolver. The highwaymen took $13.90 from him and backed out of the place.

A FARMER DANGEROUSLY CUT.—John Fredericks, a farmer residing in Meramec Township, St. Louis Co., was dangerously cut yesterday by Milege Henricks, a farm laborer. The encounter was the outcome of a dispute over personal matters, and occurred at Bunker's Lake while the men were fishing. Henricks escaped after the cutting, leaving his opponent lying in a pool of blood.

STRUCK BY AN ELECTRIC CAR.—Wm. Fageriy, a porter residing at 619 Market street, was knocked down by a Lindell Railway car in charge of Motorneer S. Logan and Conductor A. T. Gregory at Broadway and Washington avenue last night and badly injured about the hip. He was sent to the City Hospital.

TURNERS CELEBRATE.—The West St. Louis Turnverein celebrated the victory of its delegation at Centralia recently with a very enjoyable "Commers" at their hall on Beaumont and Morgan streets last night. H. Ruppelt was master of ceremonies. Toasts were responded to by Messrs. J. B. Hellarge, Aug. H. Muegge, B. W. Kallwasser, Otto Keil, W. F. Kemper, Robert Baldauf and C. G. Winser. Turner songs were sung and the merriment continued to an early hour this morning.

Marriage Licenses.

Leo Schill g	7509 S. Broadway
Elizabeth Boesen	7820 Minnesota av
Hiram Irvin	808 Poplar st
Clara Lewis, c	316 Poplar st
Thompson B. Graham	3115 Chestnut st
Birdie Schwaneck	2934 Olive st
Robert H. Craig	2601 Walnut st
Annie L. Gwin	Carlinville, Ill
Edway A. Grant	Geneva, Ill
Anna Mills	Oshkosh, Wis
Wm. H. Mann	Shipman, Ill
Nellie Young	Galveston, Tex
George Reed	904 N. 18th st
Bridget Garver	904 N. 18th st
John Troutman	610 Old Manchester rd
Bridget Hade	2901 Carpy av
Crawford H. Menkover	3309 Eads av
Pauline C. Eller	3309 Eads av

SOUVENIRS THIS WEEK
To Every Purchaser.
G. BOEHMER, SHOES,
5 Olive St., next to Barr's

...SPING.

...is Wanted—Females.

...ces (20 words), 5 cents; each additional ...nts.

...K—Sit. by good cook; wash and iron; city references. Address G 28, this office.

DISHWASHER—Sit. wanted by woman in hotel or restaurant as dishwasher or any kind of kitchen work. 810 N. 17th st.

HOUSEWORK—Sit. by girl to assist in housework; call Monday evening. 3738 Manchester rd.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted as housegirl or assist with washing and ironing. 3425 Manchester rd.

HOUSEGIRL—A girl wants position as housegirl in private family; is German. 4411 N. 19th st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation by reliable woman as housekeeper; competent to take care of children. Mrs. C. P., 2628 Adams st.

HOUSEKEEPER—A widow, aged 35, steady, reliable, experienced housekeeper, plain cook, wishes to get a home in quiet, respectable family. Ad. P 28, this office.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing and ironing or housework to do. 1513 Washington av.

NURSE—Wanted position as nurse-girl in a family of 1 or 2 children. Apply 1234 N. 14th st.

SALESLADY—Experienced young lady wishes position as millinery saleslady; references. Address T 28, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Position as stenographer by young lady, good at figures and penmanship, low salary. Add. D 29, this office.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

Help Wanted—Female.

5 cents per line each insertion.

COOK WANTED—Good cook. 3715 N. 9th st.

COOK WANTED—A girl to cook at 902 N. 8d st.

COOK WANTED—Good girl to assist in cooking at Mona Restaurant, 2005 Olive st.

COOK WANTED—A good German girl for cooking, washing and ironing in a small family of 3 persons. 2011 Park av.

COOK WANTED—Stout white girl that understands cooking and general housework. 2119 Eugenia av.

GIRLS WANTED—For sewing-room. L. B. Joslin Shoe Co., 1131 Collins st.

GIRLS WANTED—To sew on custom coats; steady place. 1625 N. Broadway.

GIRLS WANTED—Girls who know how to make paper bags. Ad dress A 29, this office.

GIRL WANTED—An experienced girl to work on coats. Room 18, s. e. cor. 4th and Washington.

GIRLS WANTED—Girls who know how to make paper boxes and cartoons. Address A 29, this office.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl to assist in housework. 3809B Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 2910 Shenandoah av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; family of 3. 1318 St. Ange av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; no washing. 3317 Lasiede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework; small family. 3515 Cook.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework. Apply at once at 3927 Cook av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for housework and waiting on table. 1411 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; must be good cook; no washing. 5323 Cabanne pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Reference required. Apply in store to Mrs. W. I. McArthur, 1526 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework; good wages; small family. 4206 Delmar av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework in small private family; no washing. 3010 Chestnut st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework in small family. Call with ref. 3453 Maple av.

HANDSEWERS WANTED—Experienced handsewers on coats; steady work and good wages. Inquire 1141 S. 7th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl, general housework, small family, good wages 2808 Wyoming st. corner California av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl to do general housework; must understand cooking; German preferred; no washing; call at once. 3009 Chestnut st.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—A competent laundress Monday and Tuesday every week. 3706 Delmar av.

NURSE WANTED—German nursegirl, 14 years old. 2626 Franklin av.

NURSE WANTED—Small girl to mind child; must bring references. 5328 Cabanne pl.

NURSE WANTED—Young girl for half of each day; must live near 3548 Lindell av. Apply at that number Tuesday morning.

OPERATORS AND FINISHERS WANTED—On custom pants. 522 Pine st., room 17.

STITCHERS WANTED—Stitchers and pressers on pants. 217 S. Ewing av.

SEAMSTRESS—Wanted, by dressmaker, a first-class seamstress. 2734 Stoddard st.

TAILORESS—Wanted, first-class tailoress to work on fine custom coats, S. e. cor. Broadway and Market st., 5th floor.

VAMPER WANTED—First-class vamper. L. B. Joslin Shoe Co., 1131 Collins st.

WASH WOMAN WANTED—423 S. Garrison av.

COLD AND SILVER.

Plating and repairing, cash for gold and silver articles. Estab. 1872. Sam'l L. Downing, 210 N. 7th.

Agents Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

AGENTS WANTED—For Aluminum Novelties; 200 per cent profit; $5 a day easily made; silber sext thimbles, 45 cents per doz.; collar buttons, 80 cents per doz.; fountain pens, $1.50 per doz. Send 10 cents for elegant sample. Terms free. This is the chance of a lifetime. All goods delivered free to your door. Bassett, 496 S. Wood st., Chicago, Ill.

Theatrical.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ACTORS—Position wanted by man and wife with a first-class troupe; answer immediately. Address R 13, this office.

Dancing.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

DANCING—Prof. and Mrs. R. Maurice Adams' private dancing school; always open. 2715 Washington av.

GRAHAME'S Select School, 1306 Olive; lessons at all hours; waltzing and stage dancing a specialty; call.

MR. AND MRS. ARTHUR MITCHELL'S Select Dancing Academy, 1626 S. 18th st. Private classes. Call.

Musical.

PIANOS—Elegant assortment; $50 to $75 saved at Whitaker's, 1518 Olive st., and 2512 N. 14th st.

ESTEY & CAMP

Are daily receiving new and most beautiful styles of Decker Bros.' pianos, Estey pianos, Camp & Co. pianos and the unequaled Estey organs; our prices are most reasonable, and terms are made to suit all classes of purchasers. Please call or send for catalogues. 916 Olive st.

Help Wanted—Males.

5 cents per line each insertion.

BOY WANTED—Boy between 16 and 18, with references preferred, at 214 N. 2d st.

BOY WANTED—Neat boy as elevator boy at Moser Hotel, Pine, bet. 8th and 9th st.

BOY—Wanted, colored boy for work about house and yard. 2909 N. Taylor av., cor. St. Louis av.

BOYS WANTED—Wide-awake boys in towns outside of St. Louis who are ready to avail themselves of favorable opportunities for making money should call the daily evening and Sunday morning Post-Dispatch; it sells wherever it is pushed. For terms and sample copies address C. B. G., box A, this office.

CLOAK SALESMEN WANTED—For the road; one experienced and reference. Address M 29, this office.

DRUMMER WANTED—Experienced drummer for bread wagon. Apply at cigar stand, Union Trust Building.

ENGINEER WANTED—A competent engineer to run sexton gin in Texas. British, La. single man preferred; references required; salary $40 per month and board. Sells & Co., 105 N. 2d st.

BOYS WANTED—In every part of St. Louis honest, smart, ambitious, neatly dressed boys, who can make money fast enough in a month to get a good bicycle, a good watch or almost anything they want; pleasant and easy work; no books, pictures or other merchandise canvassing; good pay; only those needing whole time need write; send stamp for particulars. C. B. G., Box A, this office.

GRANITOID FINISHER—Wanted, a good granitoid finisher to-morrow morning at n. e. cor. Lee and Newstead avs. Hugh A. Walsh.

INTELLIGENT men and women everywhere to take orders for "Sheppo's New York City," illustrated; a set of 20 volumes; a reflex panorama of the American metropolis. Profusely illustrated from original photographs taken by our own artists in palaces and slums. Liberal terms and descriptive circulars free on application. No capital required. Profits $6 to $17 daily. If you want to make money fast, write to-day. Address Globe Bible Publishing Co., 358 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill., and 723 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

JANITOR WANTED—Colored janitor, married preferred; state age, experience and references. Add. F 29, this office.

LABORERS—Wanted, 6 good laborers to-morrow morning at n. e. cor. Lee and Newstead avs. Hugh A. Walsh.

LABORERS WANTED—Ten laborers Monday morning at quarry, Grand and Laclede. Fruin-Bambrick Construction Co.

MEAT CUTTER—Wanted a good meat cutter, 2609 Hickory st.

MEN WANTED—On St. Vincent av. east of Nebraska, Tuesday morning. K. W. Ascola.

MAN WANTED—Must be a good milker. Apply 2919 Prather av., Benton station, City. Samuel Clegg.

MEN—Wide-awake men in town outside of St. Louis who are ready to avail themselves of favorable opportunities for making money should sell the daily evening and Sunday morning Post-Dispatch; it sells wherever it is pushed. For terms and sample copies address C. B. G., box A, this office.

STOVE MOUNTERS WANTED—At once. Add. C 28, this office.

SHOEMAKER WANTED—Man to operate McKay sewer and standard screw; also operator for edge trimmer and Varney pegger. Tootle, Wheeler & Motter, 28 Joseph, Mo.

STAIRBUILDERS WANTED—Six first-class stairbuilders for frame and finish stairs in building; steady employment to good mechanics; apply at once. E. W. Bimmer Mfg. Co., 1025 Wash st.

TEAMS WANTED—25 teams, 18th and market, 40 cents per load. D. Dunigan.

TEAMS WANTED—Ten scraper teams on Grand av. and Chippewa st. Thos. W. Whalen.

TAILOR WANTED—A tailor to work on costume coats. Room 18, s. e. cor. 4th and Washington.

TEAMSTERS WANTED—Two teamsters for gravel wagons. Apply at stable, rear of 3327 Park av.

TEAMS WANTED—10 teams and scraper holders at Marquette School on Jefferson av., Tuesday. John A. Lynch.

WALL PAPER CLEANER WANTED—To clean paper in an 8-room house; work can be done evenings or Sunday. Address, stating price per room, G 29, this office.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Merritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

$3.00 UP.—Pants to order. Merritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive. 26 floors.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; Day and Night School. Phone 479.

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisement for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

The Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circular.

Personals.

15 cents per line; Business Cards, 30 cents per line each insertion.

PERSONAL—Two ladies dressed in black, standing near lake in Forest Park Sunday afternoon, will one with auburn hair, plaited skirt, light hat, trimmed with green, grant interview to gentleman she noticed. Add. D 28, this office.

Personal Sundries.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ALCOHOLIC baths and massage treatment by Miss Richardson, 908 N. 14th st.

MISS GRACE BERNARD, 1124 Pine st.: all kinds of baths, bay rum rubbings, lady attend.

"A." MME. AMES gives massage treatment and baths; 1st-class attendants. 26 S. 16th st.

ALL private matters treated free, male or female. Medicine furnished. Office D. Med. Co. 107 N. 9th

BUSINESS CARDS, that'll do the business, $1 per 1,000. H. S. Crois & Co., printers, 815 Locust.

CANCERS, tumors, moles and warts removed without the knife. Add. Dr. Miles, Old Orchard, Mo.

CARPET CLEANING—Oldest, best, reliable, cheapest. J. N. Verdier, corner 19th and Pine sts.; telephone 1187.

DRS. M. DOSSEN, the female specialists; 27 years' experience; treating during confinement; ladies in trouble call or write. 1006 Chouteau av.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, midwife, graduate of two colleges, receives ladies dur. con.; female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 1303 S. 14th st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; boards dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

LIZZETH RAMIE, baths and massage. 2129 Market st.

MRS. B. VAN DYKE, masseuse, 2236 Chestnut st.

MRS. M. EDWARDS, massage, 2217 Market st.

MRS. LEMMON gives massage treatment and baths. 118 S. 14th st.

MRS. THORNTON, massage. 2107 Market, 2d floor front room. Miss Deiter.

MME ANNA, the fortune-teller of the West. 326 Market st., near 4th; established 1851.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement, treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealings; information free; experience in all cases; ladies in trouble call. 1308 Washington av.

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1031 Park av.; take D. cars south.

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $18; at Dunn's Loan Office.

1,000 BUSINESS cards, 50 cts.; envelopes, 50 cts.; note heads, $1; bill-heads, $1. Syndicate Printing Co., 418 N. 7th st.

Horses and Vehicles.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

For Sale.

HORSE—For sale, $150 will purchase good horse, 2 buggies and set of harness; a big bargain. Call at Post-Dispatch office.

VEHICLES—For sale or exchange, for vehicles or we sell for cash or on time payments; we guarantee to save you 25 per cent on any vehicle or harness you buy; our stock consists of new and second-hand open and top wagons of all kinds; storm buggies, phaetons, cut under and jump seat surreys, carriages. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. Broadway.

WAGONS—McCabe, Young & Co., 1723 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's price on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and jump seat buggies of all kinds.

Business Chances.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

45 PER CENT profits weekly, with $150 capital; prospectus, itemized statistics free. Benson & Dwyer, 834 Broadway, New York.

Storage.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc., safe, reliable, clean; rooms; get our rates; careful moving, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.

1738-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.

Branch office 1003 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 4101.

Miscellaneous Wants.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

BEDSTEAD—I want to buy a single brass or iron bedstead; must be in good order. Address, stating price, H 29, this office.

BILLIARD TABLE—Wanted, a second-hand billiard table, with or without cushions; state lowest figure. Ad. A 28, this office.

POOL TABLES—Wanted to rent, with privilege of buying, two pool tables and one billiard table; state rent, price and where can be seen. Address H 28, this office.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

BICYCLE—For sale, good Rambler; cheap. Add. O 29, this office.

GAS FIXTURES—For sale, complete nearly new gas fixtures for 4-room flat; half price. Address before Thursday, K 28, this office.

HEATERS—For sale, 2 large soft coal heaters, used one month; half price. Address Box 369, P.O.

TOOLS—For sale complete outfit of tinners' and galvanized-iron workers' tools. Call and inspect at 1001 S. 6th st.

SHELVING—For sale, a lot of shelving and fixtures for a shoe store. Address X 17, this office.

Money Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

LOANS—We have applications for loans on improved property at 6 per cent; good security; those having idle funds can secure safe investments by calling on or addressing us. Established 39 years. JOHN MAGUIRE & CO., 107 N. 8th st.

Educational.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, ITALIAN, LATIN AND GREEK.

Class and Private Lessons at

The Berlitz School of Languages,

Odd Fellows' Hall.

HOUSE AND HOME GROUPING.

For Rent—Rooms.

5 cents per line each insertion.

North.

CARR ST., 1901—Fur. rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; $5 to $10 a month.

CHESTNUT ST., 2204—Neatly furnished front and back rooms suitable for students or railroad men.

DICKSON ST., 2947—2 desirable fur. rooms for light housekeeping; rent low.

DICKSON ST., 2718—2 desirable 2d-story front rooms, unfur.; will be vacated to-day.

DICKSON ST., 3013—Nicely furnished room for one or two gents; bath and all conveniences.

DICKSON ST., 2954—2 nicely fur. 2d floor rooms, with gas and bath, suitable for light housekeeping, for first-class parties, in small private family.

EASTON AV., 3845—2 nicely fur rooms, with or without board; suitable for light housekeeping.

LUCAS AV., 2805—First floor and basement, furnished complete for housekeeping, $20; also third floor.

LUCAS AV., 2704—Neatly furnished front and connecting rooms, second floor; complete for housekeeping.

MORGAN ST., 2708—3 nice furnished rooms for housekeeping; reasonable.

MORGAN ST., 2000—Front rooms for light housekeeping; also rooms for gents; southern ex.

MORGAN ST., 1801—Newly furnished room, gas, bath and all conveniences; rent reasonable.

MORGAN ST., 2631—One nicely furnished back parlor, suitable for 1 or 2 gents; private family.

N. 9TH ST., 3713—Nicely furnished room, with gas and bath.

N. 16TH ST., 1439—Two rooms furnished for light housekeeping, to couple, $10; also hall room if desired.

PINE ST., 2648—Fine first and second floor unfurnished rooms; corner house, good location.

S. 15TH ST., 113—2 unfurnished rooms, cheap; either 2 in family or 3.

WASHINGTON AV., 1721—Large desirable 2d-story front room to refined gentleman.

WASHINGTON AV., 2715—Choice front room newly furnished; bath, gas, furnace heat or grate fire; southern exposure; private family; suitable for 2 or 4 gents; $5 per month each; cash.

South.

BROADWAY, 221 SOUTH—Nice rooms for gentlemen.

MARKET ST., 414—Grace Hotel; 75 new elegant rooms; transients accommodated.

MCNAIR AV., 2408—4 rooms and basement; big yard; $12 per month; between Victor st. and Gravois av.

S. 16TH ST., 112—One newly and neatly fur. front room, one on 3d floor for light housekeeping or for two gents.

THOMAS ST., 3022—Nicely furnished 2d-story front and connecting rooms, bath, gas; private family; reasonable.

WALNUT S., 1513—Nicely furnished front rooms for housekeeping; price from $1 up.

WALNUT ST., 2117—Furnished rooms for gentlemen or light housekeeping, near Union Station.

8TH ST., 835 S.—Two new rooms; four or eight nice rooms, 1025 S. 13th st.

10TH ST., 1114 S.—Rooms with or without board, private family; bath included.

13TH ST., 2415 S.—3 rooms in good order; modern house.

Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, N. e. cor. 16th and Olive sts.

ROOM—For rent, one unfurnished room, 3d floor front. Inquire 2d floor, 818 N. 20th st.

ROOMS—Three beautiful rooms in private house, furnished or unfurnished; very cheap; West End. Address Box 389, postoffice.

Flats for Rent.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1532-24—Four and five-room flats, $15 and $18.

FRANCIS ST., 1448—Flat of 3 beautiful rooms, 1st and 2d floor, gas, separate entrance; conveniences; one block from Easton and Grand; cheap.

RENT LISTS of houses, flats and rooms of all prominent agents can be seen at Real Estate Exchange, 7th and Chestnut sts.

VICTOR ST., 1229—Five large rooms on 2d floor, with hall, bath and closet, also hot water. KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

Furnished Houses for Rent.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FURNISHED HOUSE—For rent furnished 6 room house on West Morgan st. Add. O 29, this office.

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished 6-room house on Cook av.; finished laundry, furnace and all conveniences; will rent reasonable for one year to good tenant. Address Y 13, this office.

Furnished Flats Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FLAT—Wanted immediately, a fur. flat of 4 or 5 rooms. Add. S 28, this office.

Board and Lodging Wanted.

5 cents per line each insertion.

BOARDING—Gentleman wants board and room in West End; small family preferred; state terms. Add. N 29, this office.

ROOM—Wanted room and board in strictly private family, for gentleman and wife. Address Y 28, this office.

ROOM WANTED—Room and board by quiet young gentleman, between Grand and Jefferson avs. Add. X 28, this office.

ROOM—Young lady wearing during the day, wishes room and board in respectable family in neighborhood Taylor and Easton avs. Address, with price, N 28, this office.

Houses, Rooms, Etc., Wanted

5 cents per line each insertion.

ROOM WANTED—Room for gent; good neighborhood. Add. B 28, this office.

ROOM WANTED—Room for gent; good neighborhood; with privileges. Ad. B 28, this office.

ROOM WANTED—Furnished room and kitchen for light housekeeping. Add. C 29, this office.

ROOMS—Wanted 4 rooms by family; no children; at once, give particulars. Address B 29, this office.

ROOM—Quiet young man wants to rent room from young widow; prefer renting from one living alone. Address M 28, this office.

ROOM WANTED—By young man, in private family, east of Jefferson, between Walnut and Washington, state terms. Add. E 29, this office.

Improv'd City Property for Sale

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

GREER AV. (Greer pl.)—$3,000 will buy 6-room and bath 2-story brick house; lot 25x165; easy terms; bargain.
R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO., 902 Chestnut st.

LABADIE AV., 4779 (Greer pl.)—Rent money will buy one of the very best built and arranged 10-room houses (new) in the city; lot 50x155. Open to-day. R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO., 902 Chestnut st.

For Sale or Exchange.

3023 Glasgow Pl.—Eleven room stone-front house, heated with steam and hot air; hardwood mantles; gas fixtures; in first-class order. Stable for six horses; two box stalls; large carriage house. Lot 100x131 feet. A bargain if sold at once. RUTLEDGE & HORTON, 1005 Chestnut st.

Boarding.

5 cents per line each insertion.

North.

FRANKLIN AV., s. e. cor. 22d—First-class board for $3 a week, or 15c a meal.

GAMBLE ST., 2900—Pleasant, well furnished rooms, single or en suite; good board.

LOCUST ST., 2618—Nicely furnished rooms and board.

LOCUST ST., 2636—Nicely furnished rooms without board.

LOCUST ST., 2113—Nicely furnished rooms; first-class board.

LOCUST ST., 2808—Handsomely furnished room with good board.

LEE AV., 3633—Furnished front room with board if desired.

1013 GARRISON AV.—Desirable rooms, excellent table; all conv.; transient solic.; reas.

South.

LAFAYETTE AV., 2622—Near the park; handsomely fur. 2d story front room, and connecting room if desired; 1st-class home cooking and all conveniences; four lines cars, and 4th st. cable passes door.

S. 22D ST., 315—Would board 5 or 6 men for $16 per month each; no other boarders.

S. 11TH ST., 1504—Nicely furnished front room, with board; private family; pleasant neighborhood.

Miscellaneous.

CHILD—Wanted, a child to board by widow. Call or address Mrs. Smith, 1316 N. 15th st.

For Rent—Dwellings.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

CARROLL ST., 1717—Six-room house, with bath, water closet, etc. Key at 1715.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Elegant new house, 6 large rooms, reception hall, bath, finished attic and laundry, hot and cold water; near Tower Grove Park; one block from electric line; $25 per month. F. X. NIESEN, 705 Chestnut st.

MAIDEN LANE, 2207—Cottage, 2 rooms and basement; large yard and stable. Call 1819 N. 23d st.

SAVE time and trouble to rent houses, flats or rooms by calling at Real Estate Exchange, 7th and Chestnut sts.

FOR RENT.

3322 Bell av., s. e. cor. Channing av., very desirable 6-room house, in perfect order; newly painted, papered and whitened; has reception hall, storeroom, gas, bath, w. c., hot and cold water, furnace and laundry; also gas fixtures and screens. Rent reasonable to a good tenant. F. LANGALIER, 1009 Chestnut st.

Suburban Property for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—Time-payment book on 10 elegant lots in Kinloch Park on Locust st. electric and Wabash R. R., double track. Add. S 26, this office.

For Lease.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR LEASE

And Improve to Suit Tenant

—OR—

FOR SALE!

The property formerly occupied by the Post-Dispatch on the north side of Market street between Broadway and Sixth street. Has frontage of 52 feet 5 inches and 113 feet in depth to a 15-foot alley.

For particulars refer to

Nicholls-Ritter

Realty and Financial Co.,

Phone 885. 718 Chestnut st.

Farms For Rent.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR RENT OR LEASE.

8 acres on Bartmer av. for gardening.
McKEE-HARTNAGEL R. E. CO., 1134 Chestnut st.

Household Goods for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line each insertion.

FURNITURE—For sale, cheap, a lot of household furniture. 1409 Glasgow av.

Business for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

RESTAURANT—For sale, restaurant in center of city doing a fine business, very cheap. WARDLOW & CO., 117 N. 8th st.

HOTEL—For sale, European hotel on central corner clearing $150 per month; price, $1,200. WARDLOW & CO., 117 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE—If you wish to buy, sell or exchange any kind of business or property, see WARDLOW & CO., 117 N. 8th st. Established 1878.

GROCERY—For sale, cash grocery and saloon; good chance for right man. H. Tegethoff, 1120 O'Fallon st.

MILLINERY STORE—For sale. 2724 Chouteau av.

MEAT MARKET—For sale, meat market in good locality; reason for selling, sickness. Address O 28, this office.

Money to Loan on Real Estate

$2,000, $4,000 and $6,000 to loan on improved city real estate at 5 per cent. F. LANGALIER, 1009 Chestnut st.

WE have money to loan in amounts of $300, $500, $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000 to $50,000 on first-class real estate security. JNO. H. TERRY & SONS, 621 Chestnut st.

$1,000,000 at 5 Per Cent.

To loan on choice improved property. JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.

$15,000 at 6 per cent

interest on improved property. MOFFETT & FRANCISCUS, 708 Chestnut st.

To Let for Business Purposes.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

OFFICES For Rent

In the

RIALTO,
COLUMBIA,
INSURANCE EXCHANGE,
MERMOD-JACCARD,
PLANTERS' HOTEL
BUILDINGS.

BUILDINGS For Rent.

NINTH AND LUCAS AV., Seven stories.
BROADWAY, NEAR LOCUST, Five stories.
BROADWAY, NEAR CHESTNUT, Five stories.
NINETEENTH AND OLIVE, Five stories.

ANDERSON-WADE

REALTY CO.,
EIGHTH AND LOCUST.

BARN—For rent, barn suitable for two vehicles. 3043 Easton av.

FRANKLIN AV., 616—Apply to TIFFANY REAL ESTATE CO., 415 Locust st.

LAFAYETTE AV., 2044—Handsome double parlors suitable for doctor, all conveniences.

BASEMENT—For rent, s. w. cor. Broadway and St. Charles st.; 40x60; including light and heat. POWERS SHOE CO.

FRUIT STAND—For rent, one of the best sidewalks in the city for a fruit stand. Address E 28, this office.

OPPOSITE UNION STATION,

Facing 20th st. entrance and exit—19, 21 and 23 S 20th st.—two large stores, brand new; suitable for saloon or restaurant; also 4 nice flats above, suitable for hotel purposes; will rent store separate if desired; rent has been reduced.
F. X. NIESEN, 705 Chestnut st.

RENT FREE

To Oct. 1. I have for rent at the junction of Tower Grove av. and Old Manchester rd. one large store and four modern flats of 3 and 4 rooms each; flats rent for $12 to $15 per month; also one small store with 2 rooms attached; rent $20; keys at 4201 Manchester rd.
F. X. NIKSEN, 705 Chestnut st.

Money to Loan on Per. Property

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest. S. VAN RAALTE, 13 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture, pianos, building association stock, etc., terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and storage Co., 717 Market st., successors to J. W. Staley.

LOANS—On furniture and pianos without removal; easy monthly payments. 515 Pine st., 2d floor.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 504 Olive st.

LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association stock and other good securities. Collateral Loan Co., 108 N. 8th, room 1. R. W. Staley, Secretary.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan office, 913 Franklin av.

THOSE desiring short-time loans of any amount should call on the Ætna Brokerage Co., 904 Olive st., Room 10, Exuffle Building.

$50,000 TO LOAN on diamonds, watches, etc.; low rates of interest; private offices for ladies and gents; business strictly confidential. St. Louis Collateral Loan Bank, 208 N. 6th st.

COMMERCIAL LOAN CO.

712 PINE ST., 2D FLOOR.

MONEY LOANED TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES IN SUMS TO SUIT, ON FURNITURE AND PIANOS, WITHOUT REMOVAL, AT LOWEST RATES IN THE CITY ON EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS; TERMS TO SUIT BORROWERS; REBATE GIVEN IF PAID BEFORE DUE; BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; CALL ON US BEFORE GOING ELSEWHERE.

COLUMBIA LOAN CO.

Money to loan on furniture, pianos; lowest rates; business confidential. 810 N. 7th st.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

1308 Washington Av., 2d Floor.

Will loan you any sum you desire from $10 up on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, and with no extra charge of any kind, and give you as long time as you want to repay same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; or when you borrow the money you can sign notes payable monthly; the notes will include the money you borrow and expenses; each time you pay you take up a note, and when you pay all the notes you have signed you will be through; you won't owe us a cent; we also give you a written agreement that if you pay the loan off in a full before the notes expire that we will give you a rebate on all notes that are not due. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payment, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city, and in case of sickness we extend payment; also loans made in the suburbs of the city and West St. Louis. Call on us and we will give you any information you wish. Our office is open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Notary in office.
FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
1308 WASHINGTON AV. 2D FLOOR.

Money to Loan on Per. Proper

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture of residences without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building bonds; allows keep possession of your property and pay off loan in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rates in city. 816 Chestnut st., second floor.

THE CENTRAL LOAN COMPANY,

NO. 304 NORTH FOURTH ST.,

Will loan money at the lowest rates of interest on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Musical Instruments, etc. Large stock of the above goods on sale at the lowest prices.

Lost and Found.

5 cents per line each insertion.

Lost.

DOG—Lost, liver and white pointer; female; reward if returned to 5876 Bartmer av.

DOG—Strayed or stolen from 1431 Lucas pl., large half-grown yellow curly-haired St. Bernard pup. Finder please return to above number and claim reward.

HATPIN—Lost, Sunday evening, gold dagger hatpin, with pearl set in star, in Washington av. car or Garrison av. to Pine st.; reward. 2925 Pine.

WATCH—Lost, a gold watch and chain between 9th and 12th sts. and Hickory st. and Chouteau av., Sunday evening; a liberal reward will be given if returned to 1026 S. 9th st.

WATCH—Lost, a lady's gold watch, double case, No. 20,879, Saturday a. m., on or near Broadway and Washington av. Liberal reward will be given the finder by Ad. A. Hunziker, care of Woodward & Tiernan Printing Co., 309 N. 3d st.

Found.

FOUND—A pair of shoes that will wear 8 months for $4. Harris-Brunner Shoe Co., 520 Pine st.

LEGAL.

ESTATE of Gustav Kornhardt, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Gustav Kornhardt, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 21st day of September, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of September, 1894.
BERTHA KORNHARDT, Executrix.

ESTATE of Isaac Chandler, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with the will annexed, on the estate of Isaac Chandler, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 21st day of September, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of September, 1894.
ALONZO C. CHURCH, Administrator, with the will annexed.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1894, said court, and to me directed, wherein Eau Claire Lumber Company is plaintiff and T. Jefferson Rogers, Thos. Dunn, M. B. O'Reilly, Jno. Dunn and Wm. J. Hoyard are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is brought, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Lots two and three (2 and 3) in the subdivision of the northeast quarter of section 25, township 45, range 6 east, as per plat thereof recorded in book 1, page 1, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds of the City of St. Louis; also lease being made by Henry Allen Cunningham to James William Shannon of lot or parcel of ground in block No. 494, beginning at the southeast corner said block, at the west line of Sixteenth street a north line of Market street, thence north 72 feet 9 inches to an alley, thence west 90 feet to the northeast corner of Willis, thence south 72 feet 9 inches to Market street, thence east to the place of beginning, and I will on

SATURDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of

PRICE TWO CENTS. Monday—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.—September 24, 1894. DAILY A

TARIFF QUIZ.

The Primer of Politics Introduced Into the Campaign.

SOME OF THE QUESTIONS ASKED AND HOW THEY ARE ANSWERED.

City Convention Dates Will Allow but a Short Time for Filing Delegations—A Quiet Tip That Mr. Cobb Will Have to Run.

At the Young Democracy meeting in the Twenty-third Ward, on Saturday night, Mr. Lee Meriwether was asked and gave prompt answers to eight questions propounded along tariff lines. The "Quiz" session of this meeting was one of the best that has yet been held. The questions and brief summaries of the answers follow:

Question 1. How does the Wilson bill affect wages? Answer. To the extent that it reduces the tariff, and hence the cost of the articles bought; it enables the workman to buy more with his money, and makes his wages worth that much more to him. On cotton goods a saving of 24 per cent has been effected; on woolen goods the McKinley bill imposed as high a tariff as 163 per cent, while the highest tariff under the Wilson bill is 40 per cent.

The speaker had referred to a saving of a dollar on a flannel shirt and a facetious gentleman right under his eye wanted to know how to get the dollar. This was the second question. The answer was: That is a hard question for us all. The only way the speaker knew of was to work for it, and he did not believe the Republican party had anything better to offer. If, in addition to his own skill, the laborer had the backing of some strong labor organization he was by that much the better off. He could not see how a tariff on the things we need enables us the better to earn a dollar. Much had been said of free trade England, and the low wages prevailing there. It would be more to the purpose to compare the wages in free trade England and protected Germany; they were neighbors; both under monarchical governments, both burdened with big standing armies and great navies, and yet there was 50 to 60 per cent difference in the wages paid, in favor of the English workman. The reason why wages were higher in America was not on account of the tariff; but because the workmen were more skilful, worked faster and more intelligently, worked longer hours and did better work.

Question 3. Why did the Niedringhaus tin-plate works shut down?

Answer. Probably as a bluff. (This answer was not controverted.)

Question 4. Why have the glass-blowers' wages been cut down 14 per cent?

A. That is a pertinent question. The McKinley bill had green glass bottles free, and the Wilson bill imposes a tariff of 20 per cent upon them. Yet here we find wages reduced simultaneously with the protection of the glass bottle industry. The speaker thought that circumstances ought to answer the question, "How does the tariff affect wages?"

Q. 5. How is it that England can ship steel rails to San Francisco for $7.50 a ton cheaper than they can be made in this country?

A. I don't think that is a fact. I should like to see the proof of it. (The proof was not adduced, and the question was passed.)

Question 6. If England can deliver steel rails here cheaper than they can be made at home, is it not a question of wages?

A. No; because the English manufacturer is satisfied with 12 per cent profit, while Carnegie must have 30 to 40. With free trade in these articles, Carnegie will simply have to submit to take a reasonable profit, and instead of buying castles in Scotland, and entertaining kings and princes, he will have to be content with a summer residence upon the Hudson and to worry along with the American yacht.

Question 7. Do the manufacturers in this country sell goods cheaper if they are for export than if they are to be used in this country?

A. A plow manufactured at South Bend, Ind., costs the American farmer $4 more than it does the Mexican or the Australian farmer, minus the difference in freight. A typewriter that is sold in the streets of New York City, costs but $75 if to be shipped abroad. The speaker gave examples of actual transactions in these articles.

Q. 8. How will the reduction of the tariff on tin affect labor?

A. The answer to that is the general answer to such questions concerning the entire list of imported necessaries. No tariff tends to improve wages. The tariff of $4 a ton on steel rails gave Carnegie just that much more profit. He did not raise the wages of his workingmen. The tariff was levied just because it could be—just as the cat was levied on all fish caught on the coast of Maine—because New England, the whole of which is much smaller than Texas, had 12 of the 26 votes in the Senate, and could vote what she pleased and the people had to stand it.

Young Democracy will hold meetings at Garrison and Cass avenues to-morrow night, and at Forty-first street and Easton avenue on Saturday night, with the "quiz" feature at both places.

To-morrow (Tuesday) evening the Fourth Ward Democratic League Club will have a grand rally at St. Louis Hall, southeast corner Broadway and Biddle street. The following well-known Democrats will address the meeting: Daniel O'C. Tracy, Carl Otto, Daniel Donovan, John C. Orrell, Judge Vance, Judge Gee, W. Anderson and others. All Democrats of the ward are invited to be present.

Assistant City Attorney Thomas E. Mulvihill has come out as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Prosecuting Attorney.

So great has been the delay on the part of the political managers in the matter of getting ready for the city conventions, that when the calls are finally issued there will be only about two days in which to file delegations. Recorder Higgins suggests, therefore, to both parties, that the making up of delegations begin at once, so that there will be no excuse for complaint of lack of time after the Recorder's notices shall have been sent out. Blanks for the purpose are now ready at the Recorder's office and can be had on application.

The same delegates who make up the Democratic City Convention, will be charged with the nomination of the Senatorial, Representative, Justice and constable tickets. The Committee on Rules of the Democratic City Convention will signify the order in which the remainder of the ticket shall be made up, the nomination of the city ticket taking precedence of all else. After that the nominations will proceed according to the stated order, the delegates making their arrangements accordingly. Recorder Higgins says that he will follow the order of the Democratic City Convention in making up the official ballot, and make the Republican ticket to conform.

In spite of Mr. Seth Cobb's repeated "declinations" the Democratic workers of the Twelfth Congressional District seem to have no fear that he will refuse to run when he is nominated, which, it is claimed, he is certain to be. Even if he were willing to retire forever from politics, they say, he could not afford to go back on the friends who gave their time and money to aid his election in two hard-fought campaigns, and as the Republicans are despairingly anxious that he should withdraw from the race to give place to some man whom they think they can beat, the Democratic party has just now a claim on Mr. Cobb that the latter cannot at all afford to ignore.

The Twenty-second Ward Democratic Club will hold a meeting to-night at Garrison Hall, Easton and Leonard avenues. All Democrats of the Twenty-second and adjoining wards are invited to be present. This club always has a good list of able speakers ready to entertain its guests.

The John B. O'Meara Club has organized at No. 1701 Cass avenue, Lafayette Hall. It has now 125 members. Richard J. Halloran is President; Daniel J. McCarthy, Vice-President; James J. Dunn, Treasurer; Roger P. Carroll, Secretary; James J. McCarthy, Sergeant-at-Arms.

The Garfield Hall Republican Club of the Twenty-sixth Ward will hold a meeting Tuesday evening at their headquarters, Whittier and North Market streets.

A Hopeless Undertaking.

From Kate Field's Washington.

"The United States Army is the only one in which there never is any mutiny."

"No wonder. Is it likely that one private would mutiny against so many officers?"

THE MARKETS.

The complaint of dull foreign trade by St. Louis millers it appears is not so much due to the lack of demand as it is to a certain curious and, what appears to be, a rather underhand description of competition they meet with from outside mills. This is the selling by certain Illinois and Indiana millers of what is nothing better than a "straight" flour as a "patent" to United Kingdom markets. One of the leading flour houses of London writes a St. Louis miller that an Illinois miller and an Indiana mill are offering "patent" flour at 16s 9d and less, some sales being made as low as 16s. This is a price St. Louis mills cannot anywhere near meet, if they sell a real "patent." If has been demonstrated, however, that the flour this Illinois and these Indiana mills are selling as "patents" abroad are nothing better than a "straight." Indeed, an analysis of a sample of the Illinois "patent" (?) by a St. Louis expert demonstrated that it was 95 per cent "patent," where a real patent should not be over 85 or 45 per cent. It is stated that if St. Louis mills wished to go into the business of selling "straight" flour as a "patent," they could sell for much less money than the parties who are doing so are asking and obtaining now. But what kind of a trade is it that will accept a "straight" flour as a "patent"? Probably, however, the foreign trade is on, though their customers may not be.

In a letter to J. C. Ewald, Louis Roth of London writes that it is now an ascertained fact that the Danube and Russian crop of corn will not reach more than 40 per cent of an average yield. He confirms the sale of Russian barley to this country and says of the condition of the Russian wheat crop: "The heavy rains felt throughout Europe this last month have injured the quality of the grain, but not the quantity, which remains, upon an average, great. All Russian wheat will be most unlight."

The *Mark Lane Expr.ss* says in reference to the shortage of potatoes that it would not be at all unlikely if Germany should increase her demand for wheat fully 24,000,000 bu on account of the short potato crop. Berlin advices are that owing to the shorter rye crop in Germany than last year and the fact that German potatoes are also deficient and corn high, the imports of rye into Germany may possibly reach 40,000,000 bu against 18,600,000 bu in the past season.

A decrease of 1,152,000 bu last week in the amount of flour and wheat on ocean passage brings the total down to 27,768,000 bu, where it was 41,448,000 bu one year ago, and the increase of 888,000 bu in corn makes that amount 4,448,000 bu, against 7,661,000 bu last year.

Dornbusch says that an Argentine letter stated that in consequence of low wheat prices the farmers in the provinces of Santa Fe and Entre Rios had sown extensive areas of corn and flaxseed.

The Paris *Bulletin des Halles* estimates that owing to the poor quality of the French wheat crop it will be necessary to import 28,000,000 bu of foreign wheat.

The unexpectedly large increase of over 1,900,000 bu in Minneapolis wheat stocks, was due to the addition of an elevator, which was made "regular." The Washington wheat crop has yielded from 20 to as high as 60 bu to the acre, with an average of 25 bu for the whole country.

Chas. F. Orthwein & Sons had samples of Russian barley and rye on 'Change to-day, and very nice grain they both were.

The first decrease in the local stock of wheat was made last week, the decrease was only 5,000 bu, but for same week last year the stock increased 175,000 bu.

"Stocks afloat and in Europe are decreasing and the only increase in wheat supplies is in this country," remarked George Smith, in his monthly summary. "This is the only wheat for sale in the world, yet the blamed fools keep depreciating the price of our wheat by selling it down."

The visible supply of wheat increased 975,000 bu last week, and is now 70,189,000 bu, against 56,560,000 bu one year ago. Corn increased 91,000 bu and is 4,192,000 bu, against 7,522,000 bu a year ago. Oats decreased 376,000 bu and is 7,844,000 bu, against 4,073,000 bu a year ago. The available supply of wheat, including the visible, and amount afloat, is now 99,709,000 bu, against 93,341,000 one year ago, and of corn is 7,752,000 bu, against 14,607,000 bu last year.

IMPROVED PRICES.

Henry Clews Takes a Hopeful View of the Outlook for Railroad Stocks.

Henry Clews & Co. of New York, in their circular under date of Sept. 22, state that during the past week transactions have been moderate, but railroad securities have held their own.

The wheat crop is regarded as bringing a more valuable amount of freight to the railroads than any other cereal; and as the wheat surplus available for export this year will probably exceed that of any previous period, large expectations are based upon this source of through traffic. The corn crop is so largely consumed at the point of production, or after comparatively short hauls, that the decrease in this year's product of that staple is of less importance as affecting the railroads than might at first sight appear. The country's exports of wheat and flour is valued at $170,000,000, while that of Indian corn amounts to only $25,000,000; a decrease of 25 per cent therefore in this latter crop must be a comparatively small matter to the traffic of the roads, and any loss on that account is likely to be set off by the gain in the export movement of wheat. The traffic, however, that brings the most profitable results is the carriage of manufactured articles and of passengers; and what the improvement in those classes of traffic is likely to be, may be inferred from the current active revival in every branch of trade and the general starting up of industrial production.

At the moment, two influences are holding these important "bull" factors in check; one being the still pending reconstruction of a very large amount of railroad investment, which keeps constantly before the public eye the weak points in this branch of finance; and the other being the peculiar position of the "trust" organizations.

London begins to show more interest in American securities. As our change of tariff policy is a movement in the direction of British ideas, it is natural enough that the reduction of customs duties should predispose Englishmen to our investments. The first effects of this change are apparent less in any open speculative demand than in a stream of inquiries from London to Wall street investment houses, evidently in contemplation of careful and solid investments. It is difficult to see how England can well escape a liberal return to transatlantic investments. The London rate of interest stubbornly remains unprecedentedly low and the Bank of England is literally overflowing with idle gold.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price To-Day.

	To-day.	Saturday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No 2 red	48¾@49	49¾@	62½
No 3 red	46¾@47¾	47¾@	58¼
No 4 winter	45 b	45 b	54¾
CORN.			
No 2	53 a	53¼ a	38¼
No 2 white	54	55 a	40
No 2	52½ b		37½
OATS.			
No 2	29¾@30	29¾@30	26¾
No 2 white	33	32½@33	29¾
No 3	26¾		25

Future Prices.

	Closing Saturday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Sept	48¾ b			48¾ b
Dec.	50@50¾	51¼	50½	51 b
May	56¼@56¾	56¾	56¼	56¾ b
CORN.				
Sept	51¾ a			52½ b
Dec.	47¾ a	47	46¾	47¾ b
May	45	46¾	47¾	46¾@46¾ b
OATS.				
Sept	29¾ b			29¾ a
Oct.	29¾ b			29¾ b
May	34½ a	34¾	34	34½

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT.			
Dec	54¾@	54¾	54¾

CORN.			
May	51¾ b	52	50¾	51¾ a
OATS.			
May	34 b	34¾@34¾	33¾	34¾
PORK.			
Jan	13.30	13.35	13.12½	13.30
LARD.			
Jan	7.75	7.77	7.65	7.75
SHORT RIBS.			
Jan	6.75	6.80	6 85	6.80

CHICAGO—Wheat—Dec, 54¾@; May, 59¾c. Corn—Dec, 49¾c; May, 51¾c a. Oats—Oct, 29½@29¾ b; May, 34¾@. Pork—Sept, $13.40; Jan, $13.30. Lard—Sept, 6.42½; Jan, 7.75c a. Short ribs—Sept, 7.37½; Jan, 6.80c a.

FLAXSEED—Cash, $1.41¾ b for S. W.; $1.43½@1.44¾ for N. W.; Oct, —; Dec, $1.43@1.44¾. Timothy—Cash, —; Sept, $3.45; Oct, $3.32½ b. Clover—Cash, $6.80 n.

NEW YORK—Wheat—Dec, 58½c b. Corn—Dec, 55½c. Oats—Oct, 32½c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Sept, 52¼c; Dec, 54½c b; May, 59¾c.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—Dec, 55½c; May, 59¼c.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Saturday	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu	6,329,140	6,353,772	4,740,041
Corn, bu	23,704	23,933	82,065
Oats, bu	411,459	387,220	111,062
Rye, bu	3,385	7,537	1,945
Barley, bu	1,200	1,200	1,365
No 2 red win wheat	5,973,545	5,963,039	4,198,052
No 2 corn	18,147	18,376	63,473
No 2 white corn	3,846	3,846	6,989
No 2 oats	356,614	339,208	45,818
No 2 rye	3,385	2,837	1,945

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	43,882	33,670		5,000
Chicago	98,293	214,220	153,433	328,010
Toledo	45,416	3,724	2,000	1,000
Detroit	16,639	3,099	24,512	
Kansas City	43,550	8,400		650
Milwaukee	67,148	13,650		
Minn'polis	554,140	1,200	34,400	
Duluth	110,649		317,077	
New York	400,909	103,975	93,425	200
Baltimore	25,559	400		
Philadel'hia	8,731	2,510	7,433	6,915
Boston	53,591	3,714		

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 7,250 bbls; Chicago, 21,999 bbls; Detroit, 150 bbls; Milwaukee, 26,098 bbls, Minneapolis, 42,439 bbls; New York, 3,333 bbls and 2,876 sks; Baltimore, 17,918 bbls; Boston, 275 bbls and 8,727 sks.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—Sales were made this morning shortly after the opening at below the lowest price touched last Saturday, but at once reacted, as there was hardly any offered for sale as was wanted, and sold up. Subsequently was unsettled and very nervous, at one time breaking off sharply, with plenty for sale at to below the top price of and then as suddenly rallying, soldiers out of sight and advancing the close was fair, with buyers 1-16c above Saturday. The depressing influences at the spealing were declines in all other markets and in corn, the dull and weak cables, large Northwestern receipts and the increase in the Minneapolis stock in excess of estimates, latter leading to expectations of a large increase is the visible. The decrease of over 1,100,000 bu in ocean wheat was not regarded. Receipts at this point were small and only about 40 per cent of one year ago. Small clearances—33,000 bu—flour and 121,000 bu wheat from four ports—were the markets a shade lower after their first reaction. The 975,000 bu increase in the visible was less than expected. This did not help the market, however, and some selling in the long pit seat proved lower than ever. Closing cables were 1d off for week. English country markets off 9d for average; price of flour and Berlin lower, but Paris came 1½@2c higher. Domestic markets took a sudden bull turn late in the session and the close here was firm.

Futures—Dec opened at 53¾@54c and sold to 53¾c, to 54c to 53¾c, to 53¾c to 54c, to 54¼c to 54¾c and close 54¾c bid. Kept offered on call at 49c, bid 48¾c.

SPOT GRADES—Lower and only salable to accommodate buyers on call, sold No 2 red at 48¾c and 48¾c in United at Terminal, 49c East side (regular offered at 48¾c); No 3 red at 46¾c in United, 47c in Terminal, 47½c E. side; No 4 winter at 45c and No 2 hard winter at 48¾c, 49c E. side.

Exporters were figuring for round lots, but no business reported.

Sales: No 2 red—4 cars in Terminal, 1 car and 1,000 bu in United and 7,000 bu in Farmers' at 48¾c, 1 car, 1,000 bu and 140 sks East Side at 49c. No 3 red—80 sks East side at 47½c.

Corn—Receipts, 214,220 bus; shipments, 328,010 bus—60 cars local, 1 car through. Millers were buying quite freely, though showing a preference for stock on this side and slow to pay anything above grade prices.

Corn—Advices from the Northwest and frosts in some of the more Northern corn States did not affect the markets, which were more influenced by the receipts—liberal in Chicago and larger here. Elevation in the forenoon market had an adverse effect, also. Cables were dull and lower, Liverpool 1½d off. The visible supply only increased 91,000 bu the same as was ralled from, and amount afloat, is unsettled until late. Then advanced stidly is above the bottom and the close was to above Saturday.

FUTURES—Hay opened at 47¾c and sold to 47¾c, 47¾c, 47¾c, 47¾c, to 48¾c, 48¾c, 48¾c, 48¾c, 48¾c bid. Dec sold at 46¾c to 47c, and at close 47¾c bid. Sept offered late at 53c, bid 52½c.

SPOT GRADES—Lower and only sales on which the error of demand was very light and no other inquiry, but white corn wanted by local millers, and so scarce that higher prices paid. No 2 offered regular at 53¾c and 53¾c in Terminal to arrive, 53¾c was United, Farmers' and Terminal, 53¾c for C. No 2 white offered regular at 55c, no bid. No 3 in United and Terminal 52½c bid.

Sales: No 2—3 cars in Terminal at 53¾c, 1 car East track at 53c. No 2 white—1 car East track at 55c. No 3—1 car East track at 52c.

Oats—The large receipts and the decline in corn had a depressing effect early in the day, and May opened 1c, cellar at 34½c to 34¾c, sold down to this and sold up to 34¾c (34¾c was bid) and off to 34½c at close. Sept offered at 29¾c, bid 29c; Oct at 29¾c, bid 29¼c.

SPOT GRADES—Lower to sell on Call, where No 2 offered East Side at 29¾c, bid 29½c and 29¾c bid for United and Farmers, 29½c for Terminal. No 3 neglected.

Rye—Receipts, 3,385 bus; shipments, 2,837 bus—Received 53 cars local, 3 cars through. Slow, and difficult to realize Saturday's prices. Local buyers were not willing to pay steady prices, which sellers were asking, and the feeling seeming to believe that lower prices should rule, but most sales were at about unchanged rates.

Sellers finally had to give way to place stock, and sales were made at a considerable decline. Even then all offerings were not cleaned up.

Sales: No 2—1 car in U at 53¾c, 1 in Terminal and 1 in Farmers' at 53c. No 3—1 car in A at 52½c.

Sales: Special bin—2 cars No 2 at 30c, 1 do at 30½c; 1 No 2 Northern at 32c, 1 No 2 white at 32½c, 3 do at 33½c. Track this side—2 fancy No 2 at 31½c, 3 No 2 white at 33½c, 1 do at 33½c, 2 fancy do at 34c. East track—1 car No 3 at 30c, 2 cars No 2 at 30½c, 1 No 2 color at 31½c, 1 No 3 white at 32½c, 1 do to arrive at 33c, 1 ungraded white at 32½c.

Rye—None offered in elevator, but some on track. On Call 5.s bid for No 2 regular, 51c East Side.

Hay.

Received, 929 tons; shipped, 110 tons. Too much ordinary and off stock offering was what ailed the market, which was quiet to the verge of dullness, except for nice fancy feeding hay. Top to full prices were rapidly obtainable. Medium and low grades could only be worked off by accepting buyers' prices, which were decidedly lower.

Sales: This side—Prairie—4 cars packing at $5, 1 car at $6.50, 1 at $7.50, 2 at $8.50, 1 at $9, 1 fancy at $9.50, 1 silt edge at $10. Timothy—2 cars at $9, 1 at $11, 1 at $11.50, 1 at $11.7 at $11.80, 2 large baled at $12.50, 1 clover mixed p t, Mixed—1 car redtop at $8.

East track—1 car timothy at $8, 1 at $8.50, 1 at $10.50, 1 at $11.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—No change for the better. Sellers holding steadily, as they believe the price low enough, but trade dull and demand from any source.

Patents	$2 40@2 55	Rye flour	$3 00@3 10
Extra fancy	2 15@2 30	Cornmeal	2 45@2 55
Fancy	1 95@2 05	Hominy	2 90@3 00
Choice	1 75@1 85	Grits	2 90@3 00

Bran—Slow, as most eastern buyers out of market for low prices, though 62c was bid at East track. Sales: Outside points, 3 cars sld at 58c, 5 at 62c, 1 mids at 73c. East track—5 cars sld at 62c.

Seeds and Castor Beans.

Grass Seeds—Timothy in small offerings, a few small lots selling at $5@5.35. Clover sales were at $3.75 for poor to $7.90@8.19.

Flaxseed—Firm and higher, with $1.38 bid this side.

Castor Beans—Quiet at $1.25.

Provisions.

The market was lower all round.

Pork—Standard mess selling at $13.87½ on orders, $14.37½.

Lard—Prime steam at 8½c, and choice at 8.45c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 7½c; longs, 8½c; ribs, 8½c; shorts, 8½c. On orders—Longs and ribs, 8½c; shorts, 9c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping agreed on cash orders—Shoulders, 6½c; longs and ribs, 7½c; shorts, 7½c; boxed, 15c higher.

Highwines—Firm at $1.33.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Easy. Sellers asking $3 for prompt shipment Sept and Oct. Sales: 1 car prompt shipment and 100 tons Oct at $2.

Spelter—Offered at $3.25.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—There is a moderate demand for fancy red fruit, but other kinds are very dull. The bulk of Western receipts are selling from $1.50 to $2 at Canada and Eastern stock in large barrels, well packed, $2 to $2.75; small, speckled, stock packed and inferior, 75c to $1.

Peaches—While the supply was moderate the market was slow. We quote: Ohio, $1.25 to $2 per bu-basket, 40c to 75c per ½-bu basket and 30c to 40c per peck basket. Michigan, 25c to 35c per 1-5-bu basket in good order; when speckled and in bad order less.

Cantaloupes—Deliveries lighter. Prices are firm: fair to choice, 60c to 75c per bu-box.

Grapes—Receipts heavy, but market steady. Elvira and Martha, 12c to 15c; Ives, 14c to 15c; Delaware, 25c; Ohio Concords, 15c to 16c; New York, 15c per 9-lb basket. Catawba, 20c.

Pears—Ample supply and quiet; Ohio Duchess, $1.60; Seckle, $1.50 to $1.75 per bu.

Plums—Damsons, $2.50 to $3.50 per bu; red, 75c to $1 per ½-bu basket; 35c to 90c per 9-lb basket.

California Fruits—Offerings moderate, markets strong. Peaches, fair to choice, $1@1.15; grapes, muscat, $1.75; Toks, $1.75 to $2 per 20-lb case; plums, 90c to $1; German prunes, $1@1.25 per 20-lb case; Bartlett pears, $1.75 to $2 per 40-lb box; choice to prime orders higher; nectarines, 60c to 90c per bu-box and $1 to $1.25 per crate.

Oranges—Firm. We quote: Mexican, $4.00 to $4.25; Rodi, $5.50@6.50.

Lemons—The market steady. We quote: Extra fancy, $6; fancy, $5.50; choice, $5 per box.

Bananas—On orders, $1.50 to $2 per bunch, the latter for fancy.

Cocoanuts—Are quoted at $2.75 to $3 per 100.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Receipts, 150 pkgs and 450 bu; shipments, 668 pkg and — bu. Market easier; sales at 62c to 68c per bu from wagons. Lower and on track quotable at 50c to 68c per bu, according to condition.

Onions—Received, 413 pkgs and 1,500 bu; shipped 348 pkgs; fair to choice, 45c to 50c, and fancy at 60c.

Sweet Potatoes—Bermudas $2.60 and Spanish red $3.50 to $3.75 per bbl.

Tomatoes—The deliveries of good stock light and market strong. Prices ranged 30c to 50c per bu for loose. In shipping order, 60c per bu-box.

Green Corn—5@10c per doz.

Green Beans—Round 50c to 60c; wax, 60c to 75c per bu.

Cabbage—Fair offerings and demand at $1.25 to $1.50 per crate in shipping order. Northern $8 to $12 per ton Eastside on track.

Horseradish—$3.50 per bbl.

Cucumbers—Offerings; demand light at $1@1.50 per bbl and 25@40c per bu box.

Celery—10c to 30c per bunch for small and 30c to 40c for large when in good condition.

Milwaukee Carrotts—$1.75 to $2 per bbl.

Sauer Kraut—$1.75 per ½-bbl; $3.50 per bbl.

ON ORDERS IN SHIPPING CONDITION.

Beets, home-grown, $2.25 per bbl; cucumbers, 60@75c per bbl; egg plant, 50c@$1 per doz; lettuce, $3.50 per bbl; radish, white, 15c per doz; soup onnches, 30c per doz; potatoes, $2 per bbl; tomatoes, 75@85c per bu; string beans, $1 per bu; turnips, $1.25 per bbl; sweet potatoes, $2 per bu; home-grown grapes, 27c per climax basket.

Eggs.

Received, 1,222 cases; shipped, 431 cases. Good choice fresh stock selling at 14c per doz, but most offerings out of condition.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—Steady. Offerings ample for the moderate demand.

Creamery.	Dairy.
Separator	20@22	Good to choice	17@21
Gathered cream	17@21	Common to fair	11@14
Elgin, if fancy, higher.		Country butter	7@11

Cheese—Very steady. Full cream twins, 10¾c; stringless, 10¾c; Young America, 11c; brick, 9@9½c; limberger, 8@9c; Swiss, choice, 14c.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—Slow, but steady for chickens. Ducks and turkeys dull and unchanged. Young roosters very slim; not worth over 7c.

Old Chickens.		Spring Chickens.	
Hens, per lb	6½	Choice small	8
Roosters	3	Large	7½
Turkeys.		Ducks.	
Lge young, ₱ lb	8	Old, ₱ lb	4 @ 5
Old nominal	5	Young	5 @ 5½
Young geese	6		

Game—Prairie chickens in liberal supply and slow sale, but all other kinds scarce. Woodcock, $5 per doz; wood duck, $1.25; mallard, $3; teal—green wing $1.25, blue wing $1.75; mixed ducks, light, $1.25; old, $2.50; plover, 50c to 60c; pigeons and squabs, 70c; frog legs, 50c to 75c per doz.

Live Veals—Market very dull; choice small in the hair, 6½c; large, 5½c; calves, 4½c; medium, 3½c; rough and thin, 1½c per lb.

Sheep—Wethers, 2c; ewes, 1½c per lb; bucks, $1.50 per head.

Lambs—Demand limited to choice and fancy at prices ranging from 2c to 3c per lb. Thin and poor very dull.

Wool.

The market was weak and tendency downward.

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ETC.		TEXAS (6 to 12 months).	
Med combing	15	Medium	12 @14
Med clothing	14	Fine medium	9 @12
Coarse braid	14	Coarse and low	7 @ 9
Low and cotted	11 @12	Light fine	10 @11
Fine medium	11 @12	Heavy fine	7 @ 8
Light fine	10 @11	Short and sandy	8 @ 9
Heavy fine	9 @10	WESTERN AND SOUTHERN	
Slightly burry	10 @11	Medium	11 @13
Hard burry	9 @ 9	Fine medium	9 @11
Southern burry	8 @ 9	Coarse and low	9 @10
Light fine	12 @13	Light fine	9 @11
TUB WASHED.		Heavy fine	7 @ 8
Choice	21	Sks long, 15c; Texas, 10c	
Fine medium	19 @20	Tare, ½ to 3½ lbs.	
Cotted & coarse	15 @18		

Hides and Feathers.

Hides—Weak and lower. Green salted, round, 4c for nearby; 3½c to 3¾c for Southern; No 1, 4½c; No 2, 3½c; No 1 bulls, 3½c; No 2, 3c; No 1 kips, 6½c; No 2, 5½c; dry salted, 4½c; No 1, 5c; No 2, 4½; glue stock, green, 1c; dry, 3c.

Tallow—Prime, 3½c; No 2, large sks, 3½c; small sks, 3½c; old white, 2@3½c; prime gray, 2½c; old—X, 2½@2½c; XX, 1½@1½c; XXX, 90@1½c; XXXX, 50@7c. Chicken—Dry picked, 25c; Duck—White, 25c; dark, 20c. Tare, 1 to 6 per cent.

Sheep Pelts—Fall wool out of season. Current receipts bring 30@40c for large green to 15@25c for lambs; dry, 10@30c; shearlings, dry, 5@10c; green, 10@15c.

Deer Skins—Prime, 18c; damaged half price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 5@10c each.

Tallow—Prime rus, in oil bbls, 5c; No 2, 4½@4½c; cake, 5½c ₱ lb.

Beeswax—Steady at 26c ₱ lb.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.40@2.50; senega, 24@27c; snake, 15@16c; golden seal, 13@18c; May apple, 1@1½c; pink, 14@15c; lady slipper, 4c; black, 4@4½c; angelica, 3½@4c; wahoo, bark of tree, 3@4c; root, 8c; blood, 1½@2c; blue flag, —.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

Cattle—Receipts 4,840 head. As there was only a mixture of natives in small lots, amounting in all to about 13 car loads, the market in this division ruled very quiet at about steady prices. The supply of Texans and other Southern amounted to about 60 car loads. The latter grades of both steers and cows were firm, but the general run sold barely steady.

NATIVE CATTLE SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
17	cows	709	$2 05	1	cow	1,080	$3 00
61	steers	673	2 10	9	cows & hrs	676	2 00
16	cows	677	1 80				

SOUTHERN CATTLE SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
23	steers	1,105	$3 35	165	steers	983	$3 15
49	steers	918	2 75	22	steers	1,080	3 00
48	steers	983	3 00	118	steers	1,012	3 15
23	steers	989	2 90	24	steers	1,000	3 00
40	steers	1,016	2 90	47	steers	1,073	3 20
46	steers	984	3 05	25	steers	980	2 75
21	steers	1,147	3 35	26	steers	891	2 70
87	steers	842	2 90	29	bulls	950	1 50
19	cows	893	2 85	64	cows	838	2 20
32	ews & hfs	656	2 30	17	cows	674	2 15
19	cows	899	2 85	89	cows	782	2 10
15	cows	726	2 15	59	cows	772	2 10
16	cows	726	2 15	47	calves, per hd		8 75
91	cows	711	2 25	74	calves, per hd		8 00

Hogs—Receipts, 1,135 head. The market was active to the extent of the limited supply. Good heavy to light sold 60 deg, and 5 @ 10 deg, and anything good enough to sell above $5.90. Prices on the better grades ranged 5c to 10c higher, but the common showed but little improvement.

HOG SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
54	211	$5 90	60	219	$5 82½
83	210	5 80	70	221	5 75
77	196	5 70	77	201	5 70
77	196	5 60	20	190	5 55
53	293	5 55	46	262	5 55
37	224	5 40	77	175	5 37½
67	191	5 25	37	185	5 30
40	135	5 10			

Sheep—Receipts, 128 head. The supply was too small this morning to admit of a representative market, only three mixed lots of sheep and lambs being offered all of which sold at $3.00 per 100.

SHEEP SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
49	sp & lmbs	70	$3 00	5	culls	94	$1 25
57	sp & lmbs	97	3 00	2	bucks, esch		1 50
14	sp & lmbs	100	3 00				

Live Stock by Telegraph.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,600; shipments, 23,000; market steady; Texas steers, $2.25@3.25; best steers, $3.25@3.85; stockers and feeders, $2@3; Hers—Receipts, 1,800; shipments, 600; steady; bulk of sales, $3.25@3.60; heavies, $3.50@3.80; packers, $3.40@3.80; mixed, $3.45@3.75; lights, $3.60@3.80; pigs, $2.50@3; sheep—Receipts, 3,200; shipments, 700; market steady.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 24.—Hogs—Receipts, 19,000. Official Saturday, 7,304; shipments, 2,413; left over, about 5,500; quality rather poor; market fairly active on shipping accounts; prices are firmer, averaging 5c higher. Cattle—Receipts, 25,000; market weak under the large supply; prices about 10c lower. Sheep—Receipts, 25,500; supply in excess of demand; market weak at 10@15c decline.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—Wheat was easy to-day. Liverpool was quoted ½c l

...ale, whether it ...er it be a day-in ...g-trot of the biggest ...d, Crawford's is ever ... to scoop in the greatest ...est money. To-day begins ...k of the sale of J. B. Thro's ...ral merchandise. You will find ... and the bargains at one place— ...d's.

...ed Wuerzburger Hopbran, India ... Walnwright's extra brew, on ... at the Merchants', 616 Washington ...

...IVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st,

Dr. E. C. Chase,
804 Olive street. Crown and bridge work.

JUDGE RODRIGUEZ MIRAMON.

A Mexican Federal Official Who Is Visiting St. Louis.

Judge Vincent Rodriguez Miramon, presiding over the Federal District Court at Taluca, Mexico, is a visitor in St. Louis. He has an extended leave of absence and will visit the chief cities of the United States, including Cincinnati, Washington, New York, Philadelphia and Boston, and will stop at Niagara Falls on his return. Judge Miramon is a nephew of Gen. Michael Miramon, who was shot along with Emperor Maximilian on June 19, 1867. He is still a young man.

"This is the first time I was ever out of my native country," he remarked to a POST-DISPATCH reporter, and I mean to make the best of my opportunity to observe the institutions of your country, from which ours borrows so much politically. Our constitution and legal system are modeled fairly closely after yours. My visit is one of pleasure solely. I shall probably be in St. Louis for several days."

Judge Miramon secured the address of the Spanish Club and Mexican Consul for the purpose of calling on them.

ALL ORDERS

For Boys' Clothing promptly filled and samples sent upon application. Special sale of Boys' Blue Tricot Suits for $6.50, ages 4 to 14 years, warranted fast colors. Children's Blue Reefer Suits, $4.

MILLS & AVERILL,
Broadway and Pine.

WIDEMAN'S ERRAND.

Will Bring a Damage Suit for the Ex-Queen of Hawaii.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 24.—It is stated on what appears to be good authority that the errand of H. A. Wideman of Honolulu to this country is for the purpose of commencing a damage suit against the United States on behalf of the ex-Queen of Hawaii.

The amount of damage asked for is said to be $200,000 and the friends of the ex-Queen declare that this government has been instrumental in mulcting her to fully that amount. Her claim is that the Provisional Government could never have been established and herself deposed had it not been for the unwarranted action of a recognized agent of the United States, the Captain of the warship Boston, which action was subsequently formally disavowed by the President.

Whatever Mr. Wideman's errand is, his departure from Honolulu was kept a profound secret until almost the moment of sailing, when he suddenly appeared on the dock and secured passage. Within a few days he will go on to Washington, where he does not deny that he has business of importance to transact.

CONSTABLES ORGANIZE.

Cook County Officers Protecting Themselves From Outsiders.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—Eighty of Cook County Constables held a meeting last night and perfected an organization for the protection of their craft from so-called invaders. The meeting was mainly brought about by the cutting into what the regular constables consider their vested rights by outside constables who have figured largely in the writ of replevin business in connection with the gambling-house raids.

The session was a lively one for men who make a vocation of assisting in preserving order. A complete list of officers was elected, but not without considerable electioneering and party feeling among the friends of candidates for office, and resulted in D. S. Blockom being elected President.

The following resolution was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that we take away, if possible, the power of a Justice of the Peace who unlawfully authorizes persons outside of regular Constables to serve writs.

The Constables will decide at their next meeting, it is said, not to serve any writs for any Justice who hires outsiders. They will boycott him.

SOCIETY NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Judd have taken apartments at the Franklin.

Miss Lilia Condell has returned from a visit in Detroit.

Mr. and Mr. J. R. Hamlin are entertaining Mrs. Ned Ridgely of Springfield, Ill.

Mrs. Madeline Norris is visiting friends in the city previous to her return to New Orleans.

Mr. and Mrs. George Webster have rooms at Hotel Beers for the winter.

The Browning Club of Compton Hill met at the home of Miss Lulu Rope Friday evening, Sept. 21. Those present were Misses Lillian Reynolds, Jessie Leonard, Cora Coleman, May Atkinson, Mettie Harding, Lulu and Nellie Roper, Mr. George Lee, George Walker, George Rogers, Wiman Vegeli, Howard Shultz and Fadi Dickson. The principal amusement was dancing. The next meeting will be held on Miss Jessie Lockard's, 3507 Lafayette avenue.

Mrs. Franklin Morey of Denver is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Clarence H. Howard of 3629B Laclede avenue, and will remain to attend the fall festivities.

Mr. and Mrs. Del Bowman of Louisiana, Mo., spent Sunday with friends on Morgan street.

The Misses Amelia E. Dreyfus and Blanche Zazak have returned to their homes in Louisiana, Mo., after having visited the former's sister of West Morgan street.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence H. Howard, formerly of Hotel Beers, are at their new home, 3629B Laclede avenue, to their friends.

Miss Carrie Dehnert, daughter of William Dehnert, was married Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock to Louis Reissler at her home, 2730 Franklin avenue, by Rev. Deters of the Bethania Church. Her sister, Miss Emelia, served as maid of honor, and Misses Minnie Bauer and Carrie Kriesemeyer were the bridesmaids. Anton Pape was best man and Messrs. Schlief and Kriesemeyer were groomsmen. The bride wore a white silk, trimmed in myrtle leaves and Valenciennes lace. The bridesmaids wore white. The reception was held in the Schaaam Hall, which was decorated with flowers for the occasion. Supper was served at 12, and after supper the young couple were serenaded by a band of music. The festivities broke up at an early hour, and the young couple started for their new home.

Obituary Notes.

Charles J. Baker of Baker Bros. & Co., glass manufacturers, died at Catonsville, Md., in his 74th year.

Maj. R. D. Baldwin of the Warrensburg (Mo.) Standard-Herald, died after four weeks' illness.

Gen. James A. Varney, member of the Loyal Legion, Knights Templar and G. A. R., being Post Department Commander, and a member of the Oregon Board of Horticulture, died at Oakland, Ore., of paralysis.

M. D. Garlington died yesterday at Dallas in his 66th year, leaving an estate valued at $1,000,000.

Dr. J. S. Richardson, ex-Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives, died suddenly at Bloomfield. He had been in poor health for months.

Domestic Trouble and Rough on Rats.

GREENUP, Ill., Sept. 24.—Mrs. Lucy McMasters committed suicide last night at Jewett by taking Rough on Rats. She was 20 years old and had been married a year. Domestic trouble was the cause.

SEEKING A HABIT.

Irrepressible John Thomas Brady Is Again Under Arrest.

HE ADDS ANOTHER TO HIS LONG RECORD OF INCARCERATIONS.

This Time He Was Posing as a Champion and Defender of the Fair Name of Sergt. Boyd, and Got Pinched for It—Police News.

They say that the pens in the police stations will now write the name of John Thomas Brady of their own accord if a policeman will only hold them over the books.

He was arrested yesterday morning about 8 o'clock on Sixth and Elm streets by Officer Madden of the Central District, and he was playing the unique roll of a defender of the police.

The arrest was made at the instance of W. D. Woodward, a very gentlemanly young man.

The complainant accused Brady of having assaulted him, and showed the signs of a beating on his face.

The trouble grew out of an alleged insult offered, it is said, by young Woodward and his companions to the police and to Sergt. Tom Boyd of the Central District personally.

It occurred on Broadway, near the Southern Hotel; early yesterday morning, in the neighborhood of 1 o'clock, Officer Doyle of the Central District discovered two men in the act of burglarizing the Columbia Distilling Co's. saloon on Walnut between Broadway and Sixth street. The men had gained entrance to the saloon, and had packed up some liquors and cigars when they became aware of the officer's approach. They fled, and in the chase Officer Doyle fired several shots after the fugitives. The shooting had the effect of attracting a large crowd, and Sergt. Boyd and Officer Maher were among them.

The throng increased a few moments later when Officer Doyle returned north on Broadway with a man named Wm. Peters, one of the alleged burglars, in custody. On the way Sergt. Boyd and Officer Maher found it necessary to prevent the crowd pressing too close on the officer and prisoner and pushed several young men back several times.

After the prisoner had been carted to the Four Courts, however, some of the crowd still stood around, and among them were Attorney Wm. McNamara and John Thomas Brady. A number of well-dressed young men who were returning from the scene of the excitement were speaking disparagingly of the police and their disapproval of their effectiveness was given vent to in the form of vile names.

Among the critics, it is said, was Woodward. Upon this more than a personal allusion to Sergt. Boyd, McNamara and Brady, who were close by and claim to have overheard the alleged remark, stepped up to Woodward and told him that Boyd was their friend. Woodward repeated the remark and then he was assaulted and beaten. As to whether McNamara or Brady or both assaulted Woodward is not known further than Mr. Woodward's statement.

After the assault, in fact, several hours later, Mr. Woodward complained to the Chief of Police and caused the arrest of Brady. To-day the case against Brady was continued until Oct. 3.

Seven-Up Jim's Shell Game.

A warrant was issued to-day against James Leary, alias Seven-Up Jim, charging him with the larceny of $45 from George McClung, a real estate man, at 15 North Seventh street. McClung was coming across the river about 5:30 p. m. last Saturday on a ferryboat which lands at the foot of Spruce street and Levy. It is alleged, was running a shell game on the boat. McClung bet on the game, he states, and lost $45. Leary was arrested on suspicion of being implicated in cutting Alonzo Seymour, barkeeper at Charley Life's saloon at Sixth street and Clark avenue, early yesterday morning. Matt Kelly, John Daly and James Quinn were arrested yesterday on suspicion of being connected with Leary in the shell game, but warrants were refused against them, and they will be sent to the police court.

Leary is the man who was shot by Jim Butler in a resort last Christmas eve.

But O'Donnell Ate the Chickens.

John O'Donnell, a young man with a large appetite and considerable pugilistic talent, last night walked up to the lunch stand kept by Edward Leskley on Ninth and Market streets and after surrounding five chicken sandwiches concluded he would would take his departure. Mr. Leskley stopped this game, however, and attempted likewise to stop O'Donnell. The latter showed fight, and when Officer Clifford of the Central District reached the scene both combatants were giving and taking some rather stiff blows. They were gathered in and taken to the Four Courts, where both of them spent the night.

A New Offense.

John Daily, alias English John, was arrested by Detectives Dotzman and Kelleher last night on general principles. Dailey is an ex-convict, and when searched at the Four Courts last evening a loaded revolver was found in his possession. Daily served five years for burglary at the Lansing (Kan.) penitentiary. He, with Harry Decker, was arrested for burglary at Osage Mission, Kan. Decker escaped and was afterwards killed while trying to hold up a grocer at Chicago.

Thrown From a Buggy.

Matthew Gregg and Fred Beisman drove rapidly over the Twelfth street bridge in a buggy last night at 11 o'clock and in front of 120 South Twelfth street, the vehicle overturned. The occupants were thrown to the street, but escaped injury. They were intoxicated and were locked up by Officer Ryan of the Central District. The horse continued north on Twelfth street.

A Row in Colored Circles.

Carrie Stevenson, colored, of 615 Spruce street had a warrant charging malicious destruction of property issued to-day against Annie Buchanan, also colored, living at Twelfth and Poplar streets. Carrie Stevenson alleges that Annie Buchanan went to her room yesterday during her absence and broke up her furniture.

Cigarettes Did It.

Eugene Lawlor, charged with burglary and larceny, pleaded guilty in the Criminal Court to-day to petit larceny, and was sentenced to six months in the Work-house. He was charged with stealing $70 worth of cigars and cigarettes from Louis Schurz, a druggist at 3201 Olive street, on June 4 last.

RECEIVER WALKER.

He Will Control the Affairs of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—In the United States District Court to-day Judge Lacombe formally appointed A. F. Walker receiver of the affairs of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, at the behest of the organized committee. The resignation of J. W. Reinhart as receiver was also formally accepted.

Died of Lockjaw.

Mrs. Catherine Allen, a widow, 65 years old, died last Saturday morning at her late home, 1416 North Seventeenth street, from the effects of lockjaw. Several days ago, while passing through her yard, she stepped on a nail, which pierced the foot. The injury was closely attended by Dr. F. D. Mooney, but tetanus set in three days later and caused the patient's death.

Court of Appeals Docket.

The docket for the October term of the St. Louis Court of Appeals has been completed and issued in pamphlet form for the convenience of attorneys. The regular term of court begins on the first Monday in October.

SEEKING INFORMATION.

Nashville Visitors Discuss Electric Railroad Systems and Politics.

Gen. W. H. Jackson, Capt. T. M. Steger and Messrs. Nathaniel and Jere Baxter of Nashville, Tenn., are at the Southern. Gen. Jackson is President and Capt. Steger is Vice-President of the company which has purchased the seventy-seven miles of electric street railroad at Nashville. They are here to inspect the St. Louis systems for the purpose of improving that at Nashville. Hon. Jere Baxter and his brother, Nathaniel Baxter, are negotiating for capital with which to complete the Tennessee Midland Railroad from Perryville to Nashville and on to Knoxville. The party represent the most wide-awake element of Middle Tennessee, belonging distinctly to the new South. Nathaniel Baxter is President of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Co. and is also interested with Gen. Jackson and Inman, Swan & Co. of New York in the street railroad system of Nashville.

Gen. Jackson and Capt. Steger will probably return to Nashville to-morrow or Wednesday. They came here because they considered the electric street railways of St. Louis superior to those of any city in the world.

Gen. Jackson is one of the most influential men in the Democratic party of Tennessee. He said this morning that he believed Gov. Turney, the entire State ticket and the Democratic candidates from the usually Democratic districts would be re-elected without any difficulty and with undiminished majorities.

"Alf Taylor, Republican, will be returned from the First (East Tennessee) District, I presume," he said, "and it looks like either John C. Hook or Chancellor Henry R. Gibson will be the Representative from the Knoxville District. I think the Democrats would have had a good fighting chance if they had put out a candidate. This they have hitherto neglected to do. Chancellor Gibson was turned down by the State and National Republican Committee in his contest with Hauk, and is running as an independent Republican. Feeling runs high, and I cannot understand why a Democrat was not nominated this year.

"In the Chattanooga District Representative Snodgrass has an able opponent in Foster B. Brown, the Republican candidate. This is the old district of H. Clay Evans, Republican candida e for Governor, and was long Republican. The contest may be close there, as Brown has a strong personal following.

Speaking of the Tennessee Midland Railroad, which was projected to run diagonally from Memphis to Knoxville, and which was completed only to Perryville, beyond Jackson, Tenn., Gen. Jackson said:

"This road means a great deal to Tennessee and to Nashville. Owing to its peculiar geographical location and geological formation no road now runs the length of the State. The consequence is its division into somewhat discordant sections, socially and politically, and the dependence of the three sections too much upon cities in other States. The road has long been the dream of all the lovers of the State. The only opposition is from the powerful Louisville & Nashville. The result is that Nashville, though a thriving, growing, conservative and wealthy city, has not prospered as she should.

"The road would mean a great deal for St. Louis, too, for it would open up a big section of country to St. Louis merchants.

"I think the road will be built. It has strong backing in Underwood, Green & Co. of Chicago, I believe."

Hon. Jere Baxter was asked about the progress of his negotiations. He said they were not yet ripe for publication. A representative of Underwood, Green & Co., is also in the city.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Twenty-eighth Annual Meeting of the American Association.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Sept. 24.—The twenty-second annual meeting of the American Public Health Association convened to-day.

Among its members are Surgeon-General George M. Sternberg, who was its President; Dr. J. N. McCormack of Bowling Green, Ky., now its Vice-President; Medical Director Albert E. Gihon, Dr. Robert Gazol, Dr. M. Cirmona Y. Valle of Mexico. It is perhaps the most notable sanitary organization in the world, as it embraces every society of its kind in North America. Its last meeting was held in Chicago. Two years ago it met in the City of Mexico, together with the Pan-American Medical Association.

The Government of the United States has deputed Maj. Charles H. Smart to represent it, in addition to Gens. Sternberg and Gihon. The arrangements for the entertainment of the delegates are complete and the principal events will be the reception and banquet. All the local arrangements are in charge of Dr. Edgar Pelletier.

FOUND.

A Western Farmer Politician Supposed to Have Been Murdered.

SPOKANE, Wis., Sept. 24.—Charles F. Gloystein, a farmer of Mica, a village in Spokane County, who disappeared July 31 last, has been found by the Sheriff of Spokane at Grants, Ore., at work with a thresher outfit. The disappearance of Gloystein caused a big sensation in this State. It was claimed that he had been murdered by political enemies, and the failure to find him gave color to the theory. Gloystein was a Republican and active partisan. He had incurred the enmity of some of his neighbors, who, it is said, were members of the Freeman's Protective Silver Federation, a Populist organization. So bitter was the feeling against Gloystein that he was hung in effigy several weeks previous to his disappearance. The natural presumption when he disappeared was that he had been murdered, and a great hue and cry arose. Gov. McGraw offered a reward of $500 for the arrest of the murderers, and the sheriff and several posses were actively engaged in searching the surrounding country. No trace of Gloystein could be found, and there were no clews. The Sheriff received information a few days ago which prompted a trip to Grants, Ore., and there he found the missing man working as a farm laborer.

Gloystein, when he deserted, left his wife in destitute circumstances. He refuses to return, alleging his life is in danger.

Second District Cases.

Robert Heusel was fined $5 by Judge Paxson this morning for quarreling with Wm. Vahrenhorst in front of a saloon at Fifteenth and Montgomery streets about 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Officer McClelland arrested both men.

Jim Ferguson, Tom Hyde and Jim Hyde were fined $5 each for fighting Saturday night in Beste's saloon at Seventeenth and Franklin avenue. Ferguson claimed the Hydes pounced on him and beat him for nothing, and the Hydes alleged that Ferguson attacked them with a knife. Officer Cronin arrested the trio.

William Lanigan, Frank Toliver and Mrs. Mary Brown were fined $10 each for disturbing the peace of John McCarthy of 1215 North Ninth street by raising a racket Saturday night at 1213 North Ninth street.

Peter Ulrich was taxed $5 for quarreling with a man named Roeder, who keeps a saloon at Eighteenth and North Market streets at his place of business last night.

Anton Rotosky of 1427 North Sixth street was arrested by Officers Ford and Liebing of the Third District last night on complaint of his wife, Julia Rotosky. In the Second District Police Court this morning the case was continued.

The name of Andrew Lucosky, who lives in the same neighborhood, was also on the docket, charged with disturbing the peace of Pauline Lucosky, but the case was dismissed for want of prosecution.

Shoe Strike Ended.

The strike of Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co.'s employes seems to have ended in the complete defeat of the strikers. There have been no accessions to their ranks for about ten days, and the company has experienced no difficulty in securing men to fill all vacant places.

Beat a Chicago Man.

Pat Crimmins and Mike Fitzgerald, laborers, who live in this city, had a fight with two men from Chicago at Third and Franklin avenue yesterday morning, and Crimmins and one of the Chicago men were badly beaten. Judge Paxson decided that the locals were the aggressors, and fined them each $5.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething gives quiet helpful rest. 25c bot.

EMMA LEON.

The Woman Who Killed Sebastian Wenzel a Raving Maniac.

STRAPPED TO A COT IN THE CITY HOSPITAL.

She Expresses No Sorrow for Her Crime, but Admits That It Was Goff She Wanted to Shoot—It Is Probable That She Will Never Be Brought to Trial as She Is Insane.

An insane murderess named Emma Leon lies strapped to her cot at the City Hospital. She is the woman who killed Sebastian Wenzel, yet in her jealous ravings there is no trace of any sorrow for the terrible crime that she committed. Wenzel was a baker, who had only been in the city a few days, and who found it hard work to support his wife and family.

Mrs. Leon, when she was taken to the City Hospital yesterday, was rational and during the interval she told Dr. Heine Marks that it had not been her intention to kill Wenzel at all, but that she did want to kill a man named Goff because he had choked her at a dance and he had threatened to break her neck. When she saw Wenzel coming from the house she thought that he was Goff. Wenzel had a mustache and Goff had none, but the woman, with a mistaken cunning born of jealousy and hatred, imagined that Goff had put on a false mustache to conceal his identity from her. She did not wait to investigate farther, but shot at the man. The bullet penetrated the kidneys and yesterday Wenzel died. His wife was at his bedside. The poor woman believes that she is the victim of some ill-fortune which has pursued herself and husband for years. Accident after accident has happened to the Wenzel family, but the climax was when the husband and father was shot by a woman to whom he had never spoken a word more than "good morning."

PECULIAR INSANITY.

The species of insanity with which Mrs. Leon is afflicted is peculiar. She does not exhibit the symptoms that demented persons who have committed some desperate act are apt to show.

The murderess is a handsome woman. She is about 26 years of age, with regular features and jet black hair and eyes. Her somewhat pale complexion is relieved by cheeks the color of a peach and as she tosses to and fro on her cot, she looks anything but a murderess and an insane one at that. She has not said a word to the attendant nor to Dr. Marks since yesterday, but keeps staring at the wall as though she saw upon it the picture of the tragedy of which she was the cause. She is now in that state of lunacy known as melancholia. Dr. Marks says that she is apt to become violent at any time. He thinks that she is incurably insane and that she will never be put on trial for her crime because she was not mentally responsible for what she did.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF.

From Among Officers Who Have Been Acting as Indian Agents.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24.—There are now pending in the Interior Department quite a number of cases where army officers have been serving as Indian agents whose applications are on file asking to be relieved from their present positions. There are any number of men who are ready and anxious to take their places. It is probable that upon the return of Secretary Smith quite a number of cases will be prepared and sent to the President naming civilians as successors of several army officers. There are, however, many applications on file by army officers who ask to be appointed to Indian agents. It is probable that some of these may be selected. The Indian authorities are satisfied that the Indian service taken as a whole is neither improved nor injured by the appointment of army officers as Indian agents. In some instances the work has been performed better by army officers, and in others not as well. It depending upon the character of the man and not upon his military or civil life. It is believed that the impression has gained ground in official circles that upon the whole the experiment of making army officers Indian agents has not proved a success, and that both the Interior and War Departments would prefer to have other arrangements, and that the Indians themselves would be fully as well satisfied with civilians.

"The Indians are no longer warlike," said an officer of the War Department, "and we can control them by civilians well as by military agents. To some officers the duty of Indian agent is extremely distasteful, while others are anxious to serve in that capacity. It is often found that the former class are efficient, while the latter are the kind of men we don't want. Good business men, who are clear-headed and have discretion will make good Indian agents. Plenty of such men can be found outside of the army."

An army officer discussing the subject of officers as Indian agents, says there are many officers who are very much opposed to details as Indian agents, because they do not have the opportunity to keep themselves in complete military training and ready for examinations for promotions when ordered. There are others, he says, who have become disappointed in the service and are eager to accept positions which separate them from the active army life.

It is quite probable that most of the vacancies occurring by the retirement of army officers as Indian agents will be filled by the appointment of civilians.

Thousands of Acres Involved.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24.—There is still pending in the Interior Department unsettled over 90,000 acres of lands granted to railroads and wagon roads many years ago. There are various reasons why these lands have not been patented in the various companies, the chief of which is that the lands have not all been surveyed. Yet there are vast quantities of surveyed lands which are still unpatented. In the past four years about 10,000,000 of acres have been passed to patent to the companies claiming them. At present there are in course of examination in the General Land Office a great many lists of lands which will no doubt be patented in a short time. Commissioner Lamoreaux believes that all grants where there can be no question as to the right of the company to the land should be passed to patent at as early a date as possible, and it is understood that Secretary Smith is also of the opinion that it would be well to have these unquestioned selections of grants patented and thereby disposed of. The records show that during the fiscal year ending June 30, not much more than 500,000 acres were patented in railroad grants, while in previous years the amounts have been larger, reaching 5,000,000 acres in 1891 and 2,000,000 in 1892 and nearly 2,000,000 in 1893. With the mineral land difficulty settled and the proposition for the survey of railroad lands as fast as the companies desire there is a possibility of large increases in the amounts passed to patent in the next few years.

Ezeta at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24.—If Gen. Ezeta's object in coming to Washington is, as reported, to intervene in behalf of Col. Clenfugos, who was held by Judge Morrow for extradition on a charge of murder, his visit is likely to prove fruitless. While the Secretary of State is not absolutely bound to grant extradition paper by the action of a United States Commissioner or Court, his power to revise their findings is rarely exercised and only in cases where a very strong case is made out for the accused, or new evidence is presented. The hearing before Judge Morrow is regarded as having been very full and fair and it is extremely improbable that anything Gen. Ezeta can adduce will move the State Department to refuse Clenfugo's extradition.

V. P. BALL.
Men's Pat. Leather,
latest styles for men.
Brolasti.
208 North Broadway.

IN THE POLICE COURTS.

A Monday Morning Batch of Yarns From Habitual Offenders.

Con O'Leary, a well-known "Butchertown" character, was up before Judge Paxson this morning, as he had often been before, on a charge of disturbing the peace, Mrs. Evans of 4000 Easton avenue was the prosecuting witness. Her husband keeps a grocery and saloon at that number. Saturday night he went to a lodge meeting, leaving her in charge of the store.

About 8 o'clock, she said, O'Leary came in and wanted a drink. She told him he could not get any liquor in her place, as he had been ordered out before and his patronage was not desired. This angered O'Leary, Mrs. Evans said, and he applied to her a string of vile and profane epithets, whereupon she had Officers Thompson and Hanks of the Sixth District arrest him. O'Leary, however, tells a somewhat different story. He admitted asking for a drink and being refused the beverage but denied that he had said one word back to Mrs. Evans.

"When she wouldn't gimme a drink," said he, "I started out. As I was passin' true de door I heard a shot and a bullet whizzed past me. Den when I turned around I saw Mrs. Evans wid a gun in her hand a poppin' away at me. I dodged free or four more bullets she fired at me and den I ran out an' de policeman grabbed me by de neck. Dat's all dere was to it. I didn't do nuttin a 'tall. It's ridiculous to charge me wid disturbin' her peace."

The officers admit that Mrs. Evans fired at O'Leary, but give that worthy a very bad name. He had his case continued to to-morrow morning.

Beaten and Robbed.

Albert Toomey, Joe Hogan and Al Martin, three tough looking young men, were each fined $100 by Judge Morris this morning on the charge of disturbing the peace of George Fleischman. The complainant presented a badly battered countenance when he took the stand, both his eyes being discolored, and his face covered with cuts. In reality the charge against the defendants should have been highway robbery. Last evening Fleischman was in August Fuch's saloon, at the northeast corner of Third and Valentine streets. He is a boarder at Fuch's establishment. He happened into the yard in the rear of the saloon, and while back there in the dark was attacked by three men, one of whom choked him while the second dealt him blows in the face and the other rifled his pockets of $3.85. Officer Hoffman of the Central District happened by the saloon in time to see two men run out of the place followed by Fleischman. On the latter's complaint the officer arrested them and then went into the yard where Fleishman pointed out the third assailant. The trio were positively identified by the complainant and were then lodged in the Four Courts. Each of them denied the charge.

Bang! 'Nah!

John Herbert, who claims to be a saloonkeeper at 29 South Main street, was passing the Four Courts on Clark avenue in a cab this morning at 1 o'clock, when he was seized with a desire to discharge his revolver. He fired one shot, it is said, and caused great commotion in the Four Courts. Officer Borden, who was in the police station, gave chase to the cab, and Officer Ryan ran east from Fourteenth street. At Thirteenth and Clark avenue the vehicle was stopped and Herbst was taken into custody. The revolver, a 45-caliber British bull dog, was found in the cab. Herbst was slightly under the influence of liquor. When called for trial this morning on the charge of discharging firearms a continuance was granted until Sept. 28.

GROWING WORSE.

Kaffir Tribes in Morocco Becoming More Obstreperous.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Advices received here from Tangier say that Kaffirs in Morocco are growing worse. The Jews, while on their way to the markets, are continually plundered and stripped of their clothing and on the principal roads an imperial tax of £5 is demanded for free passage.

The Erchamna tribe is demanding the immediate release of Mulay Mohammed, the oldest son of the late Sultan Mulay Hassen. Mulay Mohammed was proclaimed Sultan early in September in spite of the fact that his younger brother, Abdul Asiz, had previously been proclaimed Sultan and recognized as such at Fez, the seat of the present government of Morocco. Mulay Mohammed, however, had previously been imprisoned at Narakesh by order of his brother, the Sultan, and was compelled to sign an act of adhesion to Abdulan Asiz. The position of the latter had been secured by his being recognized as Sultan by the powerful Sheref of Wazan. In addition to demanding the release of Mulay Mohammed, the Erchamna tribe is demanding the immediate release of all the other political prisoners now in confinement at Morocco City. If their demands are not granted, the tribesmen mentioned threaten to attack and plunder Morocco City.

A BARONESS IN TROUBLE.

Burdett-Coutts at Outs With the London Painters' Trade Society.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The correspondence between Baroness Burdett-Coutts and the Secretary of the London Painters' Trade Society has been published, and is attracting great attention and comment. The secretary wrote that a complaint had been lodged against the Baroness for allowing her stablemen at Brookfield to paint the stables instead of employing union painters to do the work. The Baroness, in a spirited reply, after pointing out that Brookfield is the property of her husband, denounces the "monstrous" and intolerable oppression which the union claims to have the right to practice and which would deprive every workman of the right to work out his own advancement by his own energy and rob him of the birthright of personal liberty.

The newspapers generally denounce the action of the union and point out the services of the Baroness to the working people and how she has spent many years of her life and a large part of her great fortune in their interests.

S. D. WHITE RETURNS.

Queer Action of a Former Well-Known Omaha Contractor.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 24.—S. D. White, a former well-known contractor of Omaha, solved a mystery last night by returning to this city after an absence of four years, during which time he has been searched for by the detectives of this and other cities. He had been given up as dead by his friends and relatives. The case is a most remarkable one. On July 30, 1890, White packed a small grip and told his landlady that he was going to drive to Bellevue. He never returned to his boarding place. When he disappeared he was known to have had a large sum of money on his person. He had collected cash on several big contracts and had at least $1,000 in currency with him on the day he started for his drive. This fact led to all sorts of rumors. He had had trouble at Courtland Beach on the occasion of a visit there with some toughs and it was thought by some of his friends that he had met the gang again and had been murdered. The strongest argument against this theory was the failure of all investigation and search to locate White's horse and buggy. He drove a handsome blooded horse with a fine buggy and no trace of them could be obtained. Large sums were spent by his relatives in searching for him, and he was finally given up for dead.

Asked about his reasons for leaving Omaha his answers to queries were strange, although undoubtedly true, as was his disappearance. White says he had no idea whatever of leaving when he started on his drive. It suddenly occurred to him to try a unique experiment and drive across the country to Washington. This he did, regardless of the fact that his many big contracts in Omaha were going to wreck in the meantime. He lost by this means $100,000. He says he went to Washington and has just returned. His immense fortune is now gone. He is believed to be demented.

Some Facts!

It is a fact that Clothing is cheap. We mean *good* Clothing. The proofs of this are abundant all through our store. You will be surprised at the low prices we are putting on our

Fine, Fashionable, Fall Tailor-Made Suits and Overcoats.

And our . . .

Goods are all new.
No back numbers.
No old styles.
No short coats.

New, Elegant Styles.

Woolen goods are cheaper than they have been in thirty years—and no merchants can make as low prices on their old stock as we make on our

Browning, King & Co.,
Broadway and Pine.

POURING IN.

Delegates and Boomers Preparing for the Saratoga Democratic Convention.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Fine weather greeted the Democratic delegates and boomers this morning. The politicians have been arriving in small batches ever since Saturday, but the majority are not yet on the ground.

The principal work of the leaders who are here has been to confer with the leaders of the Unitarian National gathering and attempt to come to an amicable arrangement in regard to the use of the convention hall. The Unitarians claim the hall belongs to them by priority of engagement, and Lieut.-Gov. Sheehan and Mayor Gilroy, while acknowledging that fact, are trying to get them to withdraw to the Town Hall for Tuesday and Wednesday. The Unitarian people finally compromised. They will give up the hall to-morrow from 12 noon until 6 o'clock in the evening. On Wednesday at 11 o'clock the Democrats will convene at the old Casino, where Gov. Flower was nominated, and finish what business remains. The refusal of the Unitarians to accept the offer of a church made them will cause the greatest confusion. The newspaper and press associations will suffer much by this, as there are no wires at the Casino.

In some places to-day it is held that Judge Gaynor's boom for Governor is not in as good shape as it was up to last night, one leader saying: "The name of Judge Gaynor is not upon and will not be upon the proposed slate and the Cook, Thacher and Lockwood delegates will be allowed to go into the convention and present their candidates' names, so as to break up the vote on the first ballot. Then the state candidate will be nominated by acclamation." The Judge's friends, however, express confidence that he will be nomidatrd.

TAMMANY TIGERS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Over 1,000 Tammany braves assembled at the Grand Central Depot this morning, where several trains of drawing-room cars were in readiness to convey them to Saratoga. The braves were resplendent in their war paint, but looked peaceful and happy. The delegates and alternates numbered less than 200, but with their friends, who accompanied them, five times the number of tigers will represent Tammany at the Democratic Convention.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS

Given Permission to Accompany the Military Forces of Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—The steamer Rio Janeiro arrived here to-day from Hong Kong and Yokohama, bringing advices to Sept. 9, one day later than advices which were received from Victoria Saturday night last.

The Foreign Department of Japan has given notice that duly accredited newspaper correspondents may hereafter accompany the military forces of the Empire, and will receive all consideration that can reasonably be given by commanders of troops.

The work of strengthening the defenses along the Chinese coast is continued, mainly by posting floating batteries at points of supposed danger. The trophies captured at Kong Hwan and Asan will soon be exhibited in Tokio. The collection is large and various, consisting of over fifty battle flags, arms of all descriptions, an immense quantity of clothing, personal adornments and musical instruments.

The New Assessor.

Louis Grund, the newly appointed Assessor and Collector of Water Rates, took charge of the water rates office to-day. Mr. Grund said that he expected to familiarize himself with his duties within a few days.

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pine.
The weather to-day: Fair; cool.

Rev. M. J. Savage.

TO-DAY the National Conference of the Unitarian Church of America, opens at Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

The attendance is very large, especially from the New England States, where this denomination continues now as in the past to have its greatest strength. The principal address of the meeting will be delivered by Dr. J. Minot Savage, of Boston.

The man who comes to us for his wearing apparel will ever be on a level with the tailor's customer and never be taken for a Savage.

See our Men's new Fall Suits at $15, $18, $20, $25, $28 and $30. Overgarments at prices from $10 to $60.

See our Men's Fall Style Derby Hats at $1.90.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

Moves When The Foot Moves

—that's
Selz Royal Blue Men's $4.00 Shoe
(Manufactured by Selz, Schwab & Co.)
for you. It's made from soft, elastic leather that can't cramp the toes.

It's handsome and durable as well.

Selz Royal Blue Shoe sold by
The Famous

SOUVENIRS THIS WEEK
To Every Purchaser.
G. H. BOEHMER, SHOES,
613-615 Olive St., next to Barr's.

PROGRESS IN SWEDEN.

Street Railway Systems Ordered by a Chicago Company.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 24.—Secretary of the Swedish Norwegian Consulate in Chicago writes to the Swedish Exporting Society that Swedish cables for street railroads and other works are attracting considerable attention in the United States. To this report may be added that Charles T. Yerkes, the street railroad magnate of Chicago, has just ordered a cable 14,000 feet long, to be manufactured in Sweden. Another thing which is probably not generally known in America is that the United States War Department contemplates ordering Swedish sword blades to be used in the United States army. The Government of the United States has at least made inquiries in regard to their cost. Private societies and fencing clubs in America have already sent in several orders.

Among the prominent Americans visiting Stockholm at present are J. B. Prevor of Cincinnati, and Engineer Sullivan Sorthon of Grand Rapids, Mich. Mr. Sorthon, was some time ago connected with the Pullman Palace Car Co., and was also one of the constructing engineers of the Panama Canal Co.

The ship building industry has again begun to flourish in King Oscar's domain. Although Swedish built vessels scarcely differ from those built in other countries, this does not imply that no new inventions in ship building and kindred industries are originated or tried in Sweden. On the contrary, tank steamers for carrying petroleum in bulk were built in Sweden at the Motala company's yards for Russian owners, long before the first patent on this kind of vessel was applied for in England or America, and a number of essential improvements in marine machinery and appliances have originated in Sweden. The small and open passenger steam launches now running in every direction on the waters of Stockholm, alone numbering about seventy, were first built and engineered in Sweden and have now been adopted in several foreign places